#### Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of Bob Allpress

State of Nebraska	)
	) ss.
Keya Paha County	)

#### 1 **Q:** Please state your name.

- 2 A: My name is Bob Allpress. I am a member of Allpress Brothers, LLC.
- 3 Q: Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
  4 regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
  5 XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?

6 A: Yes, I am.

Q: Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
Keystone XL pipeline?

- 10 A: Yes, I do and it is located in Keya Paha County.
- Q: Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
   photo(s) of your land in question here with the area of the proposed KXL
   pipeline depicted?

14 A: Yes.

- 15 Q: What do you do for a living?
- 16 A: Rancher.

1 If you are you married tell us your spouse's name please? **Q**: 2 A: Nancy Allpress. 3 If you have grandchildren how many do you have? **O**: 4 A: We have three grandsons. 5 **Q**: Is Attachment No. 2 to this sworn statement a copy(ies) of picture(s) of you 6 and or your family? 7 A. Yes. 8 **Q**: For the land that would be affected and impacted by the proposed KXL tar 9 sands pipeline give the Commissioners a sense how long the land has been in 10 your family and a little history of the land. 11 A: Allpress Brothers' LLC is a family owned ranch between myself and my two 12 brothers. Our property was homesteaded by the Allpress family in 1886. This 13 makes it one of the oldest, if not oldest, continuously owned homestead, by one 14 family, in Keya Paha County. Currently, my wife and I are the only partners living 15 full time on the ranch. 16 **Q**: Do you earn any income from this land? 17 A: Yes. 18 **Q**: Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood 19 or the livelihood of your family? 20 A: Yes. 21 Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all **O**: 22 or a portion of your land in question here? 23 A: Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective 24 tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and 25 all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching 26 operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking 27 to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I 28 would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same 29 way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or
 mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to
 Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a
 pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.

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#### Q: Do you have similar concerns about selling the land?

A: Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you
never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece
of ground similar to mine was for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine
did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline
ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes.

11 Q: What is your intent with your land after you die?

- A: Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stay in the family for years
  to come and that it passes to our three grandsons but I have thought about getting
  out if this risky pipeline were to come through.
- Q: Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL
  Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you?
- 17 A: Yes.

## 18 Q: When you first learned about this possibility what did you think and what did 19 you do next?

20 A: When we first heard that the KXL pipeline was rerouted and would now cross our 21 property, we went to TransCanada's seminars with an open mind and our concerns. 22 At the first meeting, we expressed our concerns of location of route, as they were 23 not aware of our ranch house, buildings, and five (5) potable water wells. Also 24 explained to them was the unstable terrain, continually shifting river course, and 25 endangered species that exist on the proposed route. When we received no follow 26 up response, we went to their second seminar to get more answers and reiterate 27 our concerns. We left the seminar realizing they were willing to take our concerns 28 into consideration, only if we signed a survey easement. At this point, we knew 29 they did not care about our issues. Their only concern was to secure easements.

1 2 This is where they told us that if we didn't sign their easement offers, they would go to eminent domain lawsuits to secure the route.

**3 Q: What happened next?** 

4 A: Shortly after the last meeting, we spotted strange trucks on the neighbors land and 5 close to our property line. When we approached them, we saw a couple of guys 6 with surveying equipment at our fence, and 3 others, including a man who turned 7 out to be the crew supervisor, exploring an early 1900s abandoned schoolhouse, 8 that was well off the route they were surveying. The supervisor came to the fence 9 line with an apparent attitude. He demanded to know who we were. We told him 10 and informed him that he and his crew had no permission to cross the fence survey 11 on our land. His insolent attitude continued through the conversation. We ended 12 the meeting by enforcing our position by telling them that if we found them on 13 their property, the Keya Paha County sheriff would be called and they would be arrested. 14

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#### Q: Did you attend any other related meetings that stand out to you?

A: At a later date that year, we attended a "Road Haul" agreement meeting between TransCanada and the Keya Paha County commissioners. We were sitting next to Mark Johnson, TransCanada's construction representative. When my wife told him that she did not want the pipeline on our property and that she would be able to see the desecration less than 200 yards away out her kitchen window, he flippantly told her that was good, as she would be able to make lunch for the construction workers.

Q: Were you or an entity for which you are a member, shareholder, or director
previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP?

- A: Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a
  petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline
  within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.
- 28 Q: Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?

1	A:	Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees
2		and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.
3	Q:	Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees
4		incurred?
5	A:	No, they have not.
6	Q:	In its lawsuit against you, did TransCanada identify the amount of your
7		property that it wanted to take for its proposed pipeline?
8	A:	The lawsuit against us stated they would take the amount of property that is
9		reasonably necessary to lay, relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant
10		and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline.
11	Q:	Did TransCanada define what they meant by "property that is reasonably
12		necessary"?
13	A:	No, they did not.
14	Q:	Did TransCanada in its lawsuit against you, identify the eminent domain
15		property portion of your land?
16	A:	Yes, they did.
17	Q:	Did TransCanada describe what rights it proposed to take related to the
18		eminent domain property on your land?
19	A:	Yes, they did.
20	Q:	What rights that they proposed to take did they describe?
21	A:	TransCanada stated that the eminent domain property will be used to "lay, relay,
22		operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably
23		necessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying, laying,
24		constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering,
25		reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with all fittings,
26		cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equipment and
27		appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hydrocarbon,
28		petroleum products, and all by-products thereof."

Q: Prior to filing an eminent domain lawsuit to take your land that
 TransCanada identified, do you believe they attempted to negotiate in good
 faith with you?

4 A: No, I do not.

5 Q: Did TransCanada at any time approach you with or deliver to you their 6 proposed easement and right-of-way agreement?

7 A: Yes, they did.

- 8 Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way
  9 agreement, did you understand that they would be purchasing a fee title
  10 interest in your property or that they were taking something else?
- 11 A: I understood that they proposed to have the power to take both a temporary 12 construction easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a 13 permanent easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and 14 that would run the entire portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline 15 would enter my property until where it would exit the property.
- Q: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 3, a
   true and accurate copy of TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of Way agreement that they included with their condemnation lawsuit against
   you?

20 A: Yes, it is.

Q: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement
 and Right-of-Way agreement?

A: Yes, I have.

## Q: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-ofWay agreement as proposed by TransCanada?

A: My understanding is that this is the document that will govern all of the rights and obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how
 they can use my land.

# Q: After reviewing TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way agreement do you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the language either included in the document or missing from the proposed document?

- A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and
  how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively
  impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and
  my state.
- 11Q:I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of12your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way13agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and14the terms of that contract, in your opinion, potentially negatively impacts you15and your land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and16let's work our way through it, okay?
- A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's proposed
  Easement and Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my
  property rights and my economic interests.
- 20 Q. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.
- A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will pay to compensate me for all of the known and unknown affects and all of the rights I am giving up and for all the things they get to do to my land and for what they will prevent me from doing on my land and they only will pay me one time at the signing of the easement agreement. That is a huge problem.
- 26 Q: Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.
- A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the
  landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so
  they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from

my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 1 2 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 3 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 4 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying 5 once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 6 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 7 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 8 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and 9 generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders 10 keep all that money and it never finds its way to Nebraska.

11

#### Q: What is your next concern?

12 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 13 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 14 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 15 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 16 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 17 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of the these partners or 18 the structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if 19 you would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 20 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited 21 liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general 22 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so 23 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but 24 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

## Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of over 275 miles of Nebraska land?

28 A: No.

1 **O**: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 2 percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for 3 approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through 4 Nebraska land?

5 A: No.

#### 6

#### **Q**: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land 7 and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter 8 A: 9 called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow the easement to 10 be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows what 11 that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This pipeline 12 would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest bidder 13 that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who may 14 buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto or 15 have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in the 16 future.

#### 17 **Q**: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece 18 of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

- 19 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.
- 20 **Q**: What's next?

#### 21 A: Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this 22 really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual 23 and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to. 24 Perpetual to me is like forever and that doesn't make sense.

- 25 Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you? **Q**:
- 26 A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any 27 data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this 28 29 pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have

a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for this specific kind of pipeline project.

7

**Q**:

#### Okay, what is your next concern?

A: The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says
"...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground
until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned
a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

## 15 Q: Now it looks like we are ready to go to the second page of the Easement is that right?

17 A: Yes.

#### 18 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

19 Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the A: 20 pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period 21 starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 22 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 23 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes 24 "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 25 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 26 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 27 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best 28 interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 29 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding

1 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 2 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is 3 expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials." 4 Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to 5 6 allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of 7 TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is not conducive to protection of property rights. 8

0 9

#### **Q:** Okay, what is your next concern?

10 A: Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially 11 reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 12 13 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 14 15 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 16 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by 17 Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 18 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. 19 20 However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 21 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 22 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 23 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 24 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 25 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 26 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 27 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 28 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 29 landowners to be treated that way.

### Q: Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this concern more real for you?

A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against
Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two
Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of
gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged
negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate
copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 4.

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#### 9 **Q:** What is your next concern with the Easement language?

10 A: Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as 11 they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with 12 TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 13 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 14 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 15 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 16 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that 17 TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 18 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 19 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains 20 all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to 21 them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 22 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes in 23 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 24 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 25 the removal of tress or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities 26 owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and 27 rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or 28 losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

29 Q: What is the next concern you have?

1 A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the 2 same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada. 3 TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 4 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 5 any appurtenances thereon of to the pipeline itself or to their access to the 6 Easement or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, 7 whether during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery..." Further, at TransCanada's sole discretion it 8 9 will retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement 10 11 Area. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the 12 protection of property rights or economic interest.

13 **O**:

#### Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

#### 19 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

20 A: Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase 21 "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 22 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 23 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 24 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 25 affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights. 26 A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in the 27 future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors 28 common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 29 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

#### 1 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

2 A: There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as 3 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably 4 possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 5 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize 6 costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 7 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 8 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 9 economic interest.

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#### Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

11 A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all 12 appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any 13 time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such 14 abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral 15 powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive to the 16 protection of property rights or economic interest.

#### 17 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

18 A: TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any 19 Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion. 20 Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative to their property in 21 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 22 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 23 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 24 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive 25 to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

#### 26 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner totransfer and be applicable to an future owner of the Land in question without the

ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiate any of the language in
 question to which it will be held to comply.

#### 3 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

4 A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the 5 Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at any time 6 to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a 7 third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in 8 place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such 9 change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property 10 rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement 11 thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement 12 owner.

#### 13 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms
that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say
so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in
TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined terms are as follows:

- i. "pipeline installation activities"
  - ii. "availability of labor and materials"
- 20 iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"
- 21 iv. "reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"
- v. "yield loss damages"
- vi. "diminution in the value of the property"
- 24 vii. "substantially same condition"
- 25 viii. "an actual or potential hazard"
- 26 ix. "efficient"

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- 27 x. "convenient"
- 28 xi. "endangered"
- 29 xii. "obstructed"

1		xiii. "injured"
2		xiv. "interfered with"
3		xv. "impaired"
4		xvi. "suitable crossings"
5		xvii. "where rock is encountered"
6		xviii. "as nearly as practicable"
7		xix. "pre-construction position"
8		xx. "pre-construction grade"
9		xxi. "various engineering factors"
10		Each one of these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement
11		could be problematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get
12		definition in further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the
13		Easement is drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a
14		particular situation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For
15		instance, "yield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out
16		exactly how the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front
17		end. I can't afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately,
18		the Landowner is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine
19		when rights related to them trigger and what the affects may be.
20	Q:	Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can
21		think of at this time?
22	A:	I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time of
23		my live testimony in August.
24	Q:	Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding
25		TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe
26		those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's

A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that wediscussed previously.

impact upon you and your land?

27

- Q: Did TransCanada ever offer you financial compensation for the rights that
   they sought to obtain in your land, and for what they sought to prevent you
   and any future land owner of your property from doing in the future?
- 4 A: Yes, we received an offer from them.
- 5 Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better 6 than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair, 7 compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar 8 sands pipeline could be located across your property?
- 9 A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just 10 offer for all the potential impacts and affects and the rights that I'm giving up, and 11 what I will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would 12 impact my property for ever and ever.
- Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
   wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
   across your property.

16 A: No, never.

Q: At any time did TransCanada present you with or request that you, as the
 owner of the land in question, sign and execute a document called, "Advanced
 Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?"

20 A: Yes, they did.

- Q: Is Attachment No. 5, to your testimony here, a true and accurate copy of the
  "Advanced Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?
- A: Yes, it is.
- 24 Q: What was your understanding of that document?
- A: When I read that document in the plain language of that document, it was my understanding that TransCanada was attempting to pay me a very small amount at that time in order for me to agree to give up my rights to be compensated from them in the future related to any damage or impact they may have upon my

- property "arising out of, in connection with, or alleged to resulted from
   construction or surveying over, under or on" my land.
- 3 Q: Did you ever sign that document?
- 4 A: No, I did not.
- 5 Q: Why not?

A; Because I do not believe that it is fair or just to try to get me to agree to a small
sum of money when I have no idea how bad the impacts or damages that they, or
their contractors, or subcontractors, or other agents or employees, may cause on
my land at any time in the future that resulted from the construction or surveying
or their activities upon my land.

#### 11 Q: When you reviewed this document, what did it make you feel?

A: I felt like it was simply another attempt for TransCanada to try to pay very little to
shield themselves against known and foreseeable impacts that their pipeline, and
the construction of it, would have upon my land. It made me feel that they knew it
was in their financial interest to pay me as little as possible to prevent me from
ever having the opportunity to seek fair compensation again, and that this must be
based upon their experience of unhappy landowners and situations in other places
where they have built pipelines.

## 19 Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you 20 thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land 21 was in your best interest?

22 A: No, they have not.

Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
 thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
 was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?

A: No, they have not.

- Q: Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
  Takings Clause?
- A: Yes, I am.

- Q: What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of
   an American citizens property?
- A: My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or fairly.

## Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?

9 A: No, they have not.

10 Q: Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State
11 of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL
12 Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?

- A: No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands are located to where the TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in Houston, Texas.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands,
   crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to
   ship in its pipeline?

A: No, it has not.

## Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

27 A: No, I do not.

1	Q:	Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
2		Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-
3		products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?
4	A:	No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.
5	Q:	Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
6		at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?
7	A:	Yes, I do.
8	Q:	Why do you pay property taxes on that land?
9	A:	Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the owner
10		of that property.
11	Q:	Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you
12		deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person
13		or company that pays property taxes?
14	A:	Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
15		just what you do.
16	Q:	Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
17		treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?
18	A:	No, of course not.
19	Q:	Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be
20		enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of
21		your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the
22		state of Nebraska?
23	A:	Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that
24		I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.
25	Q:	Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?
26	A:	Well, yes I have.
27	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life,
28		employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or

1 2 consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed one or more persons?

3 A: No, of course not.

Q: Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer
have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to
preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?

A: No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I
don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.

# 9 Q: Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major 10 crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the 11 state of Nebraska?

12 A: Yes, I have significant concerns. TransCanada representatives have made many 13 statements that have turned out to not be true, made threats and conducted coercion, and generally purveyed a condescending attitude towards the 14 15 landowners' during this whole event. I am aware of landowners being treated 16 unfairly or even bullied around and being made to feel scared that they did not 17 have any options but to sign whatever papers TransCanada told them they had to. I 18 am aware of folks being threatened that their land would be taken if they didn't 19 follow what TransCanada was saying. I am aware of tactics to get people to sign 20 easements that I don't believe have any place in Nebraska or anywhere such as 21 TransCanada or some outfit associated with it hiring a pastor or priest to pray with 22 landowners and convince them they should sign TransCanada's easement 23 agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows or widowers feeling they had 24 no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and they didn't know they could 25 fight or stand up for themselves. From a more practical standpoint, I am worried 26 that according to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada only 27 owns and operates one (1) major oil pipeline. They simply do not have the 28 experience with this type of pipeline and that scares me. There are others but that is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is
 refreshed I will share those with the Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

## 3 Q: Do you believe TransCanada's proposed method of compensation to you as a 4 landowner is reasonable or just?

5 A: No, I do not.

# 6 Q: Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this 7 proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of 8 future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed 9 easement and immediately surrounding areas?

10 A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of 11 structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I 12 would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being 13 blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in 14 regards to the pipeline.

15 Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

16 A: Well yes, of course.

#### 17 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

18 A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being used as of this moment, 19 and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain 20 ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any 21 potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future owner 22 may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska 23 potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years 24 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 25 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in 26 my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 27 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development 28 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 29 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the

- short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts
   may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity
   and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska.
- 4 Q: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed
  5 pipeline?

6 A: Yes, I do.

- 7 Q: What are some of those concerns?
- A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction,
  operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have
  a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the
  lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.

12

#### **Q:** Do you have other environmental concerns?

A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in
construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and
leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could
be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State.

Q: Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the
natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?

- A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the
   proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural
   resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline
   route.
- Q: Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline
  to the soil of your land, or land near you?
- A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing the soil composition and makeup as it has <del>and</del> naturally existed for thousands and

1 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 2 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 3 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow 4 whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 5 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the 6 same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed 7 pipeline.

## 8 Q: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline 9 upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?

10 A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of 11 the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the 12 groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline 13 route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and 14 simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at 15 unreasonable risk.

## 16 Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline 17 upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?

A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or
maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental
impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along
and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of
Nebraska.

# Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your land?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the wildlife and the plants, not only not only that are located on or can be found upon my land, but also near and along the proposed pipeline route. Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the
 fair market value of your land?

3 A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed 4 pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the 5 fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I 6 would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the 7 property. I do not believe, and certainly would not being willing to pay, the same 8 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 9 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to 10 realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest 11 asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 12 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they 13 would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon 14 my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties, 15 not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline 16 due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable 17 person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my 18 property's value.

## 19 Q: Have you ever seen the document that's marked as Attachment No. 6, to your 20 testimony?

21 A: Yes, I have.

22 Q: Where have you seen that before?

A: That is a map I think I first saw a couple years ago that shows the Keystone XL
 I-90 corridor alternate route of its proposed pipeline through Nebraska and I
 believe the portion of the alternative route in Nebraska essentially twins or
 parallels Keystone I.

Q: Do you believe that TransCanada's preferred route as found on page 5 of its
 Application, and as found on Attachment No. 7, here to your testimony, is in
 the public interest of Nebraska?

- 1 A: No, I do not.
- Q: Do you believe that the Keystone mainline alternative route as shown on
  Attachment No. 7 included with your testimony here is a major oil pipeline
  route that is in the public interest of Nebraska?

5 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe the I-90 corridor alternative route, specifically for the portion
of the proposed pipeline within Nebraska as found in Attachment No. 6 to
your testimony, is in the public interest of Nebraska?

9 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL
 Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the
 public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

13 A: No, I do not.

14 Q: Why do you hold that belief?

15 A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am 16 aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to 17 consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply 18 crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar 19 sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the 20 public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for 21 public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in 22 there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our 23 state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all 24 the negative impacts and concerns.

# Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction phase to Nebraska?

1 A: First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether 2 temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the 3 potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here 4 and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If 5 I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching 6 business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact 7 to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is 8 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 9 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all 10 jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with 11 from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted 12 were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 13 projected. According to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 191, TransCanada 14 has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working specifically on 15 behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 196, as 16 of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary working within Nebraska. 17 Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 199, TransCanada would 18 only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the proposed Keystone XL was 19 constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline Alternative Route.

### Q: Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply because it would cross your land?

A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public
interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

## Q: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline was to cross someone else's land?

A: No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have
the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this
type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this
state or any other state.

## Q: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?

A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our state cannot risk.

#### 10 Q: What do you rely upon to make that statement?

11 A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I, 12 already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the 13 public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second, 14 they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the 15 counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have 16 already obtained easements from all the landowners along that route and have 17 relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the 18 sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala 19 Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an 20 alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have 21 some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of 22 infrastructure near each other.

Q: Do you have any other concerns or comments you would like to reiterate or
can think of at this time you would like the Commissioners to understand?

A: Yes. Two years ago they legally abandoned the filed eminent domain proceedings,
after President Obama denied the border crossing permit. Two years now we have
been in litigation to recover expenses granted by Nebraska State law. TransCanada
has done nothing but drag out not living up to their obligation. TransCanada is not,

1 and has proven time after time that they are bad actors and will never be a good 2 neighbor for Nebraska's landowner.

#### 3 **O**: What else?

4 A: INADEQUATE SITING INVESTIGATION - The company TransCanada hired to 5 devise the alternate route map was seriously deficient in their selection. In my 6 Federal Government days, we would have called this a "pencil whipped" product. 7 They drew a line on the map that, to them, looked to be the least populated and 8 most direct route for their client. Their proposed route took them directly through 9 a neighbor's house. When informed of my brother's and our two houses and 5 10 domestic wells, TransCanada's maps did not show our residences, nor wells. Their 11 proposal, "Authorize us to survey your property and we will talk about it!"

12 **Q**:

#### What else concerns you?

13 A: UNSTABLE GROUND ON THE ROUTE - Their proposed route crosses many 14 hills and ridges on the north drainage for the Keya Paha River. These hills and 15 ridges are composed of rotted shale over a hard shale pan. TransCanada 16 representatives were notified of, and ignored, this landowner input. Within one 17 mile of the route across our land are 8 different ridges. Of these 8, 5 have visible 18 evidence of past or recent slides comprising hundreds of square yards of moved 19 earth. Fear of the same thing that happened in North Dakota is real as a slide broke 20 the pipeline there and contaminated the Little Missouri River. Below is an excerpt 21 from the Bismark Tribune:

22 **BISMARK TRIBUNE March 31, 2017** 

23 BELFIELD, N.D. – The Belle Fourche Pipeline system that contaminated a 24 tributary of the Little Missouri River is in a landslide-prone area and vulnerable to 25 future spills, federal pipeline regulators say. A document from the Pipeline and 26 Hazardous Materials Safety Administration shows that regulators believe the 27 pipeline company may have experienced other spills in southwest North Dakota 28 that went undetected due to inadequate leak detection monitoring and unstable 29 terrain. The agency issued a corrective action order to Belle Fourche Pipeline Co.,

part of True Companies of Wyoming, following the spill discovered Dec. 5 by a
landowner northwest of Belfield. The spill, now estimated at 529,830 gallons,
three times larger than an earlier estimate and one of the most significant in North
Dakota history, contaminated about 5 miles of Ash Coulee Creek, which flows
into the Little Missouri River. The cause of the spill is under investigation, but the
company points to the slumping of a hillside in the rugged Badlands terrain where
the pipeline break occurred."

, 8

#### Q: What else concerns you?

9 A: REDUCED LAND VALUE - When land comes up for sale in our area, one of the
10 first questions asked of the realtors is whether the land is on the pipeline route.
11 Bidders are making their decisions based on if the land carries the pipeline risk.
12 Fewer bidders lower the value of the land sales.

13 **Q:** What el

#### What else concerns you?

14 A: ENDANGERED SPECIES - During meetings with TransCanada representatives, they were unaware of a long existing Bald Eagle nest directly on the route path. 15 16 Since 2013 notification, winds blew down the original nest tree. The eagles moved 17 a short distance and built another nest. This nest is still within the buffer exclusion 18 zone identified in the 2014 FSEIS sections on migratory and Bald and Golden Eagles. The adult eagles use a sentry/guard tree where they sit to protect the nest. 19 20 This tree will be destroyed by the pipeline construction. American Burying beetles 21 are also present on our land.

22 Q: What else concerns you?

A: SINK HOLES - For unknown reasons, when land on our ranch is disturbed, large
 sink holes randomly appear. These sink holes happen suddenly and can be 20 feet
 across and over 5 feet deep! The pipeline is land disturbing, and these sink holes
 are a possibility that will break the pipeline.

27 Q: What else concerns you?

A: NATIVE AMERICAN SACRED SITES - Two different, pre-1900 Native
 American encampment sites, probable burial grounds, and sacred prayer sites have

been identified by Ponca TIPO representatives. They are either directly on the
 pipeline route and/or within yards of the pipeline route.

3 Q: What else concerns you?

4 A: INCOME IMPACT - Our land footprint is a north/south oriented rectangle. The 5 proposed route bisects our land from the northwest corner to the southeast corner. 6 Half of our land will be on one side and half on the other side. The route will 7 destroy our only heavy equipment crossing on Alkali Creek. Cattle in the pastures 8 will be unable to get to the water tank and shade trees. We will be unable to reach 9 tilled fields for crop production. The pipeline will impede access to valuable hay 10 fields needed to produce winter feed for the cattle. The pipeline will traverse up 11 slope of 5 potable water wells on our ranch. A leak into the river bottom land, 12 where these wells are located, will permeate the deposited fine sands and destroy 13 our only water source.

# 14Q:Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would15like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of16TransCanada's Application?

17 **A:** No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this 18 document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be 19 refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in 20 August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, 21 I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of 22 TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was 23 impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I 24 reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet 25 concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents 26 requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have 27 additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

Q: Does Attachment No. 8 here contain other documents you are competent to
 speak about that you wish to be part of your testimony and to discuss in more
 detail as needed at the August 2017 Hearing?

4 A: Yes. I have included pictures of hills within one mile of the proposed route that
5 have slid/slumped. I have pictures of different hills that have done this. I also have
6 pictures of the eagle's nest, an adult eagle in a "guard tree" that will be removed by
7 TC and pictures of large sink holes that occur on our land when the soil is
8 disturbed.

# 9 Q: What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in 10 regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline 11 across Nebraska?

12 A: I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond 13 a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the 14 relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly 15 generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this 16 pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 17 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 18 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 19 20 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 21 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 22 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 23 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. It simply does not make 24 sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new 25 pumping stations, creating new impacts on additional counties and communities 26 and going through all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like 27 me when this applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns 28 and the communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the

- sand hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala
   Aquifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.
- 3 Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and
  4 accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your
  5 knowledge?
- 6 A: Yes, they are.
- Q: Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to
  ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

Bob Allpress, Allpress Brothers, LLC 24th Subscribed and Sworn to me before this \_\_\_\_ \_ day of May, 2017. Phyllis Camin General Notary - State of Nebraska PHYLLIS CAMIN My Contin, Exp. Jan. 7, 2019. Notary Public ÷

Attachment No. 1



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50388X KEYSTONE XL\9000\_

PREPARED BY exp Energy Services Inc. S.014 Tr.0341N R.017W B.017W	
Allpress Brothers., LL	
S.024 TO34N R.017W	Sole Rotew
IMAGERY: NAIP 2016         0       250       500       1,500 Feet	TRACT NO.       ML-NE-KP-40660.000         STATE:       Nebraska
Nebraska	COUNTY:       Keya Paha         SECTION:       024         TOWNSHIP:       034N         RANGE:       017W









Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

#### (Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

Tract No.: ML-NE-KP-40640.000 ML-NE-KP-40660.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "Agreement"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "Consideration") Allpress Brothers, LLC, whose mailing address is 14566 42<sup>nd</sup> Street, Plattsmouth, NE 68048 (hereinafter called "Grantor") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 13710 FNB Parkway, Suite 300, Omaha, Nebraska 68154, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "Grantee"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "Easement") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and petroleum by-products, on, under, across and/or through

Grantor's Initials

a strip of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "**Easement Area**") located on real property situated in the County of Keya Paha, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract of land containing 551.05 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Keya Paha, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as the W1/2 NE1/4; N1/2 NW1/4; SE1/4 NW1/4; SE1/4; E1/2 SW1/4; NW1/4 SW1/4; SW1/4 NW1/4; and Lot 2 of Section 13, Township 34 North, Range 17 West of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 42, Page 240 in the Deed Records of Keya Paha County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

Less and Except: An irregular tract of land located in the SE1/4 of Section 13 and in Government Lot 5 of Section 24 described as follows: Commencing at the Southeast corner of said SE1/4 of Section 13, assuming a bearing of North 00°00'00" East on the East line of said SE1/4 of Section 13; thence South 88°38'25" West, a distance of 1887.29 feet to the true point of beginning; thence North 01°29'29" East, a distance of 335.08 feet; thence North 88°30'31" West, a distance of 650.00 feet; thence South 01°29'29" West, a distance of 650.00 feet to the point of beginning, as recorded in Book 42, Page 655.

A tract of land containing 189.7 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Keya Paha, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as the NE1/4 of the NE1/4, Lots 4, 5, and 6 of Section 24, Township 34 North, Range 17 West of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 42, Page 240 in the Deed Records of Keya Paha County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "**Property**"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "**Initial Construction Period**"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto (the "**Temporary Work Space**"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock, bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated

and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

3 Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction, operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, provided, however, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public rights-of-way, the Temporary Access Easements (if any) or other easements in favor of Grantee provide reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee shall not be prevented from traveling within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery; (iv) Grantee's pipeline

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the \_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_

GRANTOR(S):

Allpress Brothers, LLC

By:

Its:

# [ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

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STATE OF	
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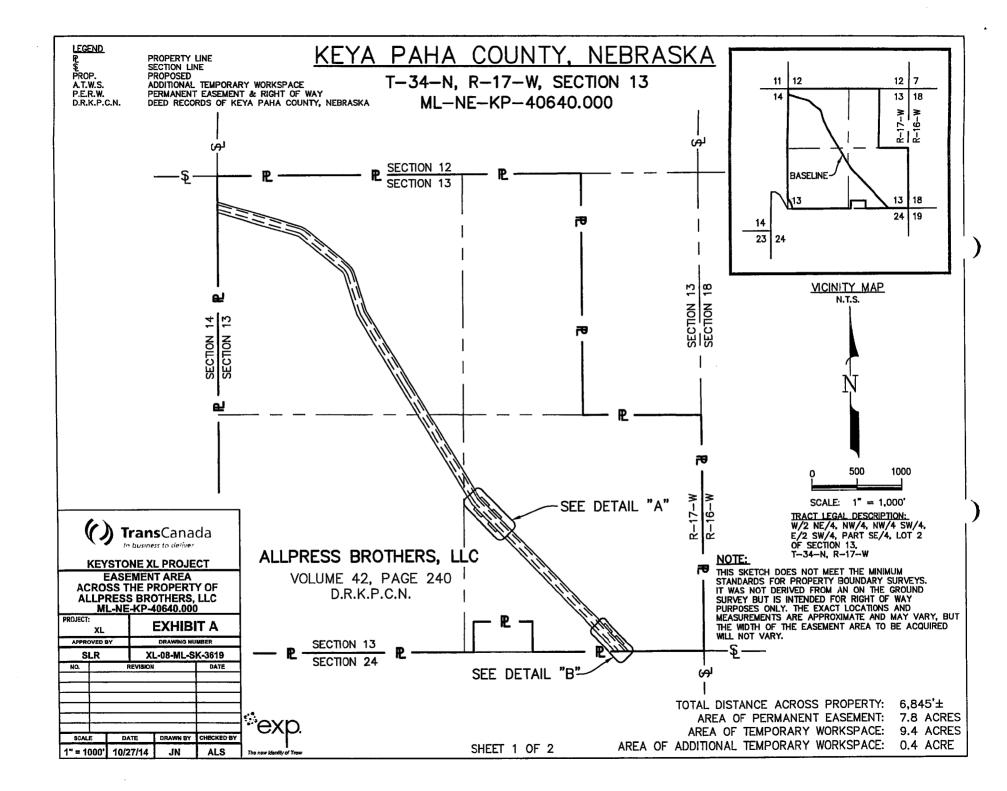
COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_

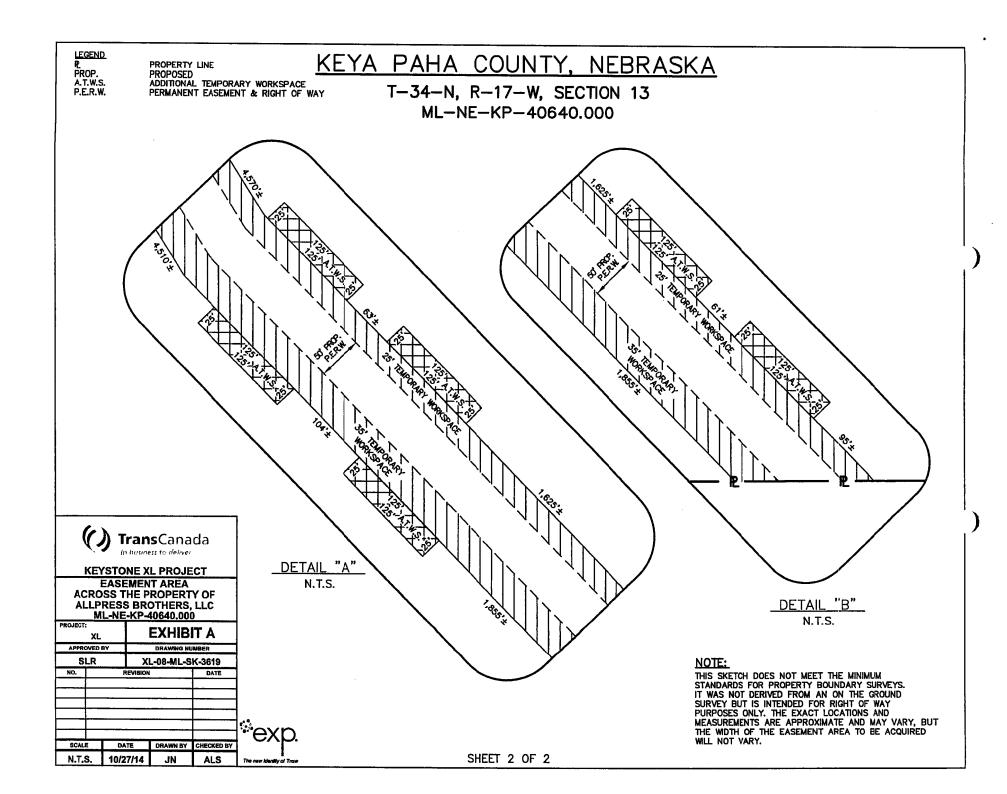
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this	day of	20
Ву		of

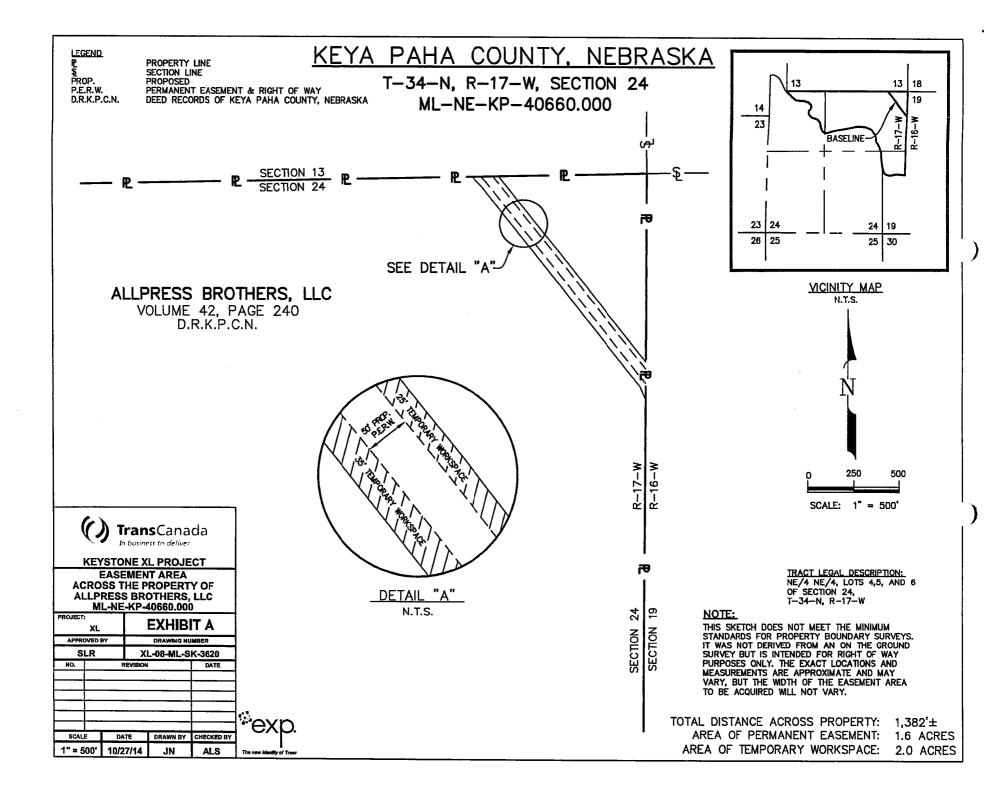
Allpress Brothers, LLC, on behalf of the corporation.

Notary Public Signature

Affix Seal Here







## 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

## PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

## JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

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law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

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26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

#### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

#### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

4

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862

## TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

# ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

## Tract No. : ML-NE-KP-40640.000

I/we <u>Allpress Brothers, LLC</u>, of <u>Cass</u> County, in the State of <u>Nebraska</u>, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

<u>Four Thousand Five Hundred Seventy Six Dollars and No Cents</u> (\$4,576.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Keya Paha, State of Nebraska:

# W/2 NE/4, NW/4, NW/4 SW/4, E/2 SW/4, PART SE/4, LOT 2

## Section 13, Township 34N, Range 17W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I/we have hereunto set our hands on this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of

\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_. Owner Signature Owner Signature Owner/Owner Representative Name Owner/Owner Representative Name

## TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

#### Tract No. : ML-NE-KP-40660.000

I/we <u>Allpress Brothers, LLC</u>, of <u>Cass</u> County, in the State of <u>Nebraska</u>, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

Nine Hundred Thirty Six Dollars and No Cents (\$936.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Keya Paha, State of Nebraska:

## NE/4 NE/4, LOTS 4, 5, AND 6

## Section 24, Township 34N, Range 17W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I/we have hereunto set our hands on this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of

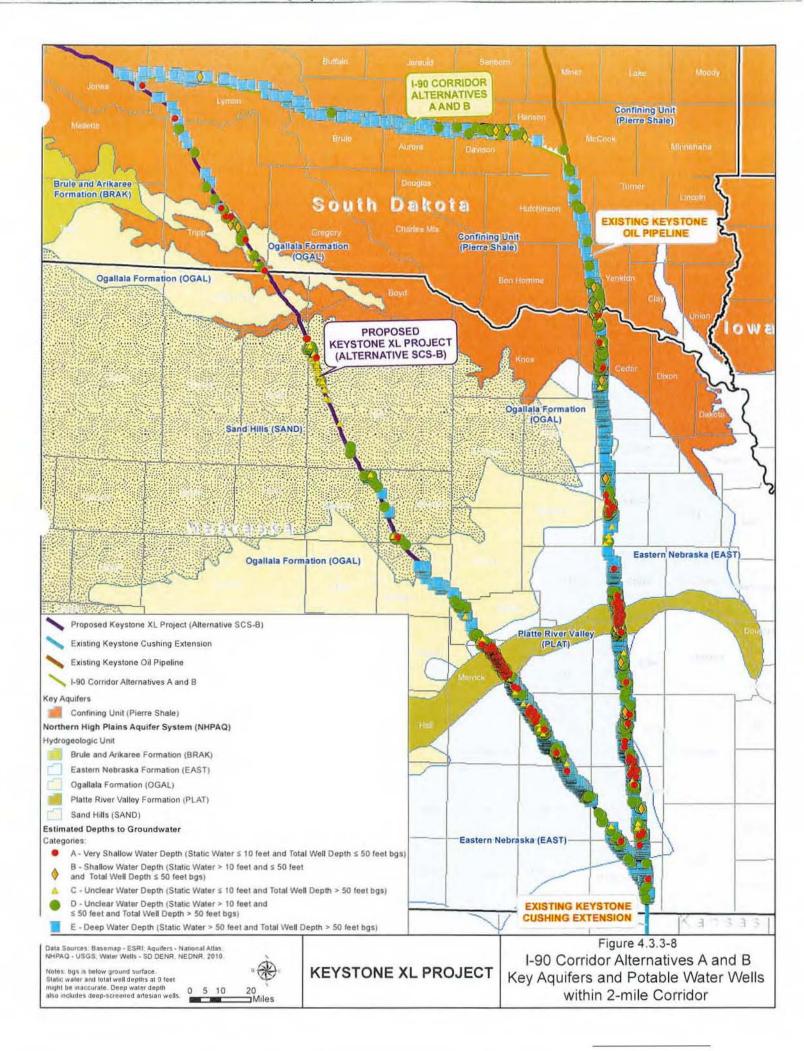
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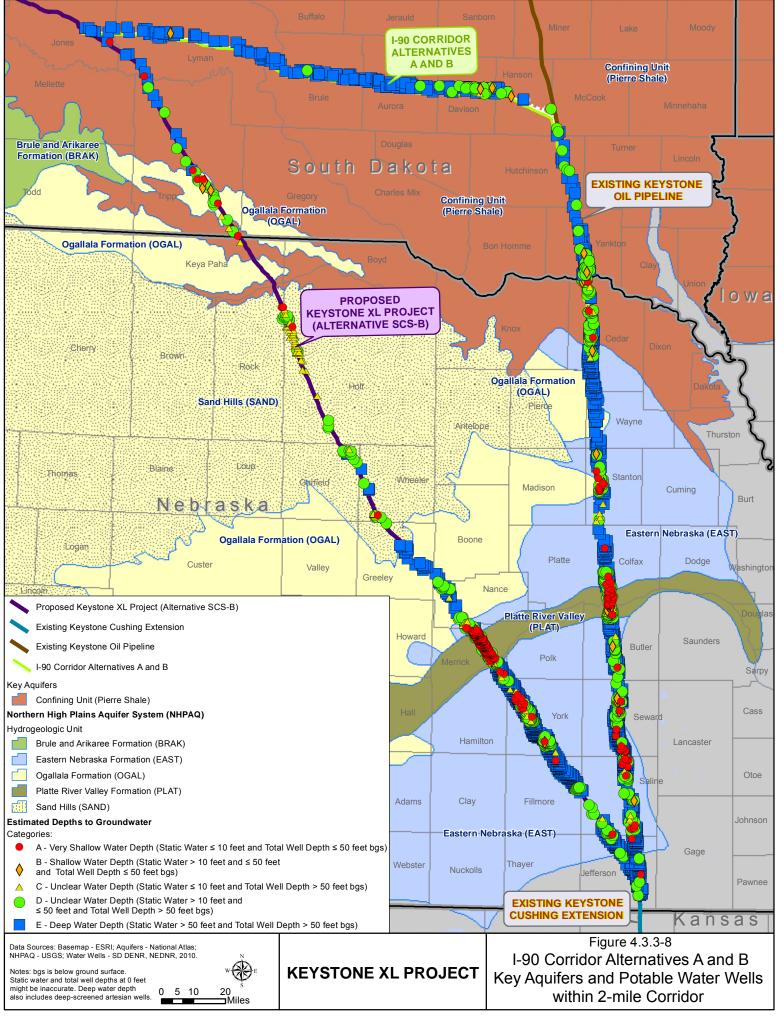
Owner Signature

Owner Signature

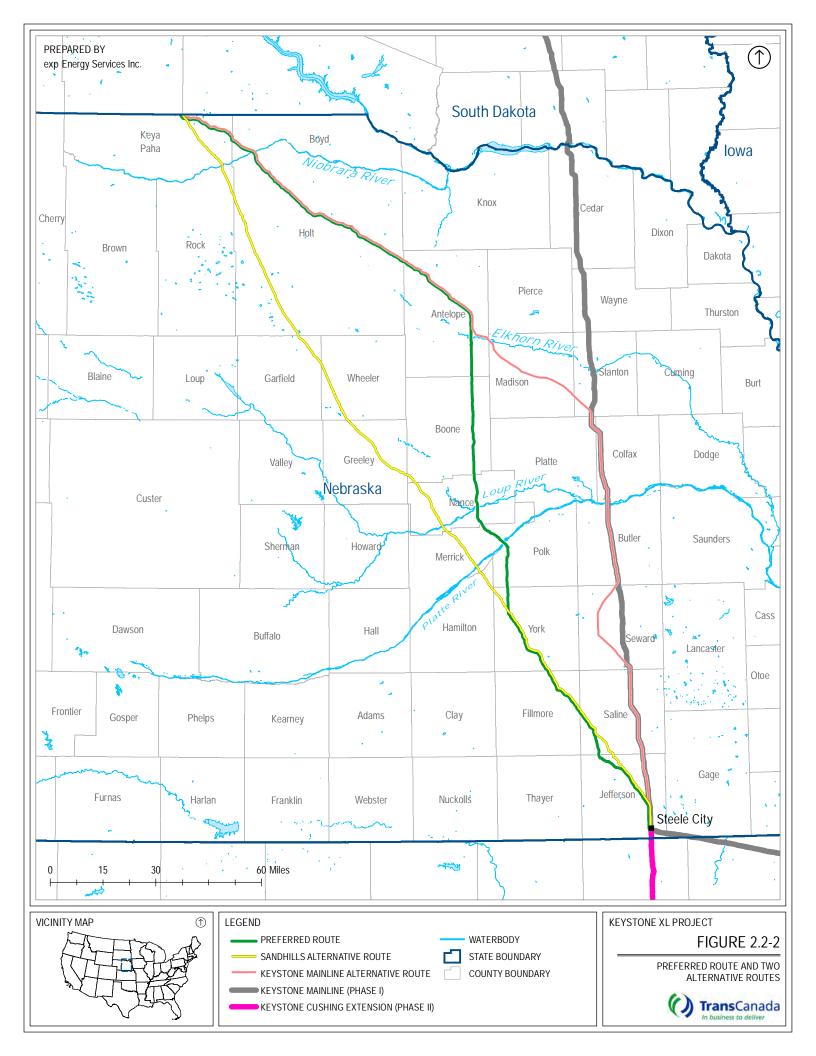
Owner/Owner Representative Name

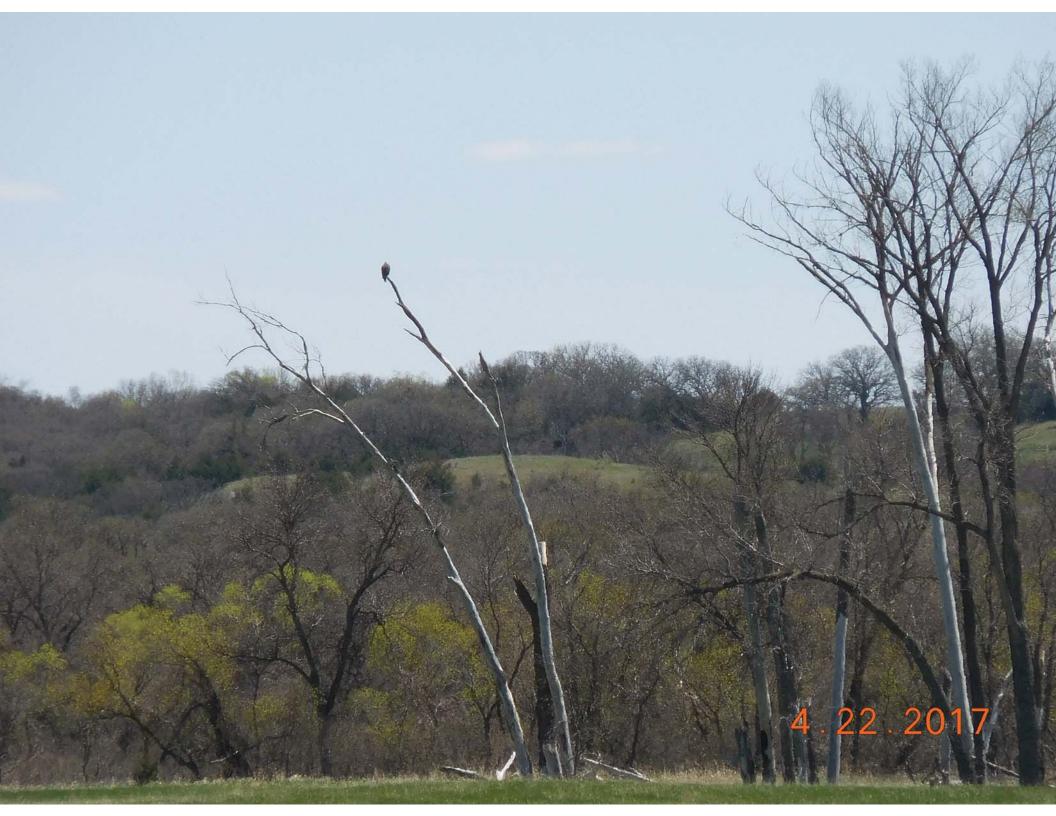
Owner/Owner Representative Name





KXL002000



















#### Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of Robert Bartels in Support of Landowner Intervenors

State of Nebraska	)
	) ss.
Saline County	)

- 1 Q: Please state your name.
- 2 A: My name is Robert Bartels.
- 3 Q: Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
  4 regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
  5 XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?

6 A: Yes, I am.

Q: Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
Keystone XL pipeline?

- 10 A: Yes, I do and it is located in Saline County.
- Q: Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
   photo(s) of your land in question here with the area of the proposed KXL
   pipeline depicted?

14 A: Yes.

15 Q: Is Attachment No. 2 to this sworn statement a copy(ies) of picture(s) of you
 and or your family?

1 A. Yes.

2 Q: Do you earn any income from this land?

- 3 A: Yes.
- 4 Q: Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood
  5 or the livelihood of your family?
- 6 A: Yes.

### Q: Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all or a portion of your land in question here?

9 Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective A: 10 tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and 11 all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching 12 operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking 13 to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I 14 would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same 15 way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the 16 county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or 17 mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a 18 19 pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.

20 Q: Do you have similar concerns about selling the land?

A: Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you
never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece
of ground similar to mine were for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine
did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline
ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes.

26 Q: What is your intent with your land after you die?

A: Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stays in the family for years
to come but I have thought about getting out if this pipeline were to come through.

1	Q:	Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL
2		Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you?
3	A:	Yes.
4	Q:	Were you or an entity for which you are a member, shareholder, or director
5		previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP?
6	A:	Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a
7		petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline
8		within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.
9	Q:	Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?
10	A:	Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees
11		and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.
12	Q:	Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees
13		incurred?
14	A:	No, they have not.
15	Q:	In its lawsuit against you, did TransCanada identify the amount of your
16		property that it wanted to take for its proposed pipeline?
17	A:	The lawsuit against us stated they would take the amount of property that is
18		reasonably necessary to lay, relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant
19		and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline.
20	Q:	Did TransCanada define what they meant by "property that is reasonably
21		necessary"?
22	A:	No, they did not.
23	Q:	Did TransCanada in its lawsuit against you, identify the eminent domain
24		property portion of your land?
25	A:	Yes, they did.
26	Q:	Did TransCanada describe what rights it proposed to take related to the
27		eminent domain property on your land?
28	A:	Yes, they did.
29	Q:	What rights that they proposed to take did they describe?

1 TransCanada stated that the eminent domain property will be used to "lay, relay, A: 2 operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably 3 necessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying, laying, 4 constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, 5 reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with all fittings, 6 cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equipment and 7 appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hydrocarbon, 8 petroleum products, and all by-products thereof."

## 9 Q: Prior to filing an eminent domain lawsuit to take your land that 10 TransCanada identified, do you believe they attempted to negotiate in good 11 faith with you?

12 A: No, I do not.

Q: Did TransCanada at any time approach you with or deliver to you their
 proposed easement and right-of-way agreement?

15 A: Yes, they did.

16Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way17agreement, did you understand that they would be purchasing a fee title18interest in your property or that they were taking something else?

A: I understood that they proposed to have the power to take both a temporary
 construction easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a
 permanent easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and
 that would run the entire portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline
 would enter my property until where it would exit the property.

# Q: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 3, a true and accurate copy of TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-ofWay agreement that they included with their condemnation lawsuit against you?

A: Yes, it is.

Q: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement
 and Right-of-Way agreement?

3 A: Yes, I have.

4 Q: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-of5 Way agreement as proposed by TransCanada?

A: My understanding is that this is the document that will govern all of the rights and
obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and
how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property
must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how
they can use my land.

# Q: After reviewing TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way agreement do you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the language either included in the document or missing from the proposed document?

# A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and my state.

19 Q: I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of 20 your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way 21 agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and 22 the terms of that contract, in your opinion, potentially negatively impacts you 23 and your land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and 24 let's work our way through it, okay?

- A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's proposed
  Easement and Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my
  property rights and my economic interests.
- 28 Q. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.

- A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will pay to compensate me for all of the known and unknown affects and all of the rights I am giving up and for all the things they get to do to my land and for what they will prevent me from doing on my land and they only will pay me one time at the signing of the easement agreement. That is a huge problem.
- 6

6

#### **Q:** Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.

- 7 A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the 8 landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so 9 they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from 10 my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 11 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 12 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 13 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying 14 once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 15 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 16 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 17 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and 18 generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders 19 keep all that money and it never finds its way to Nebraska.
- 20

#### **Q:** What is your next concern?

21 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 22 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 23 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 24 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 25 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 26 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of the these partners or 27 the structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if 28 you would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 29 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general
 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so
 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but
 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

- 5 Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 6 percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of over 275 miles of 7 Nebraska land?
- 8 A: No.

# 9 Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 10 percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for 11 approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through 12 Nebraska land?

13 A: No.

## Q: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter 16 A: 17 called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow their easement 18 to be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows 19 what that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This 20 pipeline would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest 21 bidder that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who 22 may buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto 23 or have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in 24 the future.

### Q: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

27 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.

28 Q: What's next?

A: Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this
really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual
and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to.
Perpetual to me is like forever and that doesn't make sense.

5 Q: Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you?

6 A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any 7 data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in 8 TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this 9 pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have 10 a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become 11 obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however 12 will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as 13 undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of 14 Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for 15 this specific kind of pipeline project.

16

#### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

A: The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says
"...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground
until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned
a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

## Q: Now it looks like we are ready to go to the second page of the Easement is that right?

26 A: Yes.

#### 27 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

A: Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the
pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period

starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 1 2 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 3 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes 4 "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 5 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 6 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 7 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best 8 interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 9 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding 10 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 11 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials." 12 13 Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are 14 two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to 15 allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of 16 TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is 17 not conducive to protection of property rights.

18

#### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

19 A: Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of 20 TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially 21 reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 22 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of 23 "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 24 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 25 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 26 27 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and 28 intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. 29 However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 1 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 2 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 3 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 4 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 5 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 6 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 7 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 8 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 9 landowners to be treated that way.

#### 10 **O**: Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this 11 concern more real for you?

12 A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against 13 Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two 14 Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of 15 gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged 16 negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate 17 copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 4.

18

#### **Q**: What is your next concern with the Easement language?

19 A: Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with 20 21 TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 22 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 23 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 24 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 25 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that 26 TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 27 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 28 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains 29 all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to

them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 1 2 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes is 3 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 4 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 5 the removal of trees or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities 6 owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and 7 rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or 8 losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

8 9

#### Q: What is the next concern you have?

10 A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the 11 same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada. 12 TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 13 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 14 any appurtenances thereon to the pipeline itself or to their access to the Easement 15 or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, whether during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot 16 or in vehicle or machinery..." Further at TransCanada's sole discretion it will 17 retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably 18 19 impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement Area. Such 20 undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the protection of 21 property rights or economic interest.

#### 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
 Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
 Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
 to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

28 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

1 Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase A: 2 "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 3 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 4 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 5 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 6 affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights. 7 A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in the 8 future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors 9 common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 10 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

#### 11 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

12 A: There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as 13 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 14 15 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize 16 costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 17 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 18 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 19 economic interest.

#### 20 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

#### 27 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any
 Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion.

1 Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative the their property in 2 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 3 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 4 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 5 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive 6 to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

7

#### Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

8 A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner to 9 transfer and be applicable to any future owner of the Land in question without the 10 ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiate any of the language in 11 question to which it will be held to comply.

#### 12 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

13 A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the 14 Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at any time 15 to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a 16 third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in 17 place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such 18 change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement 19 20 thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement 21 owner.

#### 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

- A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms
  that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say
  so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in
  TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined terms are as follows:
- 27 i.

28

- i. "pipeline installation activities"
- ii. "availability of labor and materials"
- 29 iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"

1	iv.	"reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"
2	V.	"yield loss damages"
3	vi.	"diminution in the value of the property"
4	vii.	"substantially same condition"
5	viii.	"an actual or potential hazard"
6	ix.	"efficient"
7	Х.	"convenient"
8	xi.	"endangered"
9	xii.	"obstructed"
10	xiii.	"injured"
11	xiv.	"interfered with"
12	XV.	"impaired"
13	xvi.	"suitable crossings"
14	xvii.	"where rock is encountered"
15	xviii.	"as nearly as practicable"
16	xix.	"pre-construction position"
17	XX.	"pre-construction grade"
18	xxi.	"various engineering factors"
19	Each one of	these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement
20	could be pro-	oblematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get
21	definition in	n further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the
22	Easement is	drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a
23	particular si	tuation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For
24	instance, "y	ield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out
25	exactly how	the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front
26	end. I can't	afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately,
27	the Landow	ner is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine
28	when rights	related to them trigger and what the affects may be.

- Q: Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can
   think of at this time?
- A: I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time of
  my live testimony in August.

5 Q: Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding 6 TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe 7 those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's 8 impact upon you and your land?

9 A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that we10 discussed previously.

Q: Did TransCanada ever offer you financial compensation for the rights that
 they sought to obtain in your land, and for what they sought to prevent you
 and any future land owner of your property from doing in the future?

14 A: Yes, we received an offer from them.

Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better
 than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair,
 compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar
 sands pipeline could be located across your property?

- A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just
  offer for all the potential impacts and effects and the rights that I'm giving up, and
  what we will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would
  impact my property for ever and ever.
- Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
   wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
   across your property.
- 26 A: No, never.
- Q: At any time did TransCanada present you with or request that you, as the
   owner of the land in question, sign and execute a document called, "Advanced
   Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?"

1 A: Yes, they did and it was included in the County Court lawsuit against us.

### Q: Is Attachment No. 5, to your testimony here, a true and accurate copy of the "Advanced Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?

4 A: Yes, it is.

#### 5 Q: What was your understanding of that document?

Did you ever sign that document?

A: When I read that document in the plain language of that document, it was my
understanding that TransCanada was attempting to pay me a very small amount at
that time in order for me to agree to give up my rights to be compensated from
them in the future related to any damage or impact they may have upon my
property "arising out of, in connection with, or alleged to resulted from
construction or surveying over, under or on" my land.

12 **Q:** 

13

A: No, I did not.

14 **Q:** Why not?

A; Because I do not believe that it is fair or just to try to get me to agree to a small
sum of money when I have no idea how bad the impacts or damages that they, or
their contractors, or subcontractors, or other agents or employees, may cause on
my land at any time in the future that resulted from the construction or surveying
or their activities upon my land.

#### 20 Q: When you reviewed this document, what did it make you feel?

A: I felt like it was simply another attempt for TransCanada to try to pay very little to
shield themselves against known and foreseeable impacts that their pipeline, and
the construction of it, would have upon my land. It made me feel that they knew it
was in their financial interest to pay me as little as possible to prevent me from
ever having the opportunity to seek fair compensation again, and that this must be
based upon their experience of unhappy landowners and situations in other places
where they have built pipelines.

1	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
2		thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
3		was in your best interest?
4	A:	No, they have not.
5	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
6		thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
7		was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?
8	A:	No, they have not.
9	Q:	Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
10		Takings Clause?
11	A:	Yes, I am.
12	Q:	What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of
13		an American citizens property?
14	A:	My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the
15		government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for
16		public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or
17		fairly.
18	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which
19		the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?
20	A:	No, they have not.
21	Q:	Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State
22		of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL
23		Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?
24	A:	No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the
25		public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how
26		it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me
27		that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we
28		are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands

1	are located to where TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in
2	Houston, Texas.

3 Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands,
4 crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to
5 ship in its pipeline?

6 A: No, it has not.

Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum byproducts that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place
for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

10 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
 Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

14 A: No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.

Q: Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
 at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

17 A: Yes, I do.

18 Q: Why do you pay property taxes on that land?

- A: Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the ownerof that property.
- Q: Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you
   deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person
   or company that pays property taxes?
- A: Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
  just what you do.
- Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
   treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?

28 A: No, of course not.

1	Q:	Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be
2		enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of
3		your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the
4		state of Nebraska?
5	A:	Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that
6		I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.
7	Q:	Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?
8	A:	Well, yes I have.
9	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life,
10		employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or
11		consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed
12		one or more persons?
13	A:	No, of course not.
14	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer
15		have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to
16		preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?
17	A:	No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I
18		don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.
19	Q:	At the beginning of your statement, you briefly described your property that
20		would be impacted by the potential Keystone XL Pipeline. I would like you to
21		give the Commissioners a sense of specifically how you believe the proposed
22		Keystone XL Pipeline and its preferred route, which proposes to go across
23		your land, how it would in your opinion based on your knowledge,
24		experience, and background of your land, affect it. So please share with the
25		Commissioners the characteristics of your land that you believe is important
26		for them to understand, while they evaluate TransCanada's application for a
27		route for its proposed pipeline to cross Nebraska and across your land,
28		specifically.

1 A: 1. Will we, as the land owner, be responsible for leaks of pipes in the future. XL 2 has not given a "yes" or "no" answer on this matter. 3 2. Resale of the land is less because of the pipeline through it. 4 3. Who pays the taxes on the easement land? 5 4. The designated route of the pipeline comes within 600-700 ft, of the well of 6 water used for human consumption on the family farm, located at 562 St Hwy. 74, 7 Tobias, NE. 8 5. What happens if XL abandons the pipeline? Who is ultimately responsible for 9 the removal of the pipeline? 10 6. Lack of trust with XL Pipeline after talking with them. We have concerns with 11 threats being used to coerce landowners into selling. Why does it have to decrease 12

in value according to the date XL takes control of the property? We also did not
appreciate the pressure to sell to XL that was put on Dorothy Bartels after her
husband's death.

## Q: Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the state of Nebraska?

18 A: Yes, I have significant concerns. I am aware of landowners being treated unfairly 19 or even bullied around and being made to feel scared that they did not have any 20 options but to sign whatever papers TransCanada told them they had to. I am 21 aware of folks being threatened that their land would be taken if they didn't follow 22 what TransCanada was saying. I am aware of tactics to get people to sign 23 easements that I don't believe have any place in Nebraska or anywhere such as 24 TransCanada or some outfit associated with it hiring a pastor or priest to pray with 25 landowners and convince them they should sign TransCanada's easement 26 agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows or widowers feeling they had 27 no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and they didn't know they could 28 fight or stand up for themselves. From a more practical standpoint, I am worried 29 that according to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada only

owns and operates one (1) major oil pipeline. They simply do not have the
experience with this type of pipeline and that scares me. There are others but that
is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is
refreshed I will share those with the Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

## 5 Q: Do you believe TransCanada's proposed method of compensation to you as a 6 landowner is reasonable or just?

7 A: No, I do not.

8 Q: Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this 9 proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of 10 future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed 11 easement and immediately surrounding areas?

A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in regards to the pipeline.

17 Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

18 A: Well yes, of course.

#### 19 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

20 A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being used as of this moment, 21 and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain 22 ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any 23 potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future owner 24 may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska 25 potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years 26 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 27 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in 28 my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 29 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development

1 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 2 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the 3 short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts 4 may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity 5 and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska.

#### 6 **Q**: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed 7 pipeline?

8 A: Yes, I do.

9 **O**: What are some of those concerns?

10 A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction, 11 operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have 12 a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the 13 lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.

14

#### **Q**: Do you have any other environmental concerns?

15 A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in 16 construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and 17 leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could 18 be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State.

#### 19 **Q**: Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the 20 natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?

21 A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the 22 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural 23 resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline 24 route.

#### 25 Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline **Q**: to the soil of your land, or land near you? 26

27 Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the A: 28 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of 29 land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This

1 includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing 2 the soil composition and makeup as it has naturally existed for thousands and 3 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 4 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 5 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow 6 whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 7 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the 8 same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed 9 pipeline.

10 11

#### **O**: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?

12 A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of 13 the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the 14 groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline 15 route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and 16 simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at 17 unreasonable risk.

18

#### **Q**: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline 19 upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?

20 A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or 21 maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental 22 impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along 23 and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of 24 Nebraska.

#### 25 Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline **Q**: 26 upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your 27 land?

28 Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of A: 29 the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the

wildlife and the plants, not only that are located on or can be found upon my land,
 but also near and along the proposed pipeline route.

## 3 Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the 4 fair market value of your land?

5 A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed 6 pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the 7 fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I 8 would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the 9 property. I do not believe, and certainly would not be willing to pay, the same 10 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 11 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest 12 13 asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 14 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they 15 would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon 16 my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties, 17 not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline 18 due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my 19 20 property's value.

## Q: Have you ever seen the document that's marked as Attachment No. 6, to your testimony?

A: Yes, I have.

24 Q: Where have you seen that before?

A: That is a map I think I first saw a couple years ago that shows the Keystone XL
 I-90 corridor alternate route of its proposed pipeline through Nebraska and I
 believe the portion of the alternative route in Nebraska essentially twins or
 parallels Keystone I.

1	Q:	Do you believe that TransCanada's preferred route as found on page 5 of its
2		Application, and as found on Attachment No. 7, here to your testimony, is in
3		the public interest of Nebraska?

4 A: No, I do not.

5 Q: Do you believe that the Keystone mainline alternative route as shown on 6 Attachment No. 7 included with your testimony here is a major oil pipeline 7 route that is in the public interest of Nebraska?

8 A: No, I do not.

9Q:Do you believe the portion of the proposed pipeline within Nebraska as found10in Attachment No. 6 to your testimony, is in the public interest of Nebraska?

- 11 A: No, I do not.
- Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL
  Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the
  public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

15 A: No, I do not.

16 Q: Why do you hold that belief?

17 A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am 18 aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply 19 20 crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar 21 sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the 22 public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for 23 public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in 24 there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our 25 state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all 26 the negative impacts and concerns.

## Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest

1 2

## of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction phase to Nebraska?

3 A: First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether 4 temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the 5 potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here 6 and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If 7 I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching 8 business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact 9 to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is 10 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 11 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all 12 jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with 13 from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted 14 were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 15 projected. According to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 191, TransCanada 16 has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working specifically on 17 behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 196, as of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary working within Nebraska. 18 19 Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 199, TransCanada would 20 only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the proposed Keystone XL was 21 constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline Alternative Route.

## Q: Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply because it would cross your land?

A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public
interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

## 26 Q: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline 27 was to cross someone else's land?

A: No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have
the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this

type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this
 state or any other state.

## 3 Q: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL 4 Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?

5 A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe 6 this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if 7 you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely 8 had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe 9 would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the 10 preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our 11 state cannot risk.

#### 12 Q: What do you rely upon to make that statement?

13 A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I, 14 already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the 15 public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second, 16 they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the 17 counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have 18 already obtained easements from all the landowners along that route and have relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the 19 20 sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala 21 Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an 22 alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have 23 some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of 24 infrastructure near each other.

## Q: Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of TransCanada's Application?

A: No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this
document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be

1 refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in 2 August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, 3 I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of 4 TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was 5 impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I 6 reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet 7 concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents 8 requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have 9 additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

## 10Q:What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in11regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline12across Nebraska?

13 A: I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond 14 a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the 15 relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly 16 generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this 17 pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 18 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 19 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public 20 interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 21 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 22 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 23 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 24 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. It simply does not make 25 sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new 26 pumping stations, creating new impacts on additional counties and communities 27 and going through all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like 28 me when this applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns 29 and the communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the

- sand hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala
   Aquifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.
- 3 Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and
  4 accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your
  5 knowledge?
- 6 A: Yes, they are.
- Q: Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to
  ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

Rolat Bartitz

**Robert Bartels** 

Subscribed and Sworn to me before this  $2 n \ell$  day of  $j_{\ell \ell n \ell}$ , 2017.

Botte D. Mickel Notary Public

GENERAL NOTARY - Slate of Nebraska BETTY S. NICKEL My Comm. Exp. March 20, 2019

Attachment No. 1

PREPARED BY exp Energy Services Inc.	British         British         British         British
	Ract No. ML-NE-SA-00255.000   State: Nebraska   COUNTY: Saline   Section: 002



99999/9358

50388X KEYSTONE XL\9000\_

May 2017 -

Attachment No. 2



Attachment No. 3

Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

#### (Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

Tract No.: ML-NE-SA-00255.0OL ML-NE-SA-40000.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "**Agreement**"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "**Consideration**"), **Bartels Farms, Inc., a corporation**, whose mailing address is 562 State Highway 74, Tobias, Nebraska 68453 (hereinafter called "**Grantor**") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto **TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP**, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 13710 FNB Parkway, Suite 300, Omaha, Nebraska 68154, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "**Grantee**"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "**Easement**") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and petroleum by-products, on, under, across and/or

Grantor's Initials

through a strip of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "**Easement Area**") located on real property situated in the County of Saline, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract containing 76.64 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Saline, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as the S1/2 of the SE1/4 of Section 2, T5N, R1E of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 206, Page 36 in the Deed Records of Saline County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

Less and Except: A tract of land located in the South Half of the Southeast Quarter of Section 2, Township 5 North, Range 1 East of the 6th P.M., Saline County, Nebraska, described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of said Section 2; thence westerly on the South line of the South Half of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 2 a distance of 2,646.8 feet to the southwest corner of said South Half of the Southeast Quarter a distance of 60.4 feet; thence easterly 89 degrees 55 minutes right a distance of 553.1 feet; thence continuing easterly 12 degrees 33 minutes right a distance of 120.0 feet; thence continuing easterly 14 degrees 02 minutes left a distance of 1,974.8 feet to a point on the East line of said South Half of the Southerly on said East line a distance of 89.1 feet to the point of beginning, containing 3.72 acres, more or less, which includes 2.05 acres, more or less, previously occupied as a public highway, the remaining 1.67 acres, more or less, being the additional acreage hereby secured, as recorded in Book 112, Page 264.

A tract of land containing 90.32 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Saline, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as a part of the N1/2 of the NE1/4 and approximately 15 acres lying north of the Burlington Northern Railway situated in Section 11, Township 5 North, Range 1 East of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 206, Page 36 in the Deed Records of Saline County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "**Property**"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "**Initial Construction Period**"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto (the "**Temporary Work Space**"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock,

Grantor's Initials

bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by 3. Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction, operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, provided, however, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public rights-of-way, the Temporary Access Easements (if any) or other easements in favor of Grantee provide reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the

Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee shall not be prevented from traveling within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery; (iv) Grantee's pipeline is left with the amount of cover originally installed to allow safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline; (v) the Grantee's pipeline is left with proper and sufficient and permanent lateral support; and (vi) Grantee's use of the Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein is not unreasonably impaired or interfered with.

5. During the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall also provide suitable crossings on, over and across the Easement Area so as to afford Grantor reasonable access over and across and the Easement Area in accordance with Grantor's customary use of the Property.

6. Grantee shall dispose of all brush and debris, if any, cleared from the Easement Area by burning, chipping, and/or burying, which method of disposal shall be selected by Grantee in Grantee's sole discretion.

7. Grantee shall install the Grantee's pipeline to a minimum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below current grade level and any then existing drainage ditches, creeks and roads, except at those locations where rock is encountered, the pipeline may be installed with a minimum depth of twenty-four inches (24"). Such depth shall be measured from the top of the pipe to the surface of the ground.

8. In areas of cropland, Grantee agrees to cause the topsoil to be removed from the trench to a depth of twelve inches (12") or the topsoil depth, whichever is less, and return, as nearly as practicable, said topsoil to its original, pre-construction position relative to the subsoil.

9. Prior to the conclusion of the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall grade and slope the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space in order to restore the same to its pre-construction grade to the extent reasonably possible and to the extent such grade does not interfere with the maintenance and/or safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline.

10. Grantee shall maintain the Easement Area (and the Temporary Work Space during the Initial Construction Period) by keeping it clear of all litter and trash during periods when Grantee and its employees, agents, or contractors are on the Property.

11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, except as otherwise required by applicable laws, regulations or industry standards, Grantee shall not install or maintain any permanent above-ground structures of any kind on or within the Easement Area other than pipeline markers (which markers may be required to be placed along the Easement Area by applicable Department of Transportation Code regulations and other applicable statutes and regulations of governmental authorities) and cathodic protection equipment. After the Initial Construction Period expires, no pipelines, above-ground structures, installations, equipment or apparatus of any kind will be on or within the Temporary Work Space.

12. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the Easement Area in whole or in part, Grantee may, at its sole election, either leave the improvements in place or remove them. In the event Grantee elects to remove the improvements, Grantee shall restore the Easement Area, as nearly as is practicable, to its condition prior to removal. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the improvements in place, Grantee shall comply with all then applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to such abandonment.

13. Grantor acknowledges and agrees that the information set forth at Exhibit A hereto, including, without limitation, the location and area of the proposed Easement Area depicted, is approximate and preliminary and is based upon publicly available information, calculations, measurements and estimates without the benefit of site-specific on the ground investigation, inspection or survey; Grantor further acknowledges and agrees that Grantee shall have the right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space within the Property as a result of, among other things, site investigation,

inspections or surveys, various engineering factors or to correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. In the event such a modification is required by Grantee, Grantee may modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" referring to this instrument and setting forth the modified legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space, which description may be set forth by map attached to said Notice. A copy of the Notice shall be delivered to the Grantor. Without limiting Grantee's right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" as aforesaid, Grantor agrees to execute and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. If such documents are required, they will be prepared by Grantee at its expense. Grantor shall receive additional reasonable compensation only if the acreage within the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space increases as a result of the changed location.

14. Grantee shall comply in all material respects, at Grantee's sole cost, with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations which are applicable to Grantee's activities hereunder, including, without limitation, the construction, use, operation, maintenance, repair and service of the Grantee's pipeline. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs that are necessitated, caused by, or are the result of any act or omission of negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct by the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

15. All notices under this Agreement shall be in writing, addressed to the addresses first set forth above and be delivered by certified mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested, next business day delivery via a reputable national courier service, regular United States mail, facsimile, e-mail or hand delivery. A party may change its address for notice by giving notice of such change to the other party.

16. The undersigned hereby bind themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to this Agreement unto Grantee, its successors and assigns. The Easement granted hereby shall create a covenant and burden upon the Property and running therewith.

17. It is agreed that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and that no other agreements have been made modifying, adding to or changing the terms of the same. This Agreement shall not be abrogated, modified, rescinded or amended in whole or in part without the consent of Grantor and Grantee, in writing and executed by each of them, and duly recorded in the appropriate real property records.

18. The rights granted hereby to Grantee may be assigned by Grantee in whole or in part, in Grantee's sole discretion.

19. The terms, stipulations, and conditions of this Easement are subject to all applicable laws, regulations, and permit conditions.

20. This Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State in which the Easement Area is situated.

21. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes; provided, however, that all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

Grantor's Initials\_\_\_\_\_

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the \_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_

GRANTOR(S):

Bartels Farms, Inc., a corporation

By:

Its:

[ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

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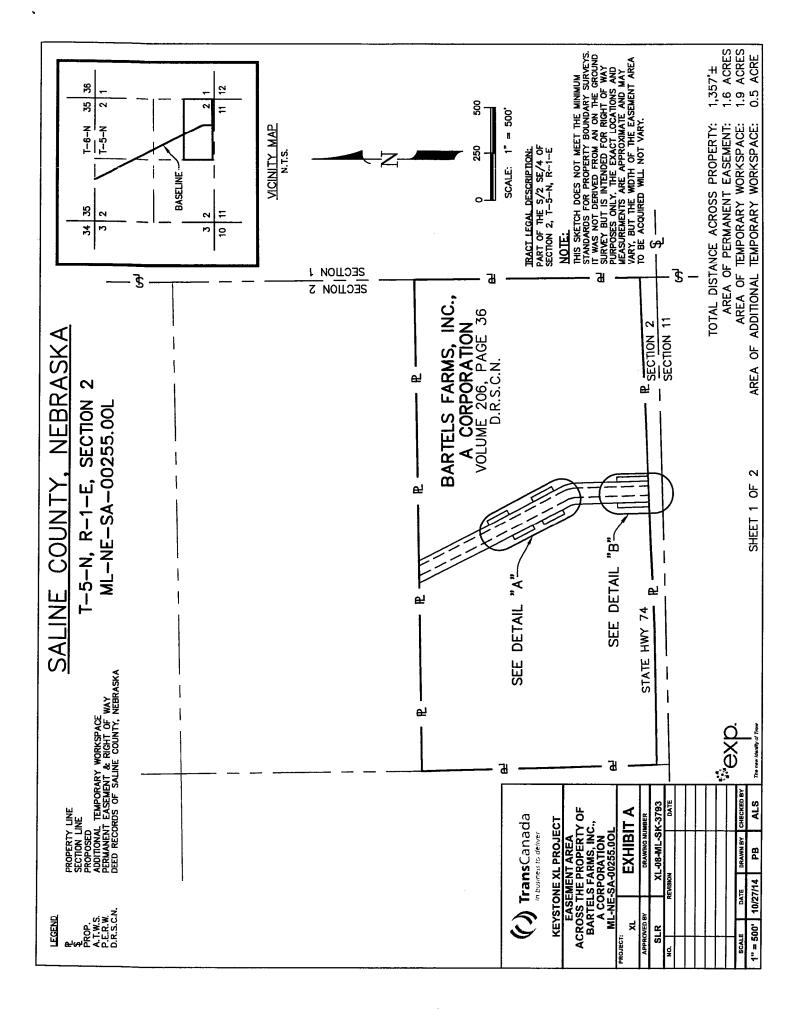
Bartels Farms, Inc., a corporation, on behalf of the corporation.				
Ву		of		
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this	day of	20		
COUNTY OF				
STATE OF NEBRASKA				

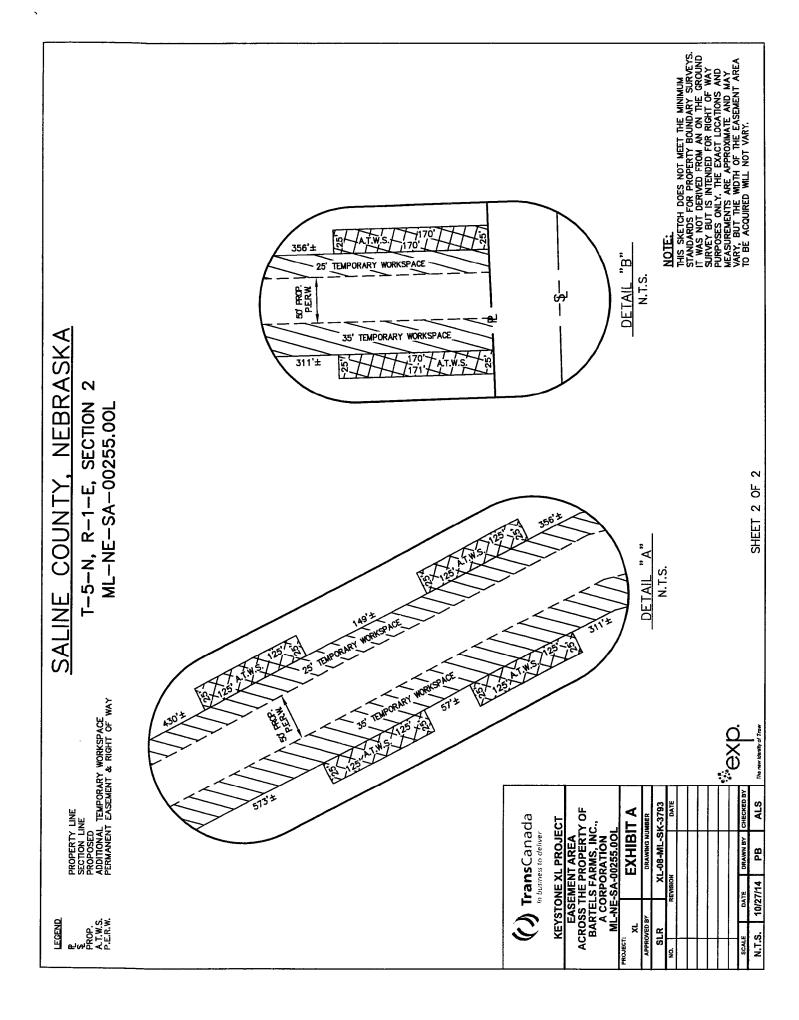
Notary Public Signature

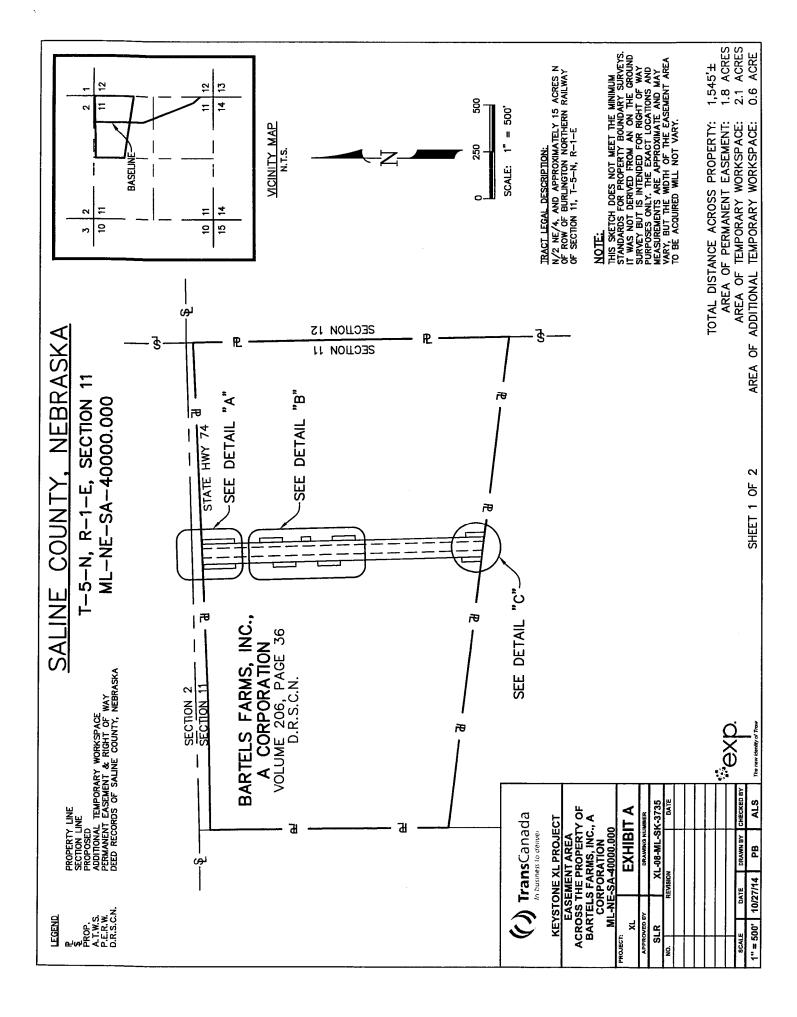
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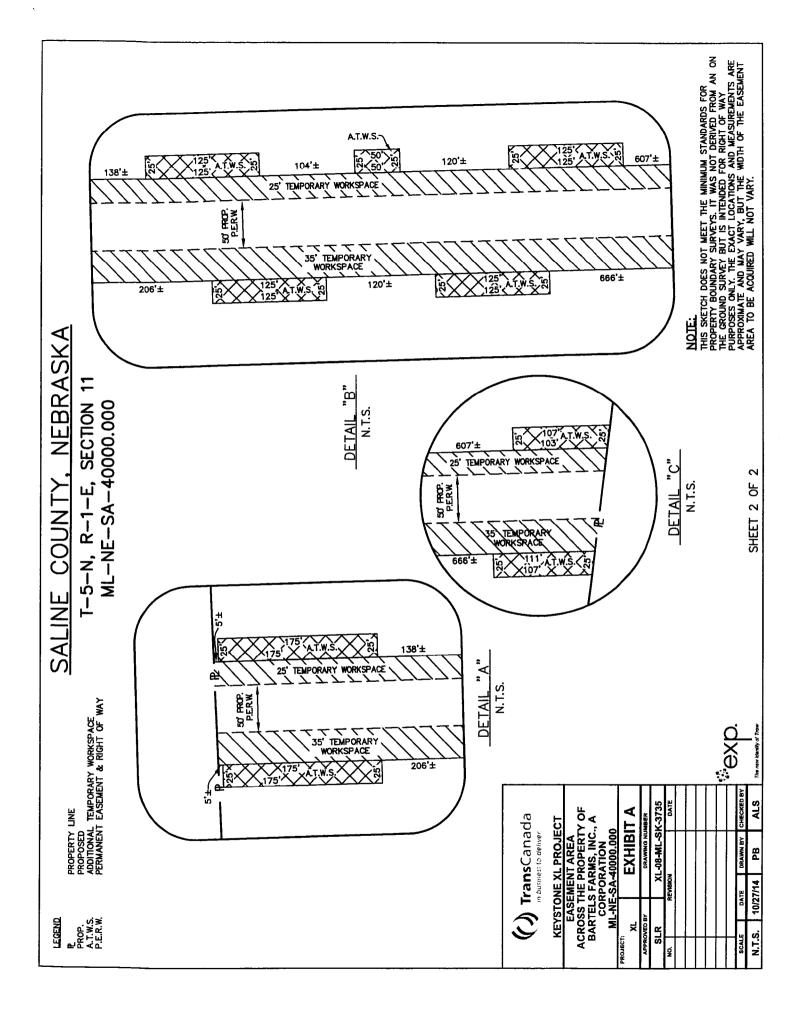
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Attachment No. 4

#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

#### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

#### PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 3 of 5 - Page ID # 3

law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

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26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

#### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

#### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862 Attachment No. 5

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

Tract No. : ML-NE-SA-00255.0OL

We, <u>Bartels Farms, Inc.</u>, of <u>Saline</u> County, in the State of <u>Nebraska</u>, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

<u>Two Thousand One Hundred Sixty Dollars and No Cents</u> (\$2,160.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Saline, State of Nebraska:

#### Part of the S/2 SE/4

#### Section 2, Township 5N, Range 1E

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands on this day of

\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

Owner Signature

Owner Signature

Owner/Owner Representative Name

Owner/Owner Representative Name

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

#### Tract No. : ML-NE-SA-40000.000

We, <u>Bartels Farms, Inc.</u>, of <u>Saline</u> County, in the State of <u>Nebraska</u>, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

Two Thousand Four Hundred Thirty Dollars and No Cents (\$2,430.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Saline, State of Nebraska:

#### N/2 NE/4, and Approximately 15 Acres N of ROW of Burlington Northern Railway

#### Section 11, Township 5N, Range 1E

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands on this day of

\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_\_.

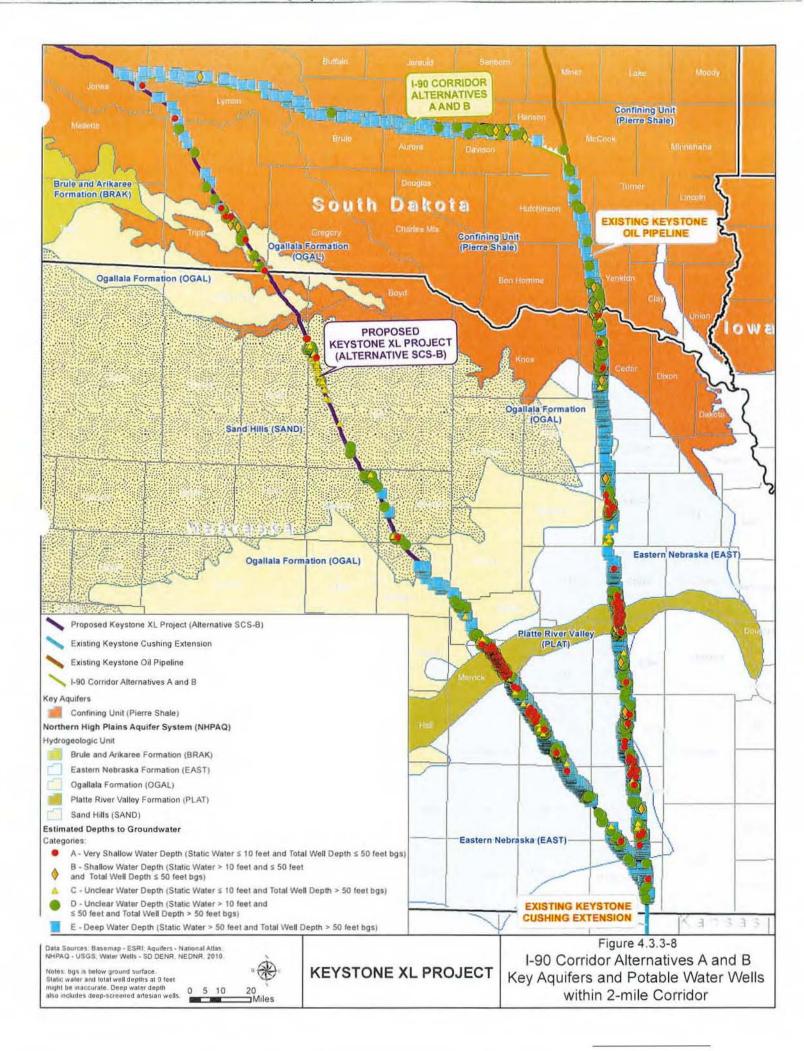
Owner Signature

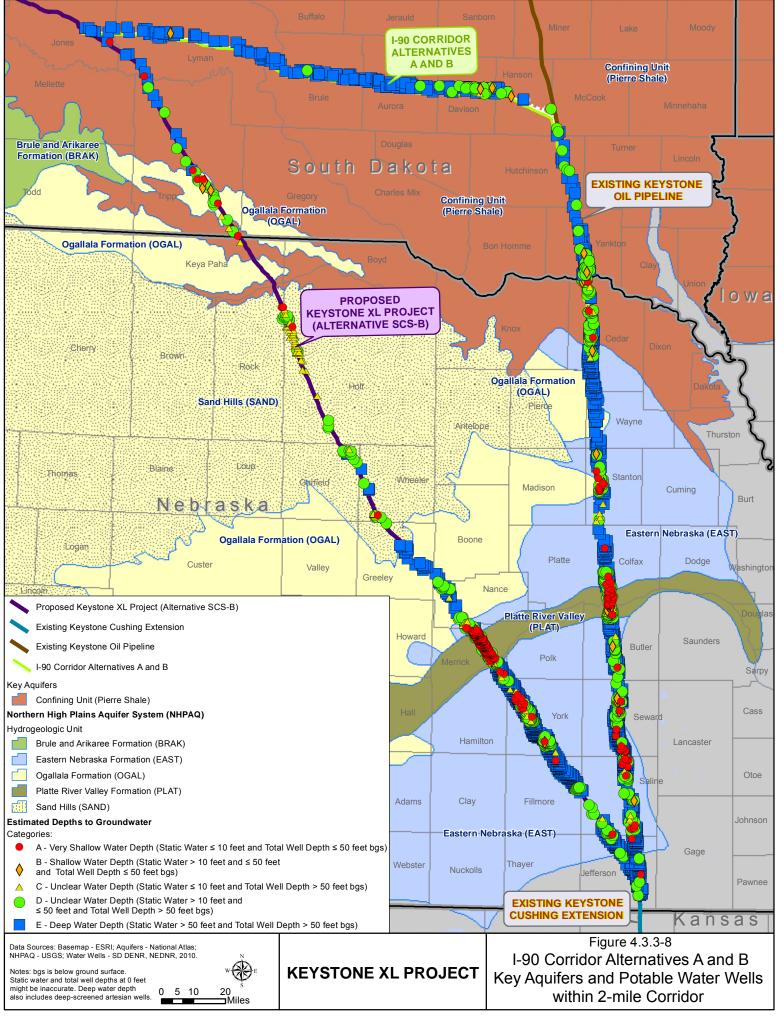
Owner Signature

Owner/Owner Representative Name

Owner/Owner Representative Name

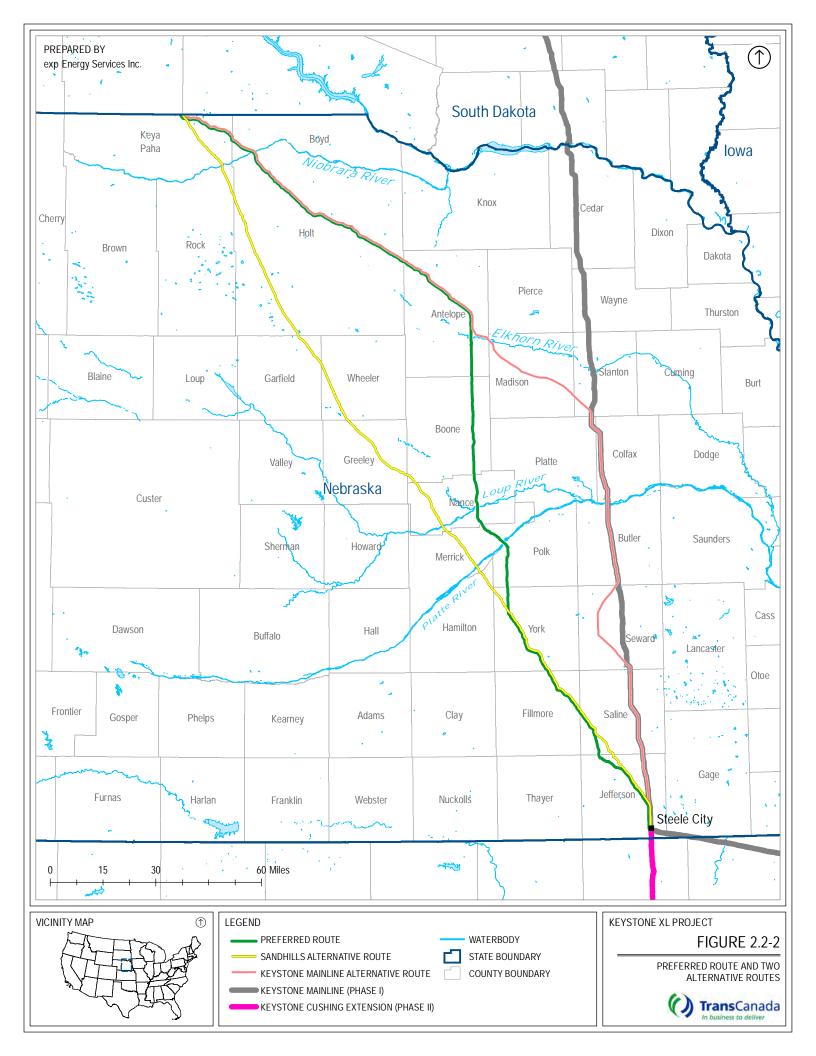
Attachment No. 6





KXL002000

Attachment No. 7



#### Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of LaVonne Beck in Support of Landowner Intervenors

State	of Nebraska	)
		) ss.
Holt	County	)

#### 1 Q: Please state your name.

- 2 A: My name is LaVonne Beck. I am President of Milliron Ranch Corp.
- 3 Q: Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
  4 regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
  5 XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?

6 A: Yes, I am.

Q: Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
Keystone XL pipeline?

10 A: Yes, I do and it is located at NE <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> 32-32-14 in Holt County.

Q: Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
 photo(s) of your land in question here with the area of the proposed KXL
 pipeline depicted?

14 A: Yes.

15 **Q:** What do you do for a living?

- A: I am retired from ranching but pay the bills and look after the ranch to the best of
   my ability.
- 3 Q: If you are you married tell us your spouse's name please?
- 4 A: I am a widow. I was married to Duane R. Beck, but he passed away Jan.23, 2004.
- 5 Q: If you have children how many do you have?
- 6 A: Yes, Duane had 3 children and I have two children.
- 7 Q: If you have grandchildren how many do you have?
- 8 A: Yes, I have 12 grandchildren and two great-grandchildren.
- 9 Q: Is Attachment No. 2 to this sworn statement a copy(ies) of picture(s) of you
  10 and or your family?
- 11 A. Yes.

## Q: For the land that would be affected and impacted by the proposed KXL tar sands pipeline give the Commissioners a sense how long the land has been in your family and a little history of the land.

15 A: This land has been in my family for over 70 years. This property is of very sandy 16 soil. In the fall of 1974 an insurance agent got tuck on the road, his muffler started 17 a fire which went across section 32-32-14. Several years we could not use the land 18 to its fullest capacity. We had lots of weeds for several years. On the Milliron Ranch Corp. there was much work to do but when you love your work, it is fun. In 19 20 the spring there was calving, seems the cow needing help was always in the early 21 morning hours like 1, 2, or 3 o'clock. Most times we were able to pull the calf but 22 sometimes had to call the Vet and they would have to drive 30 miles. Then came 23 branding day and taking them to pasture. Of course there was fixing fence before 24 cattle went out to pasture. A job I hated but it had to be done. We cut cedar trees, 25 musk thistle and sprayed for leafy spurge. Of course we must pay taxes which are 26 not cheap. This property is very sandy and with the loss of the top soil, it will blow 27 ~ we have lots of wind. A blowout is not easy to heal, also we do not know what is 28 under our land. At one time many cattle had anthrax and had to be shot and buried.

- 1 What if an anthrax burial site is dug up and this disease surfaces again. This is a 2 beautiful, productive pasture, if tore up cannot be restored to its original condition.
- 3 Q: Do you earn any income from this land?
- 4 A: Yes.
- 5 Q: Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood
  6 or the livelihood of your family?
- A: Yes. This land is pasture land, I have a very good renter that takes good care of the
  land. Taxes on this quarter are currently \$6,417.32 per year. I need the full use of
  this land, it also helps pay my bills.

## 10 Q: Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all 11 or a portion of your land in question here?

12 A: Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective 13 tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and 14 all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching 15 operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking 16 to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I 17 would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same 18 way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the 19 county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or 20 mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to 21 Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a 22 pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.

#### 23 Q: Do you have similar concerns about selling the land?

A: Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you
never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece
of ground similar to mine were for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine
did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline
ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes.

29 Q: What is your intent with your land after you die?

1	A:	Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stays in the family for years
2		to come but I have thought about getting out if this pipeline were to come through.
3	Q:	Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL
4		Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you?
5	A:	Yes.
6	Q:	Were you or an entity for which you are a member, shareholder, or director
7		previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP?
8	A:	Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a
9		petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline
10		within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.
11	Q:	Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?
12	A:	Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees
13		and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.
14	Q:	Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees
15		incurred?
16	A:	No, they have not.
17	Q:	In its lawsuit against you, did TransCanada identify the amount of your
18		property that it wanted to take for its proposed pipeline?
19	A:	The lawsuit against us stated they would take the amount of property that is
20		reasonably necessary to lay, relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant
21		and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline.
22	Q:	Did TransCanada define what they meant by "property that is reasonably
23		necessary"?
24	A:	No, they did not.
25	Q:	Did TransCanada in its lawsuit against you, identify the eminent domain
26		property portion of your land?
27	A:	Yes, they did.
28	Q:	Did TransCanada describe what rights it proposed to take related to the

1 A: Yes, they did.

#### 2 Q: What rights that they proposed to take did they describe?

3 A: TransCanada stated that the eminent domain property will be used to "lay, relay, 4 operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably 5 necessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying, laying, 6 constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, 7 reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with all fittings, 8 cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equipment and 9 appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hydrocarbon, petroleum products, and all by-products thereof." 10

Q: Prior to filing an eminent domain lawsuit to take your land that
 TransCanada identified, do you believe they attempted to negotiate in good
 faith with you?

14 A: No, I do not.

15 Q: Did TransCanada at any time approach you with or deliver to you their
 16 proposed easement and right-of-way agreement?

17 A: Yes, they did.

Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way
agreement, did you understand that they would be purchasing a fee title
interest in your property or that they were taking something else?

A: I understood that they proposed to have the power to take both a temporary construction easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a permanent easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and that would run the entire portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline would enter my property until where it would exit the property.

Q: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 3, a
 true and accurate copy of TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of Way agreement that they included with their condemnation lawsuit against
 you?

- 1 A: Yes, it is.
- 2 Q: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement
  3 and Right-of-Way agreement?

4 A: Yes, I have.

5 Q: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-of6 Way agreement as proposed by TransCanada?

A: My understanding is that this is the document that will govern all of the rights and
obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and
how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property
must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how
they can use my land.

# Q: After reviewing TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way agreement do you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the language either included in the document or missing from the proposed document?

- A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and
   how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively
   impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and
   my state.
- 20Q:I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of21your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way22agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and23the terms of that contract, in your opinion, potentially negatively impacts you24and your land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and25let's work our way through it, okay?
- A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's proposed
  Easement and Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my
  property rights and my economic interests.
- 29 Q. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.

- A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will pay to compensate me for all of the known and unknown affects and all of the rights I am giving up and for all the things they get to do to my land and for what they will prevent me from doing on my land and they only will pay me one time at the signing of the easement agreement. That is a huge problem.
- 6

6

#### **Q:** Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.

- 7 A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the 8 landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so 9 they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from 10 my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 11 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 12 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 13 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying 14 once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 15 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 16 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 17 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and 18 generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders 19 keep all that money and it never finds its way to Nebraska.
- 20

#### **Q:** What is your next concern?

21 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 22 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 23 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 24 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 25 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 26 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of the these partners or 27 the structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if 28 you would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 29 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general
 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so
 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but
 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

- 5 Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 6 percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of over 275 miles of 7 Nebraska land?
- 8 A: No.

# 9 Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 10 percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for 11 approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through 12 Nebraska land?

13 A: No.

### Q: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter 16 A: 17 called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow my easement to be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows what 18 19 that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This pipeline 20 would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest bidder 21 that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who may 22 buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto or 23 have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in the 24 future.

### Q: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

27 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.

28 Q: What's next?

A: Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this
really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual
and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to.
Perpetual to me is like forever and that doesn't make sense.

5 Q: Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you?

6 A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any 7 data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in 8 TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this 9 pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have 10 a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become 11 obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however 12 will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as 13 undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of 14 Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for 15 this specific kind of pipeline project.

16

#### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

A: The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says
"...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground
until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned
a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

## Q: Now it looks like we are ready to go to the second page of the Easement is that right?

26 A: Yes.

#### 27 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

A: Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the
pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period

starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 1 2 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 3 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes 4 "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 5 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 6 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 7 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best 8 interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 9 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding 10 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 11 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials." 12 13 Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are 14 two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to 15 allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of 16 TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is 17 not conducive to protection of property rights.

18

#### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

19 A: Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of 20 TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially 21 reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 22 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of 23 "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 24 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 25 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 26 27 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and 28 intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. 29 However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 1 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 2 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 3 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 4 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 5 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 6 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 7 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 8 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 9 landowners to be treated that way.

#### 10 **O**: 11

#### Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this concern more real for you?

12 A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against 13 Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two 14 Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of 15 gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged 16 negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate 17 copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 4

18

#### **Q**: What is your next concern with the Easement language?

19 A: Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with 20 21 TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 22 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 23 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 24 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 25 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 26 27 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 28 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains 29 all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to

them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 1 2 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes is 3 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 4 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 5 the removal of trees or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities 6 owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and 7 rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or 8 losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

8 9

#### Q: What is the next concern you have?

10 A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the 11 same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada. 12 TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 13 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 14 any appurtenances thereon to the pipeline itself or to their access to the Easement 15 or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, whether during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot 16 or in vehicle or machinery..." Further at TransCanada's sole discretion it will 17 retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably 18 19 impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement Area. Such 20 undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the protection of 21 property rights or economic interest.

#### 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
 Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
 Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
 to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

28 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

1 Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase A: 2 "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 3 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 4 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 5 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 6 affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights. 7 A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in the 8 future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors 9 common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 10 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

#### 11 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

12 A: There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as 13 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 14 15 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize 16 costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 17 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 18 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 19 economic interest.

#### 20 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

#### 27 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any
 Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion.

1 Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative the their property in 2 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 3 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 4 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 5 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive 6 to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

7

#### Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

8 A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner to 9 transfer and be applicable to any future owner of the Land in question without the 10 ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiation any of the language in 11 question to which it will be held to comply.

#### 12 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

13 A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the 14 Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at anytime 15 to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a 16 third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in 17 place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such 18 change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement 19 20 thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement 21 owner.

#### 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

- A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms
  that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say
  so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in
  TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined terms are as follows:
- i. "pipeline installation activities"

28

- ii. "availability of labor and materials"
- 29 iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"

1	iv.	"reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"					
2	V.	"yield loss damages"					
3	vi.	"diminution in the value of the property"					
4	vii.	"substantially same condition"					
5	viii.	"an actual or potential hazard"					
6	ix.	"efficient"					
7	Х.	"convenient"					
8	xi.	"endangered"					
9	xii.	"obstructed"					
10	xiii.	"injured"					
11	xiv.	"interfered with"					
12	XV.	"impaired"					
13	xvi.	"suitable crossings"					
14	xvii.	"where rock is encountered"					
15	xviii.	"as nearly as practicable"					
16	xix.	"pre-construction position"					
17	XX.	"pre-construction grade"					
18	xxi.	"various engineering factors"					
19	Each one of	these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement					
20	could be pro-	oblematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get					
21	definition in	n further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the					
22	Easement is	drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a					
23	particular si	tuation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For					
24	instance, "y	instance, "yield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out					
25	exactly how	the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front					
26	end. I can't	afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately,					
27	the Landow	ner is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine					
28	when rights	related to them trigger and what the affects may be.					

- Q: Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can
   think of at this time?
- A: I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time of
  my live testimony in August.

5 Q: Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding 6 TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe 7 those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's 8 impact upon you and your land?

9 A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that we10 discussed previously.

Q: Did TransCanada ever offer you financial compensation for the rights that
 they sought to obtain in your land, and for what they sought to prevent you
 and any future land owner of your property from doing in the future?

14 A: Yes, we received an offer from them.

Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better
 than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair,
 compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar
 sands pipeline could be located across your property?

- A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just
  offer for all the potential impacts and effects and the rights that I'm giving up, and
  what we will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would
  impact my property for ever and ever.
- Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
   wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
   across your property.
- 26 A: No, never.

Q: At any time did TransCanada present you with or request that you, as the
 owner of the land in question, sign and execute a document called, "Advanced
 Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?"

1 A: Yes, they did.

### Q: Is Attachment No. 5, to your testimony here, a true and accurate copy of the "Advanced Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?

4 A: Yes, it is.

#### 5 Q: What was your understanding of that document?

Did you ever sign that document?

6 A: When I read that document in the plain language of that document, it was my 7 understanding that TransCanada was attempting to pay me a very small amount at 8 that time in order for me to agree to give up my rights to be compensated from 9 them in the future related to any damage or impact they may have upon my 10 property "arising out of, in connection with, or alleged to resulted from 11 construction or surveying over, under or on" my land.

12 **Q:** 

13

A: No, I did not.

14 **Q:** Why not?

A; Because I do not believe that it is fair or just to try to get me to agree to a small
sum of money when I have no idea how bad the impacts or damages that they, or
their contractors, or subcontractors, or other agents or employees, may cause on
my land at any time in the future that resulted from the construction or surveying
or their activities upon my land.

#### 20 Q: When you reviewed this document, what did it make you feel?

A: I felt like it was simply another attempt for TransCanada to try to pay very little to shield themselves against known and foreseeable impacts that their pipeline, and the construction of it, would have upon my land. It made me feel that they knew it was in their financial interest to pay me as little as possible to prevent me from ever having the opportunity to seek fair compensation again, and that this must be based upon their experience of unhappy landowners and situations in other places where they have built pipelines.

1	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
2		thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
3		was in your best interest?
4	A:	No, they have not.
5	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
6		thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
7		was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?
8	A:	No, they have not.
9	Q:	Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
10		Takings Clause?
11	A:	Yes, I am.
12	Q:	What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of
13		an American citizens property?
14	A:	My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the
15		government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for
16		public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or
17		fairly.
18	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which
19		the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?
20	A:	No, they have not.
21	Q:	Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State
22		of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL
23		Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?
24	A:	No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the
25		public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how
26		it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me
27		that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we
28		are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands

1	are located to where TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in
2	Houston, Texas.

3 Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands,
4 crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to
5 ship in its pipeline?

6 A: No, it has not.

Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum byproducts that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place
for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

10 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
 Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

14 A: No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.

Q: Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
 at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

17 A: Yes, I do.

18 Q: Why do you pay property taxes on that land?

- A: Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the ownerof that property.
- Q: Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you
   deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person
   or company that pays property taxes?
- A: Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
  just what you do.
- Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
   treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?

28 A: No, of course not.

1	Q:	Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be
2		enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of
3		your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the
4		state of Nebraska?
5	A:	Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that
6		I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.
7	Q:	Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?
8	A:	Well, yes I have.
9	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life,
10		employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or
11		consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed
12		one or more persons?
13	A:	No, of course not.
14	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer
15		have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to
16		preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?
17	A:	No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I
18		don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.
19	Q:	Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major
20		crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the
21		state of Nebraska?
22	A:	Yes, I have significant concerns. Yes, I have significant concerns: TransCanada
23		employees threaten landowners with eminent domain, telling them that if they
24		don't sing the easement and take the offered money they will use eminent domain
25		and just use their land with no money involved. It is supposed to be the safest way
26		to go but look at all the spills. Freeman SD for one. How did they clean it up? I am
27		also aware of landowners being treated unfairly or even bullied around and being
28		made to feel scared that they did not have any options but to sign whatever papers
29		TransCanada told them they had to. I am aware of folks being threatened that their

land would be taken if they didn't follow what TransCanada was saying. I am 1 2 aware of tactics to get people to sign easements that I don't believe have any place 3 in Nebraska or anywhere such as TransCanada or some outfit associated with it 4 hiring a pastor or priest to pray with landowners and convince them they should 5 sign TransCanada's easement agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows 6 or widowers feeling they had no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and 7 they didn't know they could fight or stand up for themselves. From a more 8 practical standpoint, I am worried that according to their answer to our 9 Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada only owns and operates one (1) major oil 10 pipeline. They simply do not have the experience with this type of pipeline and 11 that scares me. There are others but that is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is refreshed I will share those with the 12 13 Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

### 14 Q: Do you believe TransCanada's proposed method of compensation to you as a 15 landowner is reasonable or just?

16 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this
 proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of
 future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed
 easement and immediately surrounding areas?

A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in regards to the pipeline.

#### 26 Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

27 A: Well yes, of course.

#### 28 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

1 A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being used as of this moment, 2 and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain 3 ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any 4 potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future owner 5 may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska 6 potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years 7 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 8 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in 9 my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 10 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development 11 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 12 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the 13 short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts 14 may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity 15 and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska.

### 16 Q: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed 17 pipeline?

18 A: Yes, I do.

19 Q: What are some of those concerns?

A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction,
operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have
a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the
lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.

24

#### Q: Do you have any other environmental concerns?

A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in
construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and
leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could
be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State.

- Q: Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the
  natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?
- A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the
   proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural
   resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline
   route.

### Q: Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline to the soil of your land, or land near you?

9 A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the 10 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of 11 land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This 12 includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing 13 the soil composition and makeup as it has naturally existed for thousands and 14 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 15 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 16 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow 17 whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 18 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed 19 20 pipeline.

### Q: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at unreasonable risk.

- Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline
   upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?
- A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or
  maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental
  impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along
  and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of
  Nebraska.

## 8 Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline 9 upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your 10 land?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
wildlife and the plants, not only that are located on or can be found upon my land,
but also near and along the proposed pipeline route.

### 15 Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the 16 fair market value of your land?

17 A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed 18 pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the 19 fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I 20 would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the 21 property. I do not believe, and certainly would not be willing to pay, the same 22 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 23 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to 24 realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest 25 asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 26 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they 27 would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon 28 my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties, 29 not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline

- due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable
   person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my
   property's value.
- 4 Q: Have you ever seen the document that's marked as Attachment No. 6, to your
  5 testimony?

6 A: Yes, I have.

- 7 Q: Where have you seen that before?
- 8 A: That is a map I think I first saw a couple years ago that shows the Keystone XL 9 I-90 corridor alternate route of its proposed pipeline through Nebraska and I 10 believe the portion of the alternative route in Nebraska essentially twins or 11 parallels Keystone I.
- Q: Do you believe that TransCanada's preferred route as found on page 5 of its
  Application, and as found on Attachment No. 7, here to your testimony, is in
  the public interest of Nebraska?

15 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe that the Keystone mainline alternative route as shown on
 Attachment No. 7 included with your testimony here is a major oil pipeline
 route that is in the public interest of Nebraska?

19 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe the I-90 corridor alternative route, specifically for the portion
of the proposed pipeline within Nebraska as found in Attachment No. 6 to
your testimony, is in the public interest of Nebraska?

A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL
Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the
public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

A: No, I do not.

28 Q: Why do you hold that belief?

1 A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am 2 aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to 3 consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply 4 crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar 5 sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the 6 public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for 7 public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in 8 there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our 9 state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all 10 the negative impacts and concerns.

# Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction phase to Nebraska?

15 A: First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether 16 temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the 17 potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here 18 and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If 19 I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching 20 business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact 21 to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is 22 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 23 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all 24 jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with 25 from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted 26 were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 27 projected. According to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 191, TransCanada 28 has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working specifically on 29 behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 196, as

of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary working within Nebraska.
 Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 199, TransCanada would
 only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the proposed Keystone XL was
 constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline Alternative Route.

5 6 Q: Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply because it would cross your land?

A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public
interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

### 9 Q: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline 10 was to cross someone else's land?

A: No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have
the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this
type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this
state or any other state.

### 15 Q: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL 16 Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?

A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe
this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if
you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely
had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe
would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the
preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our
state cannot risk.

#### 24 Q: What do you rely upon to make that statement?

A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I, already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second, they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have already obtained easements from all the landowners along that route and have
relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the
sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala
Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an
alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have
some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of
infrastructure near each other.

8 9

### Q: Do you have any other concerns you would like to reiterate or can think of at this time you would like the Commissioners to understand?

10 A: Yes, here comes TransCanada, a rich foreign company threatening to take our land 11 by eminent domain if we don't sign their easement. A cheap one-time payment to 12 use our land for whatever they please. They have no feeling for the land, I do. 13 Many people have been threatened by Eminent Domain and signed the easement. 14 TransCanada will be stealing our Ogallala Aquifer water and selling it elsewhere. 15 Ruination of our Nebraska land. And the people they will bring in to build the 16 pipeline. If this pipeline goes through our land, we cannot borrow money and if we 17 have a money borrowed we must pay it back immediately. I am debt free now but 18 if I need to replace an irrigation system I will have to borrow money.

## 19 Q: Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would 20 like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of 21 TransCanada's Application?

22 **A:** No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this 23 document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be 24 refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in 25 August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of 26 27 TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was 28 impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I 29 reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet

concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents
 requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have
 additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

## 4 Q: What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in 5 regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline 6 across Nebraska?

I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond 7 A: 8 a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the 9 relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly 10 generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this 11 pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 12 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 13 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 14 15 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 16 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 17 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 18 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. It simply does not make 19 sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new 20 pumping stations, creating new impacts on additional counties and communities 21 and going through all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like 22 me when this applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns 23 and the communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the 24 sand hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala 25 Aquifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.

## Q: Does Attachment No. 8 here contain other documents you are competent to speak about that you wish to be part of your testimony and to discuss in more detail as needed at the August 2017 Hearing?

29 A: Yes.

Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and
 accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your
 knowledge?

4 A: Yes, they are.

5 Q: Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to
6 ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

onne Beck, Millim Rench Corp.

LaVonne Beck, Milliron Ranch

Subscribed and Sworn to me before this 25 day of May, 2017.

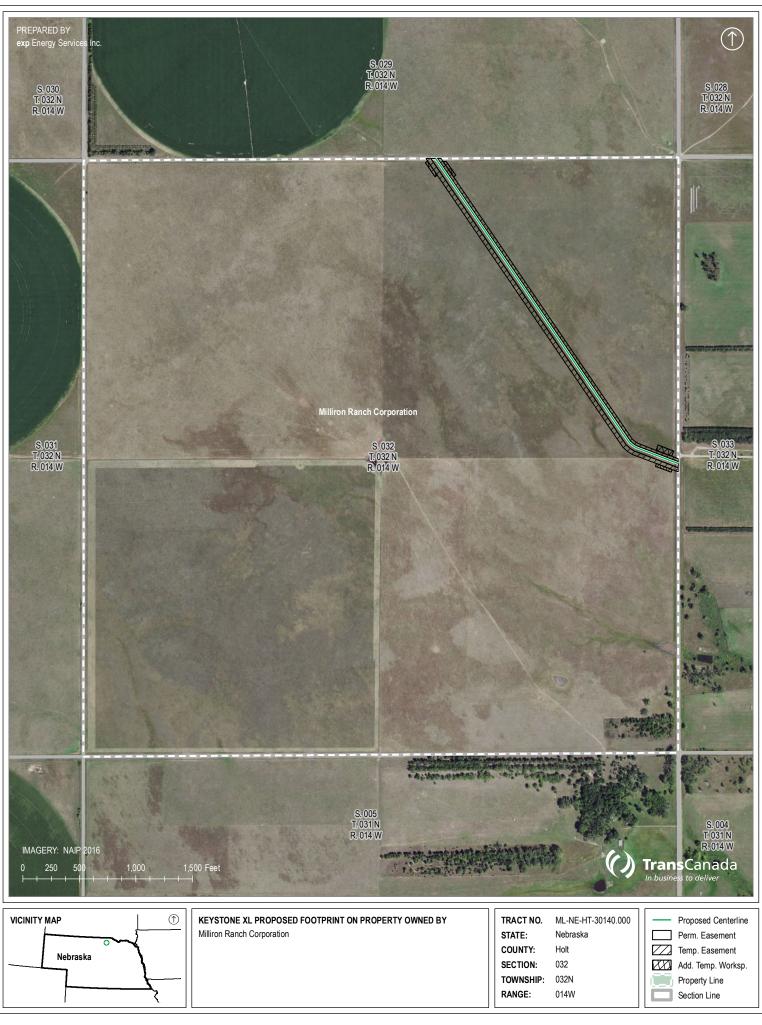
Voitin & Aleg

Notary Public

GENERAL NOTARY - State of Nebraska VICTORIA L SEGER My Comm. Exp. Oct. 6, 2017

046,2017

Attachment No. 1



#### KXL019132

Attachment No. 2





Attachment No. 3

Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

(Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

Tract No.: ML-NE-HT-30140.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "Agreement"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "Consideration") Milliron Ranch Corporation, a Nebraska Corporation, whose mailing address is 88703 476<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Atkinson, NE 68713 (hereinafter called "Grantor") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 13710 FNB Parkway, Suite 300, Omaha, Nebraska 68154, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "Grantee"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "Easement") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and petroleum by-products, on,

Grantor's Initials\_\_\_\_

under, across and/or through a strip of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "**Easement Area**") located on real property situated in the County of Holt, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract of land containing 640 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Holt, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as all of Section 32, Township 32 North, Range 14 West of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 153, Page 623 in the Deed Records of Holt County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "Property"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "Initial Construction Period"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in Exhibit A hereto (the "Temporary Work Space"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock, bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the

negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by 3. Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction. operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, provided, however, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public rights-of-way, the Temporary Access Easements (if any) or other easements in favor of Grantee provide reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee shall not be prevented from traveling within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery; (iv) Grantee's pipeline is left with the amount of cover originally installed to allow safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline; (v) the Grantee's pipeline is left with proper and sufficient and permanent lateral support; and (vi) Grantee's use of the Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein is not unreasonably impaired or interfered with.

5. During the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall also provide suitable crossings on, over and across the Easement Area so as to afford Grantor reasonable access over and across and the Easement Area in accordance with Grantor's customary use of the Property.

6. Grantee shall dispose of all brush and debris, if any, cleared from the Easement Area by burning, chipping, and/or burying, which method of disposal shall be selected by Grantee in Grantee's sole discretion.

7. Grantee shall install the Grantee's pipeline to a minimum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below current grade level and any then existing drainage ditches, creeks and roads, except at those locations where rock is encountered, the pipeline may be installed with a minimum depth of twenty-four inches (24"). Such depth shall be measured from the top of the pipe to the surface of the ground.

Grantor's Initials\_\_\_\_\_

8. In areas of cropland, Grantee agrees to cause the topsoil to be removed from the trench to a depth of twelve inches (12") or the topsoil depth, whichever is less, and return, as nearly as practicable, said topsoil to its original, pre-construction position relative to the subsoil.

9. Prior to the conclusion of the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall grade and slope the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space in order to restore the same to its pre-construction grade to the extent reasonably possible and to the extent such grade does not interfere with the maintenance and/or safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline.

10. Grantee shall maintain the Easement Area (and the Temporary Work Space during the Initial Construction Period) by keeping it clear of all litter and trash during periods when Grantee and its employees, agents, or contractors are on the Property.

11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, except as otherwise required by applicable laws, regulations or industry standards, Grantee shall not install or maintain any permanent above-ground structures of any kind on or within the Easement Area other than pipeline markers (which markers may be required to be placed along the Easement Area by applicable Department of Transportation Code regulations and other applicable statutes and regulations of governmental authorities) and cathodic protection equipment. After the Initial Construction Period expires, no pipelines, above-ground structures, installations, equipment or apparatus of any kind will be on or within the Temporary Work Space.

12. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the Easement Area in whole or in part, Grantee may, at its sole election, either leave the improvements in place or remove them. In the event Grantee elects to remove the improvements, Grantee shall restore the Easement Area, as nearly as is practicable, to its condition prior to removal. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the improvements in place, Grantee shall comply with all then applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to such abandonment.

13. Grantor acknowledges and agrees that the information set forth at Exhibit A hereto, including, without limitation, the location and area of the proposed Easement Area depicted, is approximate and preliminary and is based upon publicly available information, calculations, measurements and estimates without the benefit of site-specific on the ground investigation, inspection or survey; Grantor further acknowledges and agrees that Grantee shall have the right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space within the Property as a result of, among other things, site investigation, inspections or surveys, various engineering factors or to correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. In the event such a modification is required by Grantee, Grantee may modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" referring to this instrument and setting forth the modified legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space, which description may be set forth by map attached to said Notice. A copy of the Notice shall be delivered to the Grantor. Without limiting Grantee's right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" as aforesaid. Grantor agrees to execute and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. If such documents are required, they will be prepared by Grantee at its expense. Grantor shall receive additional reasonable compensation only if the acreage within the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space increases as a result of the changed location.

14. Grantee shall comply in all material respects, at Grantee's sole cost, with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations which are applicable to Grantee's activities hereunder, including, without limitation, the construction, use, operation, maintenance, repair and service of the Grantee's pipeline. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs that are necessitated, caused by, or are the result of any act or omission of negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct by the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

4

15. All notices under this Agreement shall be in writing, addressed to the addresses first set forth above and be delivered by certified mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested, next business day delivery via a reputable national courier service, regular United States mail, facsimile, e-mail or hand delivery. A party may change its address for notice by giving notice of such change to the other party.

16. The undersigned hereby bind themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to this Agreement unto Grantee, its successors and assigns. The Easement granted hereby shall create a covenant and burden upon the Property and running therewith.

17. It is agreed that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and that no other agreements have been made modifying, adding to or changing the terms of the same. This Agreement shall not be abrogated, modified, rescinded or amended in whole or in part without the consent of Grantor and Grantee, in writing and executed by each of them, and duly recorded in the appropriate real property records.

18. The rights granted hereby to Grantee may be assigned by Grantee in whole or in part, in Grantee's sole discretion.

19. The terms, stipulations, and conditions of this Easement are subject to all applicable laws, regulations, and permit conditions.

20. This Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State in which the Easement Area is situated.

21. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes; provided, however, that all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the \_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_

GRANTOR(S):

Milliron Ranch Corporation, a Nebraska Corporation

By:

lts:

#### [ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

STATE (	ΟF				 	
		 	 	 	 	_

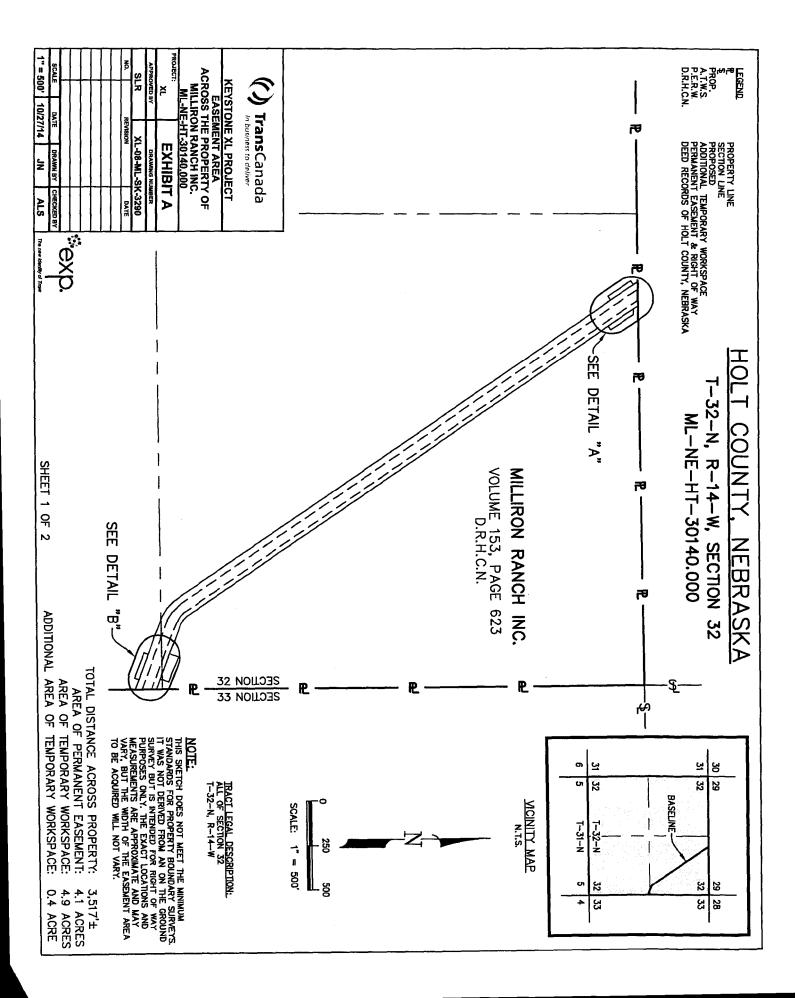
COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_

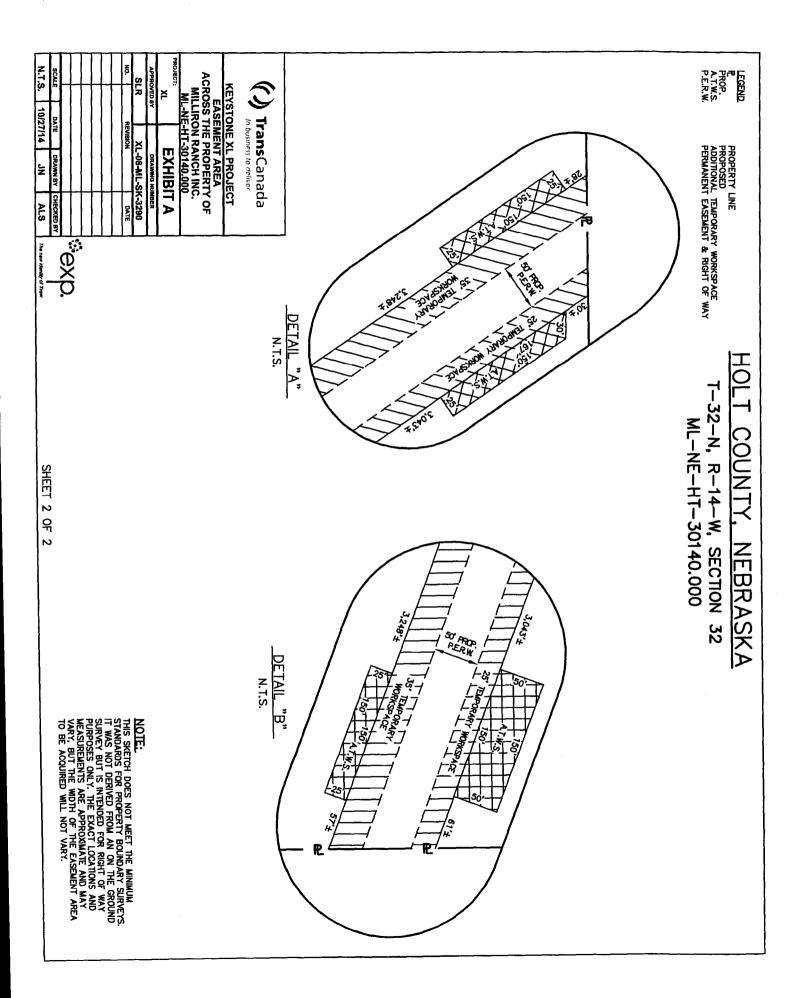
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this _	day of	20
Ву		of

Milliron Ranch Corporation, a Nebraska Corporation, on behalf of the corporation.

Notary Public Signature

Affix Seal Here





Attachment No. 4

#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

#### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

#### PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 3 of 5 - Page ID # 3

law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 4 of 5 - Page ID # 4

26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

#### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

#### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862 Attachment No. 5

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

#### Tract No. : ML-NE-HT-30140.000

We, <u>Milliron Ranch Inc.</u>, of <u>Holt</u> County, in the State of <u>Nebraska</u>, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

<u>Two Thousand Four Hundred Forty Four Dollars and No Cents</u> (\$2,444.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Holt, State of Nebraska:

All

#### Section 32, Township 32-N, Range 14-W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands on this day of

\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_\_.

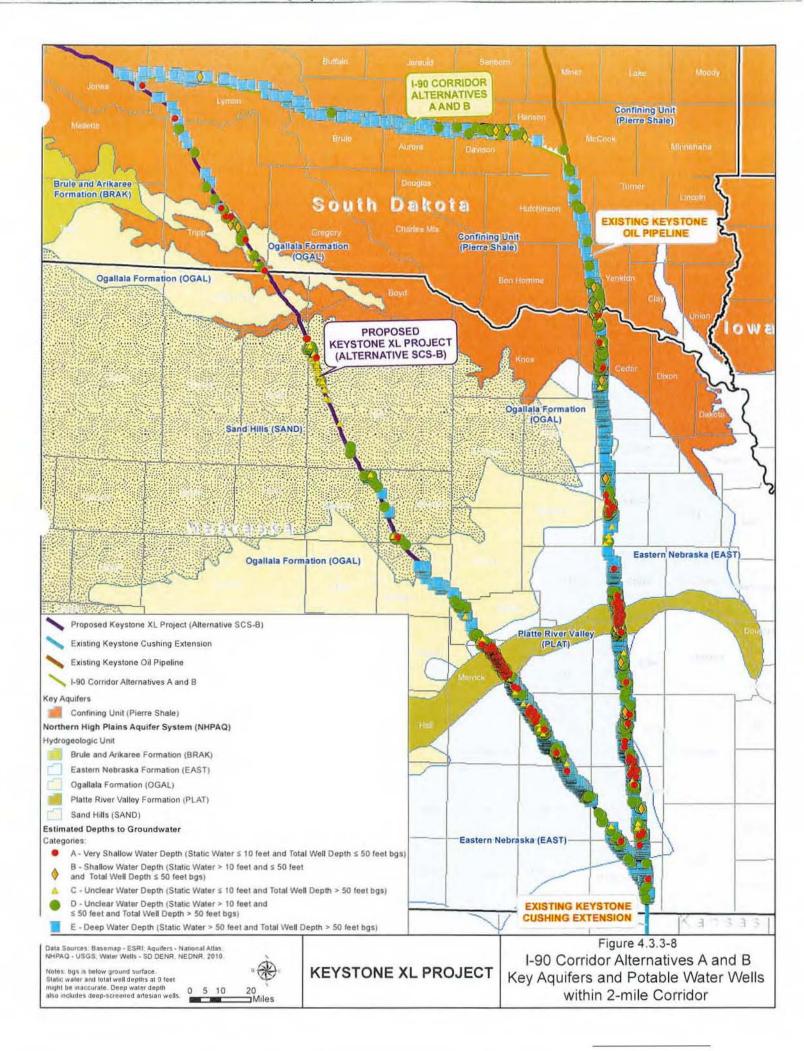
Owner Signature

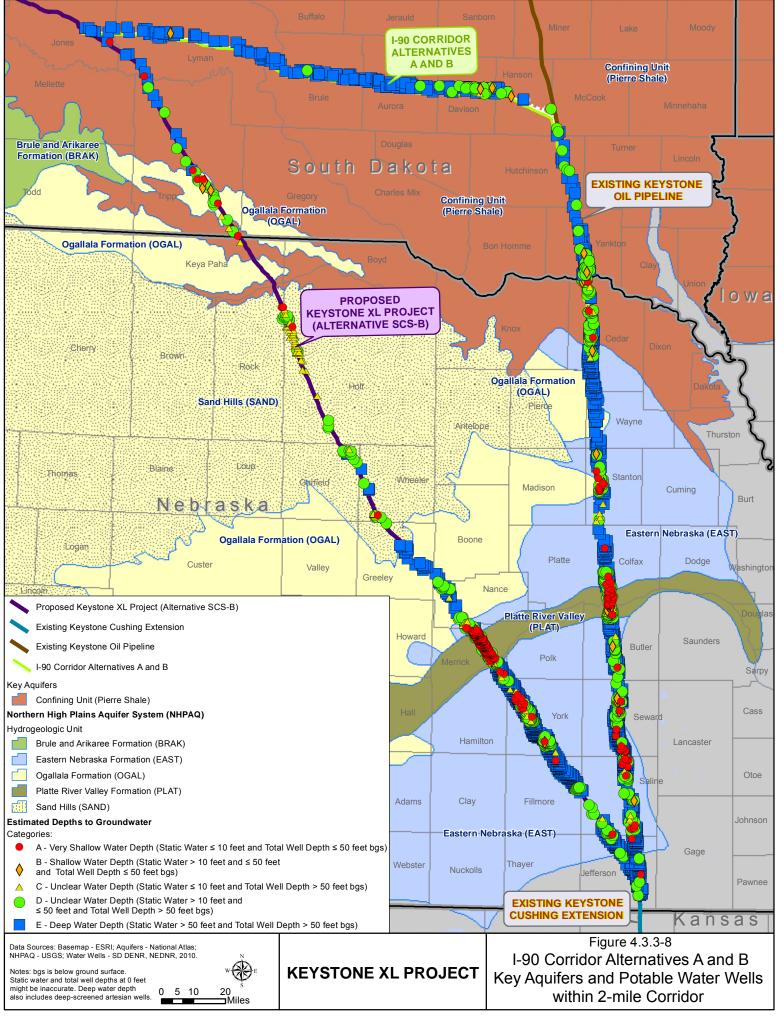
Owner Signature

Owner/Owner Representative Name

Owner/Owner Representative Name

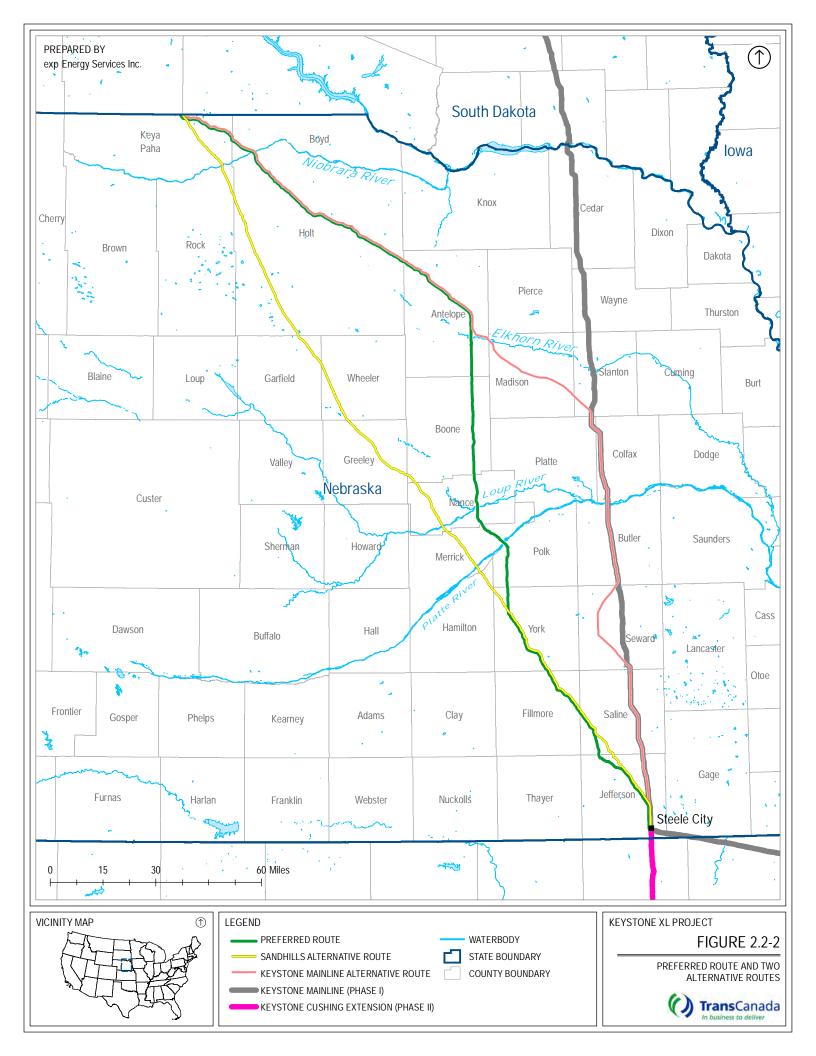
Attachment No. 6





KXL002000

Attachment No. 7



Attachment No. 8

5/15/2017

Google Maps

#### Google Maps



Milliron Barch Corp -

Route Crosses northeast corner of Section 32 Hownship 32 Range 14

#### Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of Mia Bergman in Support of Landowner Intervenors

State of Nebraska	)
	) ss.
Antelope County	)

- 1 **Q:** Please state your name.
- 2 A: My name is Mia Bergman.
- Q: Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
   regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
   XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?

6 A: Yes, I am.

Q: Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
Keystone XL pipeline?

- 10 A: Yes, I do and it is located in Antelope County.
- 11 Q: Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
  12 photo(s) of your land in question?
- 13 A: Yes.
- 14 Q: What do you do for a living?

15 A: Farmer and R.N.

Q: Is Attachment No. 2 to this sworn statement a copy(ies) of picture(s) of you
 and or your family?

3 A. Yes.

- 4 Q: Do you earn any income from this land?
- 5 A: Yes.
- 6 7

Q: Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood or the livelihood of your family?

8 A: Yes.

## 9 Q: Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all 10 or a portion of your land in question here?

- 11 A: Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective 12 tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and 13 all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching 14 operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking 15 to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I 16 would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same 17 way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or 18 19 mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to 20 Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a 21 pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.
- 22 Q: Do you have similar concerns about selling the land?
- A: Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you
  never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece
  of ground similar to mine were for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine
  did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline
  ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes.
- 28 Q: What is your intent with your land after you die?

3       Q:       Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keys         4       Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you?         5       A:       Yes.         6       Q:       Have you reviewed the Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement Trans         7       holds against your land?         8       A:       Yes.         9       Q:       Did TransCanada describe what rights it has taken related to their I         10       and Right-of-Way on your land?         11       A:       Yes, they did.         12       Q:       What rights did they take?         13       A:       TransCanada stated that the Easement and Right-of-Way will be used         14       relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment renecessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying         16       constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing,         17       reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with al         18       cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equip         19       appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hyd         19       appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hyd         21       Q:       Did you ever have an opportunit	1	A:	Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stays in the family for years
<ul> <li>Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you?</li> <li>A: Yes.</li> <li>Q: Have you reviewed the Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement Trantholds against your land?</li> <li>A: Yes.</li> <li>Q: Did TransCanada describe what rights it has taken related to their I and Right-of-Way on your land?</li> <li>A: Yes, they did.</li> <li>Q: What rights did they take?</li> <li>A: TransCanada stated that the Easement and Right-of-Way will be usedrelay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment relay, operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with al cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equip appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hyd petroleum products, and all by-products thereof."</li> <li>Q: Did you ever have an opportunity to negotiate any of the Easement Right-of-Way language or terms?</li> <li>A: No, I did not.</li> <li>Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and rigl agreement, did you understand that they purchased a fee title interestion.</li> </ul>	2		to come but I have thought about getting out if this pipeline were to come through.
<ul> <li>5 A: Yes.</li> <li>6 Q: Have you reviewed the Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement Transholds against your land?</li> <li>8 A: Yes.</li> <li>9 Q: Did TransCanada describe what rights it has taken related to their I and Right-of-Way on your land?</li> <li>11 A: Yes, they did.</li> <li>12 Q: What rights did they take?</li> <li>13 A: TransCanada stated that the Easement and Right-of-Way will be used relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment rencessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with al cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equip appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hyd petroleum products, and all by-products thereof."</li> <li>12 Q: Did you ever have an opportunity to negotiate any of the Easem Right-of-Way language or terms?</li> <li>23 A: No, I did not.</li> <li>24 Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's casement and rigl agreement, did you understand that they purchased a fee title interestion.</li> </ul>	3	Q:	Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL
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24Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right25agreement, did you understand that they purchased a fee title interest	22		Right-of-Way language or terms?
agreement, did you understand that they purchased a fee title interes	23	A:	No, I did not.
	24	Q:	At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way
26 property or that they took something else?	25		agreement, did you understand that they purchased a fee title interest in your
	26		property or that they took something else?

A: I understood that they have the power to take both a temporary construction
easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a permanent
easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and that would run

through portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline would enter my 1 2 property until where it would exit the property. 3 **O**: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 3, a 4 true and accurate copy of TransCanada's Easement and Right-of-Way 5 agreement that affects your property? 6 A: Yes, it is. 7 **Q**: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement 8 and Right-of-Way agreement? 9 A: Yes, I have. 10 **O**: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-of-11 Way agreement as proposed by TransCanada? 12 A: My understanding is that this is the document governs all of the rights and 13 obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and 14 how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property 15 must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how 16 they can use my land. 17 **Q**: After reviewing TransCanada's Easement and Right-of-Way agreement do 18 you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the language either included in the document or missing from the proposed document? 19 20 A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and 21 how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively 22 impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and 23 my state. 24 I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of **Q**: 25 your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and 26 27 the terms of that contract, in your opinion, negatively impacts you and your 28 land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and let's work 29 our way through it, okay?

A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's Easement and
 Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my property rights
 and my economic interests.

4 Q. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.

5 A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will 6 pay to compensate for all of the known and unknown affects and all of the rights 7 that are being given up and for all the things they get to do to the land and for what 8 they will prevent me from doing on my land. The problem is they paid the 9 previous owner one time and I have never received any payment. But even if I had 10 received the one-time payment, why should a private, foreign company be allowed 11 to use my land as they see fit? There is no public gain with this project. There 12 isn't even any gain for landowners whose land this pipe will be crossing. A one-13 time payment isn't just or fair compensation for the burden placed upon us and our 14 State. Where are our rights as landowners who bought and paid for our land with 15 our hard work? We are the ones that are stuck with all the risk. We may only 16 receive compensation for the crop loss during the construction of the pipeline; and 17 who gets to determine what is fair compensation for this? TransCanada? Will they 18 use our average proven yield to determine what fair compensation is? Will they use the lowest price of grain at that time? We wouldn't sell our grain for the 19 20 lowest price. We would hold on to it and watch the markets to sell for the highest 21 price. And if this ends up being the case, do we take them to court and acquire 22 legal expenses to fight for the money that should rightfully be ours? What happens 23 if this affects our yield enough that our average proven yield is affected and thus 24 also affects any possible crop insurance pay-out if we were to have inclement 25 weather that affected our yield for any of the fields that we farm.

26

#### **Q:** Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.

A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the
landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so
they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from

my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 1 2 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 3 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 4 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying 5 once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 6 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 7 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 8 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and 9 generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders 10 keep that money. Nebraska's main economy is agriculture. Why should our main 11 economic interests be jeopardized for a foreign company with minimal, if any, 12 benefit to Nebraska or the Country?

13

#### Q: What is your next concern?

14 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 15 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 16 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 17 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 18 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 19 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of the these partners or 20 the structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if 21 you would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 22 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited 23 liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general 24 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so 25 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but 26 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

## Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of about 275 miles of Nebraska land?

1 A: No.

# Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through Nebraska land?

6 A: No.

### Q: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

9 Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter A: called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow the easement to 10 11 be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows what 12 that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This pipeline 13 would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest bidder 14 that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who may 15 buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto or 16 have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in the 17 future.

## 18 Q: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece 19 of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

20 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.

21 Q: What's next?

# A: Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to. Perpetual to me is forever and that doesn't make sense.

26 Q: Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you?

A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any
data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in
TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this

pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for this specific kind of pipeline project.

8

#### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

A: The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says
"...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground
until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned
a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

#### 16 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

17 A: Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the 18 pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period 19 starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 20 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 21 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes 22 "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 23 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 24 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 25 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 26 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding 27 28 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 29 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is

expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials."
Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are
two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to
allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of
TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is
not conducive to protection of property rights.

7

#### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

8 A: Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of 9 TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 10 11 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 12 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 13 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by 14 15 Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 16 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and 17 intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 18 19 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 20 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 21 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 22 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 23 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 24 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 25 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 26 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 27 landowners to be treated that way.

### Q: Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this concern more real for you?

A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against
Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two
Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of
gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged
negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate
copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 4

7

#### **Q:** What is your next concern with the Easement language?

8 A: Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as 9 they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with 10 TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 11 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 12 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 13 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 14 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that 15 TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 16 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 17 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to 18 19 them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 20 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes is 21 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 22 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 23 the removal of trees or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities 24 owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and 25 rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest. 26

27

#### Q: What is the next concern you have?

A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the
same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada.

TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 1 2 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 3 any appurtenances thereon to the pipeline itself or to their access to the Easement 4 or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, whether 5 during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery..." Further at TransCanada's sole discretion it will 6 retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably 7 impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement Area. Such 8 9 undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the protection of 10 property rights or economic interest.

11 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

#### 17 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

18 Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase A: 19 "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 20 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 21 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 22 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 23 affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights. 24 A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in the 25 future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 26 27 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

#### 28 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

1 There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as A: 2 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably 3 possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 4 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize 5 costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 6 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 7 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 8 economic interest.

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#### **Q**: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

10 A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any 11 12 time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such 13 abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral 14 powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive to the 15 protection of property rights or economic interest.

#### 16 **Q**: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

17 A: TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any 18 Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion. Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative the their property in 19 20 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 21 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 22 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 23 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive 24 to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

25

#### What is the next concern you have with the Easement language? **Q**:

26 A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner to 27 transfer and be applicable to any future owner of the Land in question without the 28 ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiation any of the language in 29 question to which it will be held to comply.

1

#### **O**: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

2 A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the 3 Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at any time 4 to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a 5 third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in 6 place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such 7 change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property 8 rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement 9 thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement 10 owner.

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#### **O**: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

12 A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms 13 that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say 14 so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in 15 TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined terms are as follows:

- 16 i. "pipeline installation activities"
- 17 ii. "availability of labor and materials"
  - iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"
- 19 iv. "reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"
- 20 v. "yield loss damages"
- 21 vi. "diminution in the value of the property"
- 22 vii. "substantially same condition"
- 23 viii. "an actual or potential hazard"
- 24 ix. "efficient"
  - x. "convenient"
- xi. "endangered" 26
- xii. "obstructed" 27
- 28 xiii. "injured"
- 29 xiv. "interfered with"

- 1 xv. "impaired"
- 2 xvi. "suitable crossings"
- 3 xvii. "where rock is encountered"
- 4 xviii. "as nearly as practicable"
  - xix. "pre-construction position"
  - xx. "pre-construction grade"
    - xxi. "various engineering factors"

8 Each one of these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement 9 could be problematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get 10 definition in further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the 11 Easement is drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a 12 particular situation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For 13 instance, "yield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out 14 exactly how the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front 15 end. I can't afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately, 16 the Landowner is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine 17 when rights related to them trigger and what the affects may be. Worse yet, I am 18 stuck with these now and I had no say so in this Easement language at all and no 19 way to renegotiate or fight for what protections to my property rights and 20 economic interests. This is wrong.

21 22 **O**:

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#### Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can think of at this time?

A: I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time ofmy live testimony in August.

Q: Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding
 TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe
 those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's
 impact upon you and your land?

A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that we
 discussed previously.

Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better
than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair,
compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar
sands pipeline could be located across your property?

- A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just
  offer for all the potential impacts and effects and the rights that I'm giving up, and
  what we will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would
  impact my property for ever and ever.
- Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
   wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
   across your property.

14 A: No, never.

Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
 thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
 was in your best interest?

18 A: No, they have not.

Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
 thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
 was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?

22 A: No, they have not.

Q: Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
Takings Clause?

25 A: Yes, I am.

## Q: What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of an American citizens property?

A: My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the
government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for

public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or
 fairly.

- 3 Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which
  4 the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?
- 5 A: No, they have not.

## 6 Q: Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State 7 of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL 8 Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?

A: No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the
public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how
it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me
that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we
are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands
are located to where TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in
Houston, Texas.

## Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to ship in its pipeline?

19 A: No, it has not.

Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place
 for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

- A: No, I do not.
- Q: Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
   Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?
- A: No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.
- Q: Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
  at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

1 A: Yes, I do.

2 Q: Why do you pay property taxes on that land?

3 A: Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the owner4 of that property.

5 Q: Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you 6 deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person 7 or company that pays property taxes?

- 8 A: Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
  9 just what you do.
- 10 Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
   11 treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?
- 12 A: No, of course not.
- Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be
  enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of
  your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the
  state of Nebraska?

### 17 A: Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that 18 I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.

- 19 Q: Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?
- 20 A: Well, yes I have.

# Q: Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life, employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed one or more persons?

25 A: No, of course not.

Q: Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer
 have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to
 preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?

A: No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I
 don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.

## Q: Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the state of Nebraska?

6 A: Yes, I have significant concerns. I am aware of landowners being treated unfairly 7 or even bullied around and being made to feel scared that they did not have any 8 options but to sign whatever papers TransCanada told them they had to. I am 9 aware of folks being threatened that their land would be taken if they didn't follow 10 what TransCanada was saying. I am aware of tactics to get people to sign 11 easements that I don't believe have any place in Nebraska or anywhere such as 12 TransCanada or some outfit associated with it hiring a pastor or priest to pray with 13 landowners and convince them they should sign TransCanada's easement 14 agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows or widowers feeling they had 15 no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and they didn't know they could 16 fight or stand up for themselves. From a more practical standpoint, I am worried 17 that according to their answer to Landowners Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada 18 only owns and operates one (1) major oil pipeline. They simply do not have the experience with this type of pipeline and that scares me. There are others but that 19 20 is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is 21 refreshed I will share those with the Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

## Q: Do you believe TransCanada's method of compensation to the landowner is reasonable or just?

A: No, I do not.

25 Q: Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this 26 proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of 27 future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed 28 easement and immediately surrounding areas? A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of
structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I
would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being
blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in
regards to the pipeline.

6 **Q:** 

7

Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?A: Well yes, of course.

8 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

9 A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being used as of this moment, 10 and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain 11 ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any 12 potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future owner 13 may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska 14 potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years 15 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 16 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in 17 my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 18 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development 19 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 20 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the 21 short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts 22 may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity 23 and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska.

## Q: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed pipeline?

A: Yes, I do.

27 Q: What are some of those concerns?

A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction,
 operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have

1 2 a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.

#### 3 Q: Do you have any other related environmental concerns?

4 A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in 5 construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and 6 leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could 7 be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State. Also, I 8 concerned about removal of topsoil with construction, the quality of the pipe being 9 used, and the quality of the leak monitoring system. What will be the effects on 10 the bodies of water and Ogallala Aquifer? How will they clean up a spill out of 11 water, when it has been stated that nobody knows how to effectively clean up a 12 spill of tar sands. This is evidenced by the spill in the Kalamazoo River. How 13 will a spill affect irrigating our crops? Will crops even grow with the chemicals in 14 the water? Is TransCanada responsible for our crop loss and/or decrease in yield 15 after a spill?

#### 16 Q: Okay, what else?

17 A: I am an RN, and within the past year we had a water contamination issue in the 18 city that I work in. This greatly affected how we did patient care; we had to 19 change several things for a period of time to be able to take care of our patient's 20 properly. It also affected several businesses in town. Some had to shut down their 21 kitchens, soda machines, coffee machines due to concern about the water being 22 contaminated. This had to have resulted in a profit loss and extra expenses to 23 operate for these businesses. This could also cause job loss, unrelated to 24 agriculture. Will TransCanada pay for all costs of a spill or will they try to put that 25 on me or others like the are allowed to according to their one-sided Easement 26 language? Including expenses to neighboring landowners that might be affected? 27 What will be the effects on the ground? How will spills or leaks be detected? 28 Based on past experience we have learned they often aren't detected very quickly, 29 if at all, by TransCanada's monitoring system.

Will our grain even be marketable after a spill near our farm? Or will it be turned 1 2 down or receive less money due to possible contamination? How will my family 3 be able to live after a spill? What will we drink? How will we prepare food? 4 How will we bathe, wash clothes, wash dishes, grow a garden? So many things 5 we do on a daily basis revolve around water, how do we live once it is 6 contaminated? Is TransCanada responsible to make sure I have safe water and the 7 cost involved? How do we raise poultry and livestock with contaminated water? 8 How do we take care of our pets? Our lives are based around agriculture and 9 water is a necessity, how will we still be able to farm and support ourselves if we 10 aren't able to farm because of a spill. We will lose many ag related jobs, just to 11 gain a few permanent jobs this pipeline will create. What will the effects on 12 wildlife and plants be? Who will pay for the expenses to help protect and preserve 13 these species once they are in danger from a spill?

14 **Q:** What else?

15 A: A spill in the Ogallala Aquifer has the potential to affect SO many people's water 16 source. There are so many places around the world that don't have safe drinking 17 water. The people that live there suffer, and lack of safe water costs many people 18 their lives. In a place where we are so fortunate to have safe drinking water, why would anyone want to put it at risk? In fact, it seems a perfect way to cripple the 19 20 United States if a foreign country wanted to. This statement is cited from 21 water.org: "The water crisis is the #1 global risk based on impact to society (as a 22 measure of devastation), as announced by the World Economic Forum in January 23 2015." I believe this statement to be true.

### Q: Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?

A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. Q: Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline
 to the soil of your land, or land near you?

3 A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the 4 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of 5 land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This 6 includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing 7 the soil composition and makeup as it has naturally existed for thousands and 8 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 9 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 10 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow 11 whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 12 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the 13 same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed pipeline. 14

### Q: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline
route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and
simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at
unreasonable risk.

### Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?

A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or
maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental
impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along
and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of
Nebraska.

## Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your land?

4 A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
5 the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
6 wildlife and the plants, not only that are located on or can be found upon my land,
7 but also near and along the proposed pipeline route.

### 8 Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the 9 fair market value of your land?

10 A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed 11 pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I 12 13 would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the 14 property. I do not believe, and certainly would not be willing to pay, the same 15 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 16 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to 17 realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 18 19 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they 20 would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon 21 my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties, 22 not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline 23 due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable 24 person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my 25 property's value.

## Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

A: No, I do not.

#### 1 Q: Why do you hold that belief?

2 A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am 3 aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to 4 consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply 5 crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar 6 sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the 7 public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for 8 public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in 9 there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all 10 11 the negative impacts and concerns.

# Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction phase to Nebraska?

16 A: First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether 17 temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the 18 potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here 19 and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If 20 I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching 21 business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact 22 to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is 23 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 24 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all 25 jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with 26 from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted 27 were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 28 projected. According to their answer to Landowners' Interrogatory No. 191, 29 TransCanada has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working

specifically on behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to
Interrogatory No. 196, as of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary
working within Nebraska. Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No.
199, TransCanada would only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the
proposed Keystone XL was constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline
Alternative Route.

#### 7 8

**Q**:

## Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply because it would cross your land?

9 A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public
10 interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

Q: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline
was to cross someone else's land?

A: No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have
the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this
type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this
state or any other state.

### 17 Q: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL 18 Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?

19 A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe 20 this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if 21 you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely 22 had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe 23 would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the 24 preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our 25 state cannot risk.

26 Q: What do you rely upon to make that statement?

A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I,
already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the
public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second,

1 they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the 2 counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have 3 already obtained easements from all the landowners along that route and have 4 relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the 5 sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala 6 Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an 7 alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have 8 some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of 9 infrastructure near each other.

## 10 Q: Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would 11 like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of 12 TransCanada's Application?

13 A: No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this 14 document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be 15 refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in 16 August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, 17 I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was 18 19 impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I 20 reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet 21 concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents 22 requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have 23 additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

## Q: What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline across Nebraska?

A: I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond
 a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the
 relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly

generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this 1 2 pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 3 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 4 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public 5 interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 6 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 7 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 8 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 9 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. It simply does not make 10 sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new 11 pumping stations, creating new impacts on additional counties and communities 12 and going through all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like 13 me when this applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns 14 and the communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the 15 sand hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala 16 Aquifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.

## Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your knowledge?

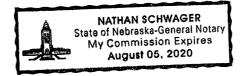
20 A: Yes, they are.

Q: Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to
ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

Bergman 12 Mia Bergman

Subscribed and Sworn to me before this  $25^{+h}$  day of May, 2017.

Notary Public







CINTLOF NEORNA } SS ATTELOFE COUNTY } SS Entered on the Numerical Index and Filed for Record the 24 day of Septem 200 AD. 20 13 at 11.15 of lock A M. Recorded in pook 59 at 11.15 of lock A M.

Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

(Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

ML-NE-AT-30055.000 ML-NE-AT-30056.000 ML-NE-AT-30057.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "**Agreement**"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "**Consideration**"), **Rodney W. Deck and Kim Deck, husband and wife**, whose mailing address is 85589 567 Avenue, Winside, NE 68790 (hereinafter called "**Grantor**") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto **TransCanada Keystone Pipeline**, **LP**, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 717 Texas Street, Houston, Texas 77002, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "**Grantee**"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "**Easement**") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all

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other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and petroleum by-products, on, under, across and/or through a strip of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "Easement Area") located on real property situated in the County of Antelope, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract of land containing 92 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Antelope, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as the SW1/4 and the S1/2 NW1/4 of Section 27, T28N, R8W of the 6<sup>th</sup> P.M., as recorded in Book 123, Page 646 in the Deed Records of Antelope, County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

Less and Except: A tract of land located in part of the South One Half of the Northwest Quarter and part of the Southwest Quarter of Section 27, Township 28 North, Range 8 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> P.M., Antelope County, Nebraska, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the Southwest corner of the Southwest Quarter of Section 27, and assuming the South line of said Southwest Quarter to have a bearing of S 89°39'07" E; thence S 8939'07" E, 1403.00 feet; thence N 0°1412" W and parallel to the West line of said Southwest Quarter, 3160.00 feet; thence N 8939'07" W, 387.79 feet, to point of beginning; thence N 89°39'07" W, 915.90 feet; thence S 3603'16" E, 43.24 feet; thence S 71°03'20" E, 195.36 feet; thence S 7833'35" E, 188.68 feet; thence S 71°05'36" E, 207.07 feet; thence S 6254'42" E, 186.95 feet; thence S 60°14'24" E, 20830 feet; thence N 0319'48" W, 386.52 feet, to the point of beginning, containing 3.74 acres, more or less, as recorded in Book 127, Page 742; less and except a tract of land located in part of the South One Half of the Northwest Quarter and part of the Southwest Quarter of Section 27, Township 28 North, Range 8 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> P.M., Antelope County, Nebraska, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the Southwest corner of the Southwest Quarter, and assuming the South line of said Southwest Quarter to have a bearing of S 89°39'07" E; thence S 8939'07" E and on said South line 1403.00 feet; thence N 0°14'12" W and parallel to the West line of said Southwest Quarter, 3160.00 feet to the point of beginning; thence S 014'12" E and parallel to the West line of said Southwest Quarter, 1128.27 feet; thence N 26°25'05" W, 831.59 feet; thence N 3'19'48" W, 386.52 feet; thence S 89°39'07" E and parallel to the South line of said Southwest Quarter, 387.79 feet to the point of beginning, containing 6.37 acres, more or less, as recorded in Book 126, Page 199; and less and except a tract of land described in Book 123, Page 646.

A tract of land containing 6.39 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Antelope, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as a part of the SW1/4 of Section 27, Township 28 North, Range 8 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> P.M., as recorded in Book 126, Page 189 in the Deed Records of Antelope County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

A tract of land containing 2.81 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Antelope, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as a part of the SW1/4 of Section 27, Township 28 North, Range 8 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> P.M., as recorded in Book 127, Page 741 in the Deed Records of Antelope County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "**Property**"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "**Initial Construction Period**"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto (the

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"Temporary Work Space"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock, bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

3. Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by

Grantor's Initials R. D.

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Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction, operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee's pipeline is left with the amount of cover originally installed to allow safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline; (v) the Grantee's pipeline is left with proper and sufficient and permanent lateral support; and (vi) Grantee's use of the Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein is not unreasonably impaired or interfered with.

5. During the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall also provide suitable crossings on, over and across the Easement Area so as to afford Grantor reasonable access over and across and the Easement Area in accordance with Grantor's customary use of the Property.

6. Grantee shall dispose of all brush and debris, if any, cleared from the Easement Area by burning, chipping, and/or burying, which method of disposal shall be selected by Grantee in Grantee's sole discretion.

7. Grantee shall install the Grantee's pipeline to a minimum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below current grade level and any then existing drainage ditches, creeks and roads, except at those locations where rock is encountered, the pipeline may be installed with a minimum depth of twenty-four inches (24"). Such depth shall be measured from the top of the pipe to the surface of the ground.

8. In areas of cropland, Grantee agrees to cause the topsoil to be removed from the trench to a depth of twelve inches (12") or the topsoil depth, whichever is less, and return, as nearly as practicable, said topsoil to its original, pre-construction position relative to the subsoil.

9. Prior to the conclusion of the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall grade and slope the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space in order to restore the same to its pre-construction grade to the extent reasonably possible and to the extent such grade does not interfere with the maintenance and/or safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline.

10. Grantee shall maintain the Easement Area (and the Temporary Work Space during the Initial Construction Period) by keeping it clear of all litter and trash during periods when Grantee and its employees, agents, or contractors are on the Property.

11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, except as otherwise required by applicable laws, regulations or industry standards, Grantee shall not install or maintain any permanent above-ground structures of any kind on or within the Easement Area other than pipeline markers (which markers may be required to be placed along the Easement Area by applicable Department of Transportation Code regulations and other applicable statutes and regulations of governmental authorities) and cathodic

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protection equipment. After the Initial Construction Period expires, no pipelines, above-ground structures, installations, equipment or apparatus of any kind will be on or within the Temporary Work Space.

12. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the Easement Area in whole or in part, Grantee may, at its sole election, either leave the improvements in place or remove them. In the event Grantee elects to remove the improvements, Grantee shall restore the Easement Area, as nearly as is practicable, to its condition prior to removal. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the improvements in place, Grantee shall comply with all then applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to such abandonment.

Grantor acknowledges and agrees that the information set forth at Exhibit A hereto, including, 13. without limitation, the location and area of the proposed Easement Area depicted, is approximate and preliminary and is based upon publicly available information, calculations, measurements and estimates without the benefit of site-specific on the ground investigation, inspection or survey; Grantor further acknowledges and agrees that Grantee shall have the right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space within the Property as a result of, among other things, site investigation, inspections or surveys, various engineering factors or to correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. In the event such a modification is required by Grantee, Grantee may modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" referring to this instrument and setting forth the modified legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space, which description may be set forth by map attached to said Notice. A copy of the Notice shall be delivered to the Grantor. Without limiting Grantee's right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" as aforesaid, Grantor agrees to execute and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. If such documents are required, they will be prepared by Grantee at its expense. Grantor shall receive additional reasonable compensation only if the acreage within the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space increases as a result of the changed location.

14. Grantee shall comply in all material respects, at Grantee's sole cost, with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations which are applicable to Grantee's activities hereunder, including, without limitation, the construction, use, operation, maintenance, repair and service of the Grantee's pipeline. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs that are necessitated, caused by, or are the result of any act or omission of negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct by the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

15. All notices under this Agreement shall be in writing, addressed to the addresses first set forth above and be delivered by certified mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested, next business day delivery via a reputable national courier service, regular United States mail, facsimile, e-mail or hand delivery. A party may change its address for notice by giving notice of such change to the other party.

16. The undersigned hereby bind themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to this Agreement unto Grantee, its successors and assigns. The Easement granted hereby shall create a covenant and burden upon the Property and running therewith.

17. It is agreed that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and that no other agreements have been made modifying, adding to or changing the terms of the same. This Agreement shall not be abrogated, modified, rescinded or amended in whole or in part without the consent of Grantor and Grantee, in writing and executed by each of them, and duly recorded in the appropriate real property records.

18. The rights granted hereby to Grantee may be assigned by Grantee in whole or in part, in Grantee's sole discretion.

Grantor's Initials

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19. The terms, stipulations, and conditions of this Easement are subject to all applicable laws, regulations, and permit conditions.

20. This Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State in which the Easement Area is situated.

21. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes; provided, however, that all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the <u>16</u> day of \_\_\_\_\_\_

GRANTOR(S):

Rodney W. Deck Kim Deck Kim Deck

[ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

Grantor's Initials\_

[6]

STATE OF NEBRASKA COUNTY OF Madison The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this  $10^{40}$  day of Sept. 2013 By Rodney W. Deck Notary Public Signature A GENERAL NOTARY-State of Nebraska KENJI WONCH My Comm. Exp. May 18, 2016 Affix Seal Here STATE OF NEBRASKA COUNTY OF Madison The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this  $10^{+1}$  day of Slpt2013 By Kim Deck

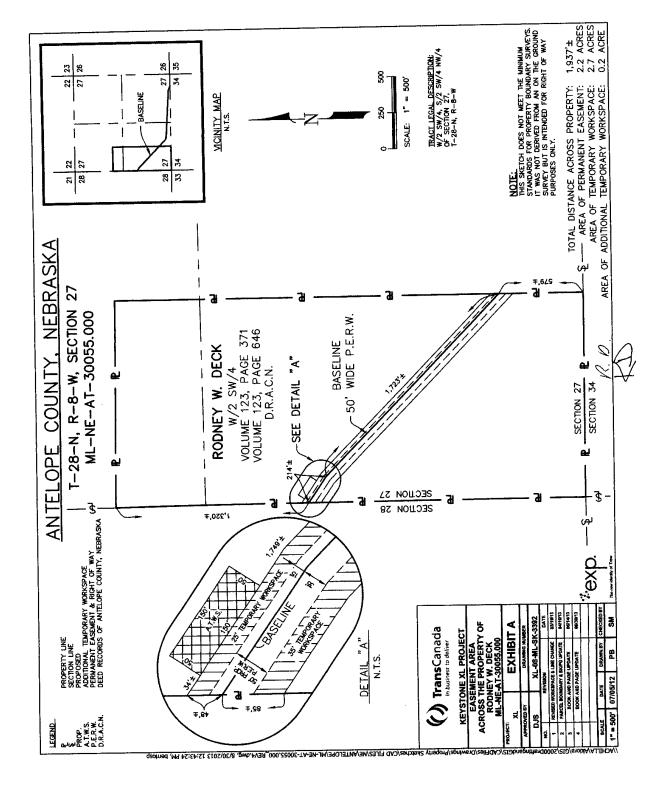
GENERAL NOTARY-State of Nebraska KENJI WONCH My Comm. Exp. May 18, 2018

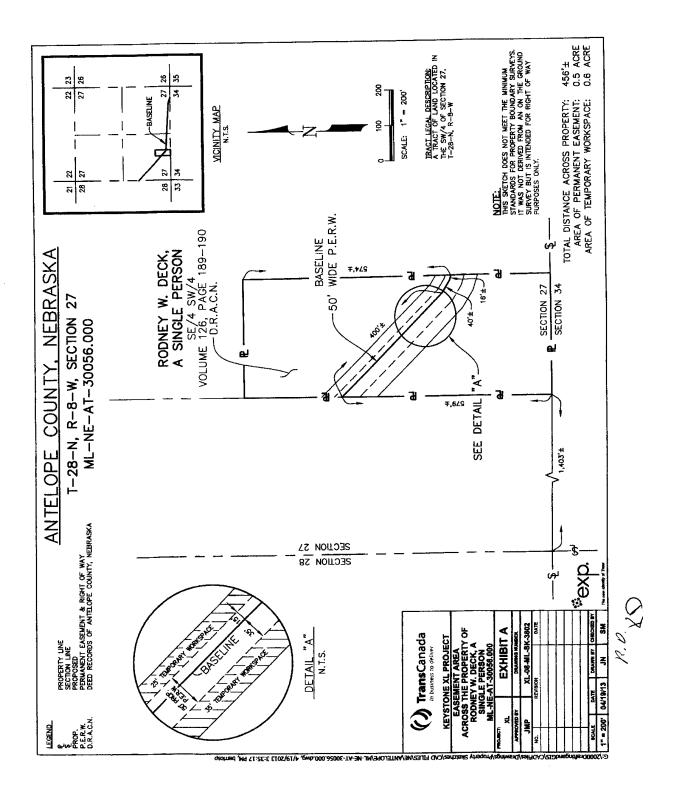
Affix Seal Here

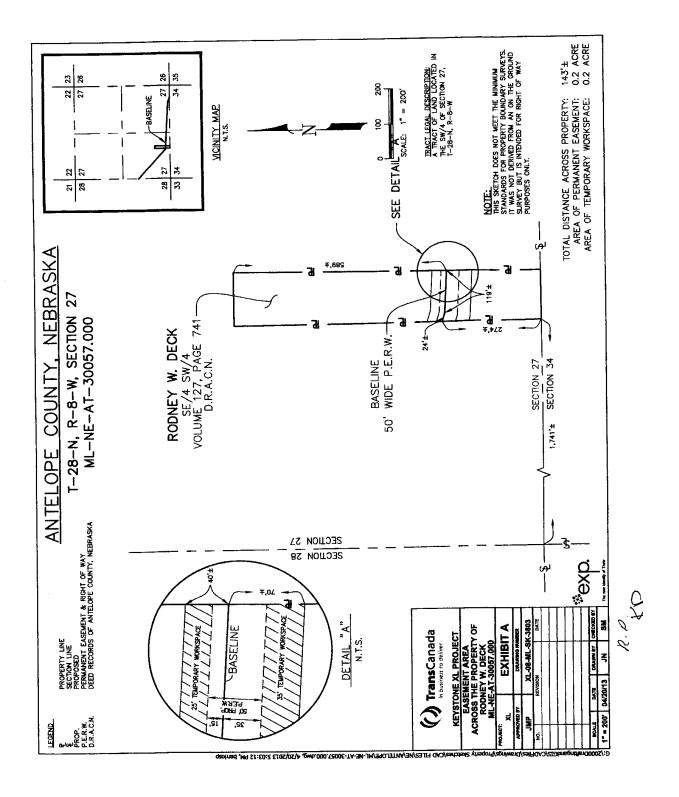
Notary Public Signature

Grantor's Initials <u>*R D*</u>

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#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

#### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

#### PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

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law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

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26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

#### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

#### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862

#### Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of Karen Berry in Support of Landowner Intervenors

State of Nebraska	)
	) ss.
Antelope County	)

- 1 Q: Please state your name.
- 2 A: My name is Karen Berry
- Q: Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
   regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
   XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?

6 A: Yes, I am.

Q: Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
Keystone XL pipeline?

- 10 A: Yes, I do and it is located in Antelope County.
- Q: Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
   photo(s) of your land in question here with the area of the proposed KXL
   pipeline depicted?
- 14 A: Yes.
- 15 Q: If you are you married tell us your spouse's name please?
- 16 A: John Pollack

Q: Is Attachment No. 2 to this sworn statement a copy(ies) of picture(s) of you
 and or your family?

3 A. Yes.

4 Q: For the land that would be affected and impacted by the proposed KXL tar
5 sands pipeline give the Commissioners a sense how long the land has been in
6 your family and a little history of the land.

- 7 A: The land has been in the Berry family since the 1950s, and it was put into Karen's 8 ownership in the mid to late 1970s. The soil is very sandy and porous. However, 9 due to a high water table, there is a permanent moist area running though the 10 middle of the property. This area has not been farmed for several decades, 11 because farm equipment tended to get stuck, and wet weather prevents a good 12 crop. The pictures I have attached are from this area, which is now beautiful and somewhat secluded. I enjoy visiting this area, and wants it to be preserved. 13 14 The remaining farmland has proved unusually productive for dryland farming, 15 because the high water table puts adequate water into the root zone of 16 plantings. There is a danger that the digging that accompanies the pipeline will 17 disrupt the hydrology of the area, easing the drainage and dropping the water table, to the detriment of dryland farming. Conversely, blocking drainage as it 18 crosses the wet area could have a damming effect. There is no guarantee in the 19 20 easement against pipeline-induced changes in the water table, or monitoring of any 21 changes.
- 22 Q: Do you earn any income from this land?

23 A: Yes.

Q: Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood
or the livelihood of your family?

26 A: Yes.

Q: Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all
or a portion of your land in question here?

1 Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective A: 2 tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and 3 all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching 4 operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking 5 to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I 6 would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same 7 way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the 8 county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or 9 mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to 10 Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a 11 pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.

12

#### Q: Do you have similar concerns about selling the land?

A: Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you
never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece
of ground similar to mine were for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine
did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline
ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes.

#### 18 Q: What is your intent with your land after you die?

- A: Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stays in the family for years
  to come but I have thought about getting out if this pipeline were to come through.
- 21Q:Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL22Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you?
- 23 A: Yes.

### Q: Were you or an entity for which you are a member, shareholder, or director previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP?

- A: Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a
  petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline
  within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.
- 29 Q: Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?

A:	Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees
	and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.
Q:	Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees
	incurred?
A:	No, they have not.
Q:	In its lawsuit against you, did TransCanada identify the amount of your
	property that it wanted to take for its proposed pipeline?
A:	The lawsuit against us stated they would take the amount of property that is
	reasonably necessary to lay, relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant
	and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline.
Q:	Did TransCanada define what they meant by "property that is reasonably
	necessary"?
A:	No, they did not.
Q:	Did TransCanada in its lawsuit against you, identify the eminent domain
	property portion of your land?
A:	Yes, they did.
Q:	Did TransCanada describe what rights it proposed to take related to the
	eminent domain property on your land?
A:	Yes, they did.
Q:	What rights that they proposed to take did they describe?
A:	TransCanada stated that the eminent domain property will be used to "lay, relay,
	operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably
	necessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying, laying,
	constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering,
	reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with all fittings,
	cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equipment and
	appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hydrocarbon,
	petroleum products, and all by-products thereof."
	Q: A: Q: A: Q: A: Q: A: Q: A: Q: A: Q: A: Q:

Q: Prior to filing an eminent domain lawsuit to take your land that
 TransCanada identified, do you believe they attempted to negotiate in good
 faith with you?

4 A: No, I do not.

5 Q: Did TransCanada at any time approach you with or deliver to you their 6 proposed easement and right-of-way agreement?

7 A: Yes, they did.

- 8 Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way
  9 agreement, did you understand that they would be purchasing a fee title
  10 interest in your property or that they were taking something else?
- 11 A: I understood that they proposed to have the power to take both a temporary 12 construction easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a 13 permanent easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and 14 that would run the entire portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline 15 would enter my property until where it would exit the property.
- Q: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 3, a
   true and accurate copy of TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of Way agreement that they included with their condemnation lawsuit against
   you?

20 A: Yes, it is.

Q: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement
 and Right-of-Way agreement?

A: Yes, I have.

### Q: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-ofWay agreement as proposed by TransCanada?

A: My understanding is that this is the document that will govern all of the rights and obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how
 they can use my land.

# Q: After reviewing TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way agreement do you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the language either included in the document or missing from the proposed document?

- A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and
  how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively
  impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and
  my state.
- 11Q:I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of12your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way13agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and14the terms of that contract, in your opinion, potentially negatively impacts you15and your land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and16let's work our way through it, okay?
- A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's proposed
  Easement and Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my
  property rights and my economic interests.
- 20 Q. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.
- A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will pay to compensate me for all of the known and unknown effects and all of the rights I am giving up and for all the things they get to do to my land and for what they will prevent me from doing on my land and they only will pay me one time at the signing of the easement agreement. That is a huge problem.
- 26 Q: Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.
- A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the
  landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so
  they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from

my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 1 2 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 3 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 4 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying 5 once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 6 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 7 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 8 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and 9 generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders 10 keep all that money and it never finds its way to Nebraska.

11

#### **Q:** What is your next concern?

12 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 13 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 14 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 15 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 16 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 17 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of these partners or the 18 structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if you 19 would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 20 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited 21 liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general 22 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so 23 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but 24 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

## Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of over 275 miles of Nebraska land?

28 A: No.

1 **O**: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 2 percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for 3 approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through 4 Nebraska land?

5 A: No.

#### 6

#### **Q**: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land 7 and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter 8 A: 9 called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow my easement to 10 be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows what 11 that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This pipeline 12 would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest bidder 13 that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who may 14 buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto or 15 have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in the 16 future.

#### 17 **Q**: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece 18 of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

- 19 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.
- 20 **Q**: What's next?

#### 21 A: Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this 22 really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual 23 and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to. 24 Perpetual to me is like forever and that doesn't make sense.

- 25 Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you? **Q**:
- 26 A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any 27 data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this 28 29 pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have

a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for this specific kind of pipeline project.

7

**Q**:

### Okay, what is your next concern?

A: The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says
"...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground
until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned
a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

### 15 Q: Now it looks like we are ready to go to the second page of the Easement is that right?

17 A: Yes.

### 18 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

19 A: Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the 20 pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period 21 starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 22 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 23 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes 24 "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 25 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 26 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 27 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best 28 interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 29 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding 1 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 2 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is 3 expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials." 4 Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to 5 6 allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of 7 TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is not conducive to protection of property rights. 8

0 9

#### **Q:** Okay, what is your next concern?

10 A: Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially 11 reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 12 13 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 14 15 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 16 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by 17 Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 18 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. 19 20 However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 21 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 22 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 23 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 24 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 25 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 26 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 27 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 28 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 29 landowners to be treated that way.

### Q: Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this concern more real for you?

A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against
Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two
Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of
gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged
negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate
copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 4.

9

#### Q: What is your next concern with the Easement language?

10 A: Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as 11 they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 12 13 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 14 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 15 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 16 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that 17 TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 18 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 19 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains 20 all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to 21 them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 22 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes is 23 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 24 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 25 the removal of trees or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and 26 27 rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or 28 losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

29 Q: What is the next concern you have?

1 A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the 2 same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada. 3 TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 4 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 5 any appurtenances thereon to the pipeline itself or to their access to the Easement 6 or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, whether 7 during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot 8 or in vehicle or machinery..." Further at TransCanada's sole discretion it will 9 retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement Area. Such 10 11 undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the protection of 12 property rights or economic interest.

13

### **Q:** What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

### 19 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

20 A: Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase 21 "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 22 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 23 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 24 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 25 affect Landowners property and is not conducive to the protection of property 26 rights. A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in 27 the future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors 28 common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 29 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

#### 1 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

2 A: There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as 3 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably 4 possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 5 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize 6 costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 7 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 8 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 9 economic interest.

10

#### Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

11 A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all 12 appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any 13 time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such 14 abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral 15 powers would negatively affect Landowners property and are not conducive to the 16 protection of property rights or economic interest.

### 17 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

18 A: TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any 19 Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion. 20 Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative to their property in 21 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 22 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 23 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 24 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property and are not 25 conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

### 26 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner to
transfer and be applicable to any future owner of the Land in question without the

ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiate any of the language in
 question to which it will be held to comply.

### 3 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

4 A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the 5 Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at any time 6 to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a 7 third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in 8 place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such 9 change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property 10 rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement 11 thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement 12 owner.

### 13 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms
that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say
so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in
TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined terms are as follows:

- i. "pipeline installation activities"
  - ii. "availability of labor and materials"
- 20 iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"
- 21 iv. "reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"
- v. "yield loss damages"
- vi. "diminution in the value of the property"
- 24 vii. "substantially same condition"
- 25 viii. "an actual or potential hazard"
- 26 ix. "efficient"

18

19

- 27 x. "convenient"
- 28 xi. "endangered"
- 29 xii. "obstructed"

1		xiii. "injured"
2		xiv. "interfered with"
3		xv. "impaired"
4		xvi. "suitable crossings"
5		xvii. "where rock is encountered"
6		xviii. "as nearly as practicable"
7		xix. "pre-construction position"
8		xx. "pre-construction grade"
9		xxi. "various engineering factors"
10		Each one of these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement
11		could be problematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get
12		definition in further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the
13		Easement is drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a
14		particular situation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For
15		instance, "yield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out
16		exactly how the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front
17		end. I can't afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately,
18		the Landowner is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine
19		when rights related to them trigger and what the affects may be.
20	Q:	Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can
21		think of at this time?
22	A:	I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time of
23		my live testimony in August.
24	Q:	Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding
25		TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe
26		those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's

A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that wediscussed previously.

impact upon you and your land?

27

- Q: Did TransCanada ever offer you financial compensation for the rights that
   they sought to obtain in your land, and for what they sought to prevent you
   and any future land owner of your property from doing in the future?
- 4 A: Yes, we received an offer from them.
- 5 Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better 6 than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair, 7 compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar 8 sands pipeline could be located across your property?
- 9 A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just 10 offer for all the potential impacts and effects and the rights that I'm giving up, and 11 what I we will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would 12 impact my property for ever and ever.
- Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
   wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
   across your property.

16 A: No, never.

- Q: At any time did TransCanada present you with or request that you, as the
   owner of the land in question, sign and execute a document called, "Advanced
   Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?"
- 20 A: Yes, they did and it was included in the County Court lawsuit against us.

Q: Is Attachment No. 5, to your testimony here, a true and accurate copy of the
"Advanced Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?

- A: Yes, it is.
- 24 Q: What was your understanding of that document?
- A: When I read that document in the plain language of that document, it was my understanding that TransCanada was attempting to pay me a very small amount at that time in order for me to agree to give up my rights to be compensated from them in the future related to any damage or impact they may have upon my

- property "arising out of, in connection with, or alleged to resulted from
   construction or surveying over, under or on" my land.
- 3 Q: Did you ever sign that document?
- 4 A: No, I did not.
- 5 Q: Why not?

A; Because I do not believe that it is fair or just to try to get me to agree to a small
sum of money when I have no idea how bad the impacts or damages that they, or
their contractors, or subcontractors, or other agents or employees, may cause on
my land at any time in the future that resulted from the construction or surveying
or their activities upon my land.

### 11 Q: When you reviewed this document, what did it make you feel?

A: I felt angry because it was simply another attempt for TransCanada to try to pay very little to shield themselves against known and foreseeable impacts that their pipeline, and the construction of it, would have upon my land. It made me feel that they knew it was in their financial interest to pay me as little as possible to prevent me from ever having the opportunity to seek fair compensation again, and that this must be based upon their experience of unhappy landowners and situations in other places where they have built pipelines.

# 19 Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you 20 thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land 21 was in your best interest?

22 A: No, they have not.

Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
 thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
 was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?

A: No, they have not.

- Q: Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
  Takings Clause?
- A: Yes, I am.

- Q: What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of
   an American citizens property?
- A: My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or fairly.

### Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?

9 A: No, they have not.

Q: Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State
 of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL
 Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?

- A: No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands are located to where TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in Houston, Texas.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands,
  crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to
  ship in its pipeline?

23 A: No, it has not.

## Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

27 A: No, I do not.

1	Q:	Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
2		Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-
3		products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?
4	A:	No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.
5	Q:	Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
6		at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?
7	A:	Yes, I do.
8	Q:	Why do you pay property taxes on that land?
9	A:	Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the owner
10		of that property.
11	Q:	Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you
12		deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person
13		or company that pays property taxes?
14	A:	Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
15		just what you do.
16	Q:	Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
17		treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?
18	A:	No, of course not.
19	Q:	Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be
20		enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of
21		your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the
22		state of Nebraska?
23	A:	Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that
24		I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.
25	Q:	Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?
26	A:	Well, yes I have.
27	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life,
28		employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or

1 2 consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed one or more persons?

3 A: No, of course not.

Q: Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer
have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to
preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?

A: No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I
don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.

9 **O**: At the beginning of your statement, you briefly described your property that 10 would be impacted by the potential Keystone XL Pipeline. I would like you to 11 give the Commissioners a sense of specifically how you believe the proposed 12 Keystone XL Pipeline and its preferred route, which proposes to go across 13 your land, how it would in your opinion based on your knowledge, experience, and background of your land, affect it. So please share with the 14 15 Commissioners the characteristics of your land that you believe is important 16 for them to understand, while they evaluate TransCanada's application for a 17 route for its proposed pipeline to cross Nebraska and across your land, 18 specifically.

19 A: The terms of the easement essentially guarantee that the pipe and its remaining 20 contents will be left in the ground "as is." In this case, this would mean depositing 21 the contents directly into the water table, or excavating the pipe in an area where it 22 is difficult to operate machinery, entailing additional expense. This is in no way 23 compensated by the terms of the easement. The terms of the easement must be 24 addressed in order for the Commission to truly consider property rights, economic 25 interests, the welfare of Nebraska, and the balancing of the proposed routes against 26 all they will affect and impact.

# Q: Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the state of Nebraska?

1 Yes, I have significant concerns. I am aware of landowners being treated unfairly A: 2 or even bullied around and being made to feel scared that they did not have any 3 options but to sign whatever papers TransCanada told them they had to. I am 4 aware of folks being threatened that their land would be taken if they didn't follow what TransCanada was saying. I am aware of tactics to get people to sign 5 6 easements that I don't believe have any place in Nebraska or anywhere such as 7 TransCanada or some outfit associated with it hiring a pastor or priest to pray with 8 landowners and convince them they should sign TransCanada's easement 9 agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows or widowers feeling they had 10 no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and they didn't know they could 11 fight or stand up for themselves. From a more practical standpoint, I am worried 12 that according to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada only 13 owns and operates one (1) major oil pipeline. They simply do not have the 14 experience with this type of pipeline and that scares me. There are others but that 15 is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is 16 refreshed I will share those with the Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

### 17 Q: Do you believe TransCanada's proposed method of compensation to you as a 18 landowner is reasonable or just?

19 A: No, I do not.

20 **Q:** Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this 21 proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of 22 future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed 23 easement and immediately surrounding areas?

A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in regards to the pipeline.

29 Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

1 A: Well yes, of course.

#### 2 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

3 A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being used as of this moment, 4 and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain 5 ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any 6 potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future owner 7 may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska 8 potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years 9 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 10 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in 11 my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 12 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development 13 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 14 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the 15 short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts 16 may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity 17 and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska.

### 18 Q: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed 19 pipeline?

20 A: Yes, I do.

21 Q: What are some of those concerns?

A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction,
 operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have
 a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the
 lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.

26 Q: Do you have any other environmental concerns?

A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in
 construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and

leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State.

### 3 Q: Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the 4 natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?

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5 A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the 6 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural 7 resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline 8 route.

### 9 Q: Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline 10 to the soil of your land, or land near you?

11 A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the 12 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of 13 land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This 14 includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing 15 the soil composition and makeup as it has naturally existed for thousands and 16 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 17 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 18 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow 19 whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 20 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the 21 same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed 22 pipeline.

### Q: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at
 unreasonable risk.

### 3 Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline 4 upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?

A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or
maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental
impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along
and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of
Nebraska.

# Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your land?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
wildlife and the plants, not only that are located on or can be found upon my land,
but also near and along the proposed pipeline route.

### 17 Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the 18 fair market value of your land?

19 A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed 20 pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the 21 fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I 22 would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the 23 property. I do not believe, and certainly would not be willing to pay, the same 24 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 25 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to 26 realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest 27 asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 28 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they 29 would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon 1 my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties, 2 not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline 3 due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable 4 person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my 5 property's value.

### 6 Q: Have you ever seen the document that's marked as Attachment No. 6, to your 7 testimony?

8 A: Yes, I have.

9 Q: Where have you seen that before?

# A: That is a map I think I first saw a couple years ago that shows the Keystone XL I-90 corridor alternate route of its proposed pipeline through Nebraska and I believe the portion of the alternative route in Nebraska essentially twins or parallels Keystone I.

Q: Do you believe that TransCanada's preferred route as found on page 5 of its
 Application, and as found on Attachment No. 7, here to your testimony, is in
 the public interest of Nebraska?

17 A: No, I do not.

# Q: Do you believe that the Keystone mainline alternative route as shown on Attachment No. 7 included with your testimony here is a major oil pipeline route that is in the public interest of Nebraska?

A: No, I do not.

# Q: Do you believe the I-90 corridor alternative route, specifically for the portion of the proposed pipeline within Nebraska as found in Attachment No. 6 to your testimony, is in the public interest of Nebraska?

25 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL
 Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the
 public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

A: No, I do not.

#### 1 Q: Why do you hold that belief?

2 A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am 3 aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to 4 consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply 5 crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar 6 sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the 7 public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for 8 public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in 9 there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all 10 11 the negative impacts and concerns.

# Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction phase to Nebraska?

16 A: First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether 17 temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the 18 potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here 19 and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If 20 I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching 21 business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact 22 to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is 23 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 24 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all 25 jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with 26 from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted 27 were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 28 projected. According to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 191, TransCanada 29 has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working specifically on

1 behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 196, as 2 of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary working within Nebraska. 3 Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 199, TransCanada would 4 only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the proposed Keystone XL was 5 constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline Alternative Route.

### 6

7

**Q**:

### Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply because it would cross your land?

8 A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public 9 interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

#### 10 **O**: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline 11 was to cross someone else's land?

12 A: No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have 13 the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this 14 type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this 15 state or any other state.

#### 16 **Q**: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL 17 **Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?**

18 A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe 19 this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if 20 you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely 21 had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe 22 would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the 23 preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our 24 state cannot risk.

25

#### What do you rely upon to make that statement? **Q**:

26 A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I, 27 already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the 28 public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second, 29 they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the 1 counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have 2 already obtained easements from all the landowners along that route and have 3 relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the 4 sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala 5 Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an 6 alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have 7 some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of 8 infrastructure near each other.

# 9 Q: Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would 10 like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of 11 TransCanada's Application?

12 **A:** No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this 13 document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be 14 refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in 15 August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, 16 I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of 17 TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was 18 impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet 19 20 concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents 21 requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have 22 additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

# Q: What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline across Nebraska?

A: I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this

1 pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 2 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 3 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public 4 interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 5 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 6 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 7 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 8 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. It simply does not make 9 sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new 10 pumping stations, creating new impacts on additional counties and communities 11 and going through all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like 12 me when this applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns 13 and the communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the 14 sand hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala 15 Aquifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.

## Q: Does Attachment No. 8 here contain other documents you are competent to speak about that you wish to be part of your testimony and to discuss in more detail as needed at the August 2017 Hearing?

19 A: Yes.

Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and
accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your
knowledge?

A: Yes, they are.

Q: Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to
ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

29

Karen Berry Karen Berry

Subscribed and Sworn to me before this  $30^{44}$  day of May, 2017. GENERAL NOTARY-State of Nebraska GUADALUPE RAMIREZ My Comm. Exp. Jan. 30, 2018 Lanne <u>Duadalupe</u> Notary Public





Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

(Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

Tract No.: ML-NE-AT-30110.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "Agreement"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "Consideration") Karen G. Berry, whose mailing address is 904 McCoy Lane, Neligh, NE 68756 (hereinafter called "Grantor") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 13710 FNB Parkway, Suite 300, Omaha, Nebraska 68154, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "Grantee"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "Easement") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and petroleum by-products, on, under, across and/or through a strip

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of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "**Easement Area**") located on real property situated in the County of Antelope, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract of land containing 79 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Antelope, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as the W1/2 of the SW1/4 of Section 36, T28N, R8W of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 95, Page 557 and Book 95, Page 423 in the Deed Records of Antelope County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "**Property**"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "**Initial Construction Period**"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto (the "**Temporary Work Space**"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock, bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the

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negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by 3. Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction. operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, provided, however, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public rights-of-way, the Temporary Access Easements (if any) or other easements in favor of Grantee provide reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee shall not be prevented from traveling within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery; (iv) Grantee's pipeline is left with the amount of cover originally installed to allow safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline; (v) the Grantee's pipeline is left with proper and sufficient and permanent lateral support; and (vi) Grantee's use of the Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein is not unreasonably impaired or interfered with.

5. During the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall also provide suitable crossings on, over and across the Easement Area so as to afford Grantor reasonable access over and across and the Easement Area in accordance with Grantor's customary use of the Property.

6. Grantee shall dispose of all brush and debris, if any, cleared from the Easement Area by burning, chipping, and/or burying, which method of disposal shall be selected by Grantee in Grantee's sole discretion.

7. Grantee shall install the Grantee's pipeline to a minimum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below current grade level and any then existing drainage ditches, creeks and roads, except at those locations where rock is encountered, the pipeline may be installed with a minimum depth of twenty-four inches (24"). Such depth shall be measured from the top of the pipe to the surface of the ground.

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8. In areas of cropland, Grantee agrees to cause the topsoil to be removed from the trench to a depth of twelve inches (12") or the topsoil depth, whichever is less, and return, as nearly as practicable, said topsoil to its original, pre-construction position relative to the subsoil.

9. Prior to the conclusion of the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall grade and slope the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space in order to restore the same to its pre-construction grade to the extent reasonably possible and to the extent such grade does not interfere with the maintenance and/or safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline.

10. Grantee shall maintain the Easement Area (and the Temporary Work Space during the Initial Construction Period) by keeping it clear of all litter and trash during periods when Grantee and its employees, agents, or contractors are on the Property.

11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, except as otherwise required by applicable laws, regulations or industry standards, Grantee shall not install or maintain any permanent above-ground structures of any kind on or within the Easement Area other than pipeline markers (which markers may be required to be placed along the Easement Area by applicable Department of Transportation Code regulations and other applicable statutes and regulations of governmental authorities) and cathodic protection equipment. After the Initial Construction Period expires, no pipelines, above-ground structures, installations, equipment or apparatus of any kind will be on or within the Temporary Work Space.

12. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the Easement Area in whole or in part, Grantee may, at its sole election, either leave the improvements in place or remove them. In the event Grantee elects to remove the improvements, Grantee shall restore the Easement Area, as nearly as is practicable, to its condition prior to removal. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the improvements in place, Grantee shall comply with all then applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to such abandonment.

Grantor acknowledges and agrees that the information set forth at Exhibit A hereto, including, 13. without limitation, the location and area of the proposed Easement Area depicted, is approximate and preliminary and is based upon publicly available information, calculations, measurements and estimates without the benefit of site-specific on the ground investigation, inspection or survey; Grantor further acknowledges and agrees that Grantee shall have the right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space within the Property as a result of, among other things, site investigation, inspections or surveys, various engineering factors or to correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. In the event such a modification is required by Grantee, Grantee may modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" referring to this instrument and setting forth the modified legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space, which description may be set forth by map attached to said Notice. A copy of the Notice shall be delivered to the Grantor. Without limiting Grantee's right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" as aforesaid, Grantor agrees to execute and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. If such documents are required, they will be prepared by Grantee at its expense. Grantor shall receive additional reasonable compensation only if the acreage within the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space increases as a result of the changed location.

14. Grantee shall comply in all material respects, at Grantee's sole cost, with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations which are applicable to Grantee's activities hereunder, including, without limitation, the construction, use, operation, maintenance, repair and service of the Grantee's pipeline. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs that are necessitated, caused by, or are the result of any act or omission of negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct by the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

15. All notices under this Agreement shall be in writing, addressed to the addresses first set forth above and be delivered by certified mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested, next business day delivery via a reputable national courier service, regular United States mail, facsimile, e-mail or hand delivery. A party may change its address for notice by giving notice of such change to the other party.

16. The undersigned hereby bind themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to this Agreement unto Grantee, its successors and assigns. The Easement granted hereby shall create a covenant and burden upon the Property and running therewith.

17. It is agreed that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and that no other agreements have been made modifying, adding to or changing the terms of the same. This Agreement shall not be abrogated, modified, rescinded or amended in whole or in part without the consent of Grantor and Grantee, in writing and executed by each of them, and duly recorded in the appropriate real property records.

18. The rights granted hereby to Grantee may be assigned by Grantee in whole or in part, in Grantee's sole discretion.

19. The terms, stipulations, and conditions of this Easement are subject to all applicable laws, regulations, and permit conditions.

20. This Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State in which the Easement Area is situated.

21. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes; provided, however, that all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the \_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

GRANTOR(S):

Karen G. Berry

[ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

STATE OF
----------

COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_

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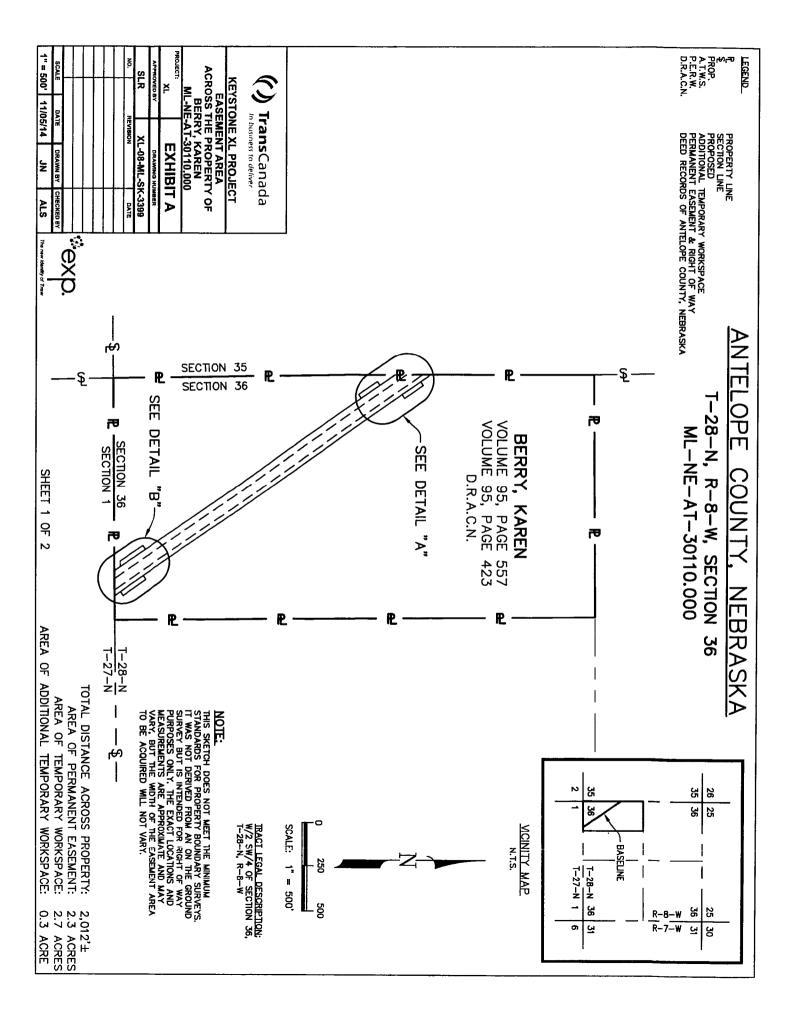
By Karen G. Berry

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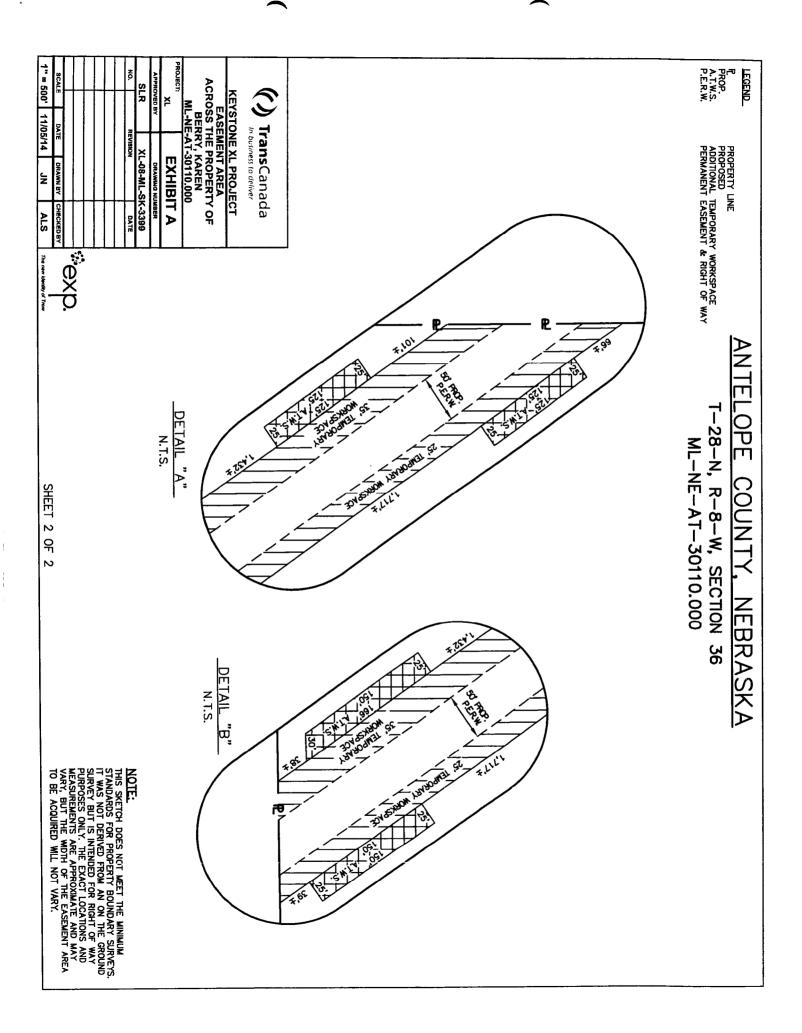
Notary Public Signature

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## 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

## PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

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law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

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26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

#### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

#### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862 Attachment No. 5

### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

## Tract No. : ML-NE-AT-30110.000

I, <u>Karen G. Berry</u>, of <u>Antelope</u> County, in the State of <u>Nebraska</u>, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

Two Thousand Eight Hundred Sixty Two Dollars and No Cents (\$2,862.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Antelope, State of Nebraska:

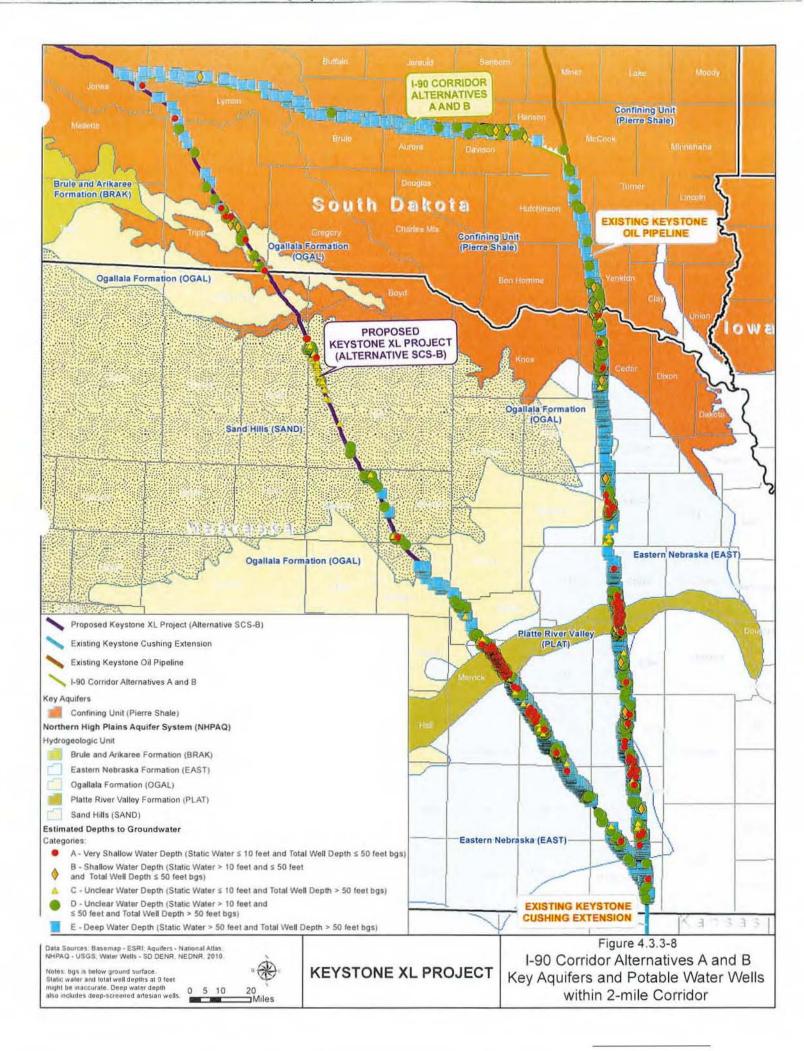
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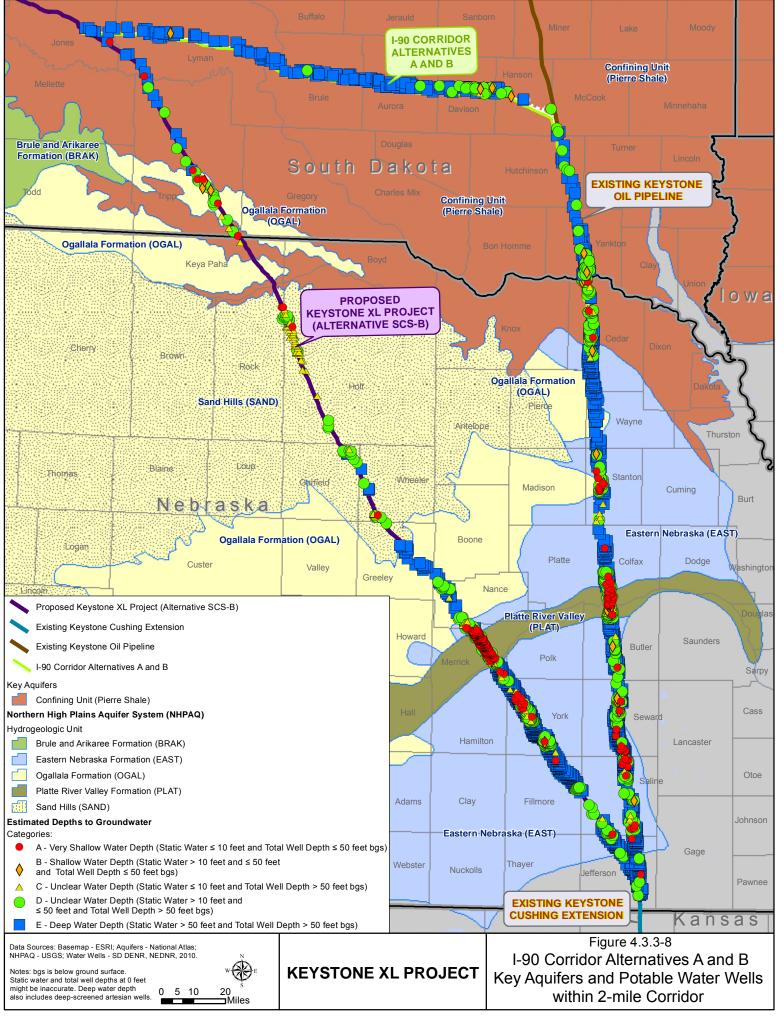
## Section 36, Township 28N, Range 8W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company form Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set our hands on this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of

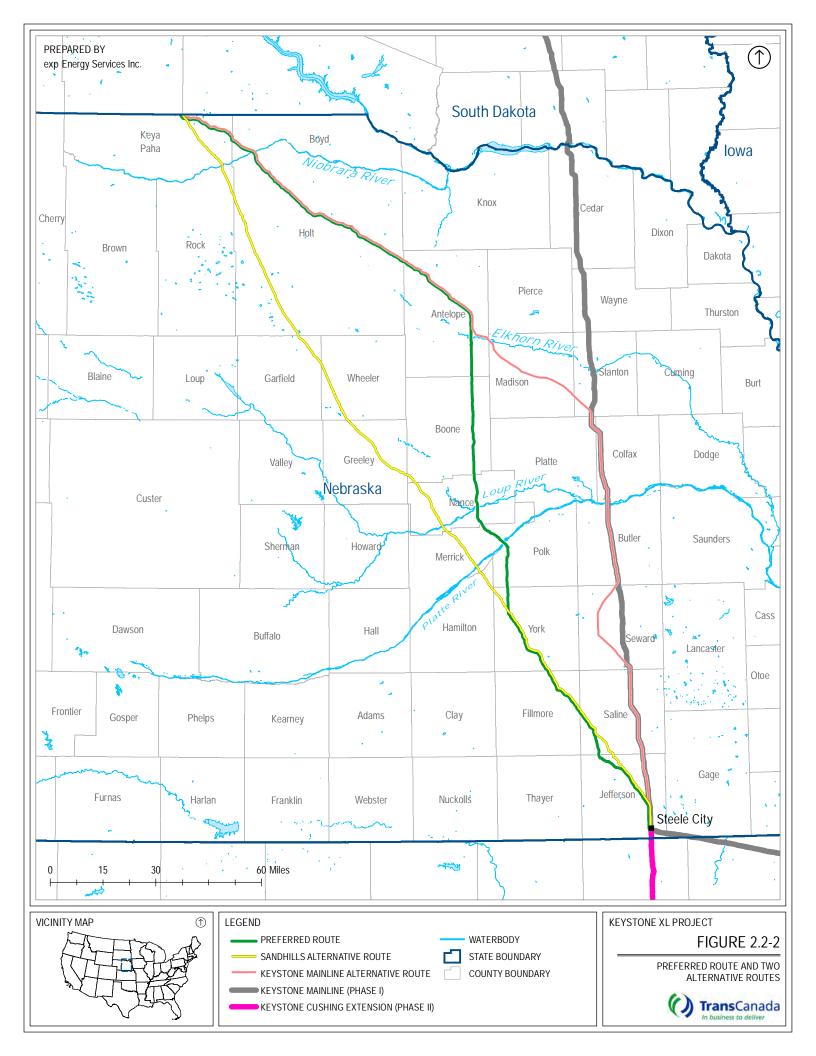
\_\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_\_. Owner Signature Owner Signature Owner/Owner Representative Name Owner/Owner Representative Name Attachment No. 6





KXL002000

Attachment No. 7



Attachment No. 8



## Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of Johnnie Bialas in Support of Landowner Intervenors

State of Nebraska	)
	) ss.
Nance County	)

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A: <b>Q:</b>	Please state your name.My name is Johnnie Bialas.Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
Q:	·
-	Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
	regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
	XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?
A:	Yes, I am.
Q:	Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
	you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
	Keystone XL pipeline?
A:	Yes, I do and it is located in Nance County.
Q:	Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
	photo(s) of your land in question here with the area of the proposed KXL
	pipeline depicted?
A:	Yes.
Q:	If you are you married tell us your spouse's name please?
A:	Maxine Bialas

- 1 Q: How long the land has been in your family?
- 2 A: Our farm has been in the Bialas family for 100 years.
- 3 Q: Do you earn any income from this land?
- 4 A: Yes.
- 5 Q: Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood
  6 or the livelihood of your family?
- 7 A: Yes.

## 8 Q: Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all 9 or a portion of your land in question here?

10 A: Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective 11 tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and 12 all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching 13 operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking 14 to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I 15 would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same 16 way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the 17 county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or 18 mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to 19 Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a 20 pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.

## 21 Q: Do you have similar concerns about selling the land?

A: Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you
never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece
of ground similar to mine were for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine
did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline
ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes.

27 Q: What is your intent with your land after you die?

A: Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stays in the family for years
to come but I have thought about getting out if this pipeline were to come through.

1	Q:	Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL
2		Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you?
3	A:	Yes.
4	Q:	Were you or an entity for which you are a member, shareholder, or director
5		previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP?
6	A:	Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a
7		petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline
8		within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.
9	Q:	Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?
10	A:	Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees
11		and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.
12	Q:	Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees
13		incurred?
14	A:	No, they have not.
15	Q:	In its lawsuit against you, did TransCanada identify the amount of your
16		property that it wanted to take for its proposed pipeline?
17	A:	The lawsuit against us stated they would take the amount of property that is
18		reasonably necessary to lay, relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant
19		and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline.
20	Q:	Did TransCanada define what they meant by "property that is reasonably
21		necessary"?
22	A:	No, they did not.
23	Q:	Did TransCanada in its lawsuit against you, identify the eminent domain
24		property portion of your land?
25	A:	Yes, they did.
26	Q:	Did TransCanada describe what rights it proposed to take related to the
27		eminent domain property on your land?
28	A:	Yes, they did.
29	Q:	What rights that they proposed to take did they describe?

1 TransCanada stated that the eminent domain property will be used to "lay, relay, A: 2 operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably 3 necessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying, laying, 4 constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, 5 reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with all fittings, 6 cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equipment and 7 appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hydrocarbon, 8 petroleum products, and all by-products thereof."

## 9 Q: Prior to filing an eminent domain lawsuit to take your land that 10 TransCanada identified, do you believe they attempted to negotiate in good 11 faith with you?

12 A: No, I do not.

Q: Did TransCanada at any time approach you with or deliver to you their
 proposed easement and right-of-way agreement?

15 A: Yes, they did.

16Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way17agreement, did you understand that they would be purchasing a fee title18interest in your property or that they were taking something else?

A: I understood that they proposed to have the power to take both a temporary
 construction easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a
 permanent easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and
 that would run the entire portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline
 would enter my property until where it would exit the property.

# Q: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 2, a true and accurate copy of TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-ofWay agreement that they included with their condemnation lawsuit against you?

A: Yes, it is.

Q: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement
 and Right-of-Way agreement?

3 A: Yes, I have.

4 Q: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-of5 Way agreement as proposed by TransCanada?

A: My understanding is that this is the document that will govern all of the rights and
obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and
how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property
must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how
they can use my land.

## Q: After reviewing TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way agreement do you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the language either included in the document or missing from the proposed document?

# A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and my state.

19Q:I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of20your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way21agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and22the terms of that contract, in your opinion, potentially negatively impacts you23and your land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and24let's work our way through it, okay?

- A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's proposed
  Easement and Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my
  property rights and my economic interests.
- 28 Q. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.

- A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will pay to compensate me for all of the known and unknown affects and all of the rights I am giving up and for all the things they get to do to my land and for what they will prevent me from doing on my land and they only will pay me one time at the signing of the easement agreement. That is a huge problem.
- 6

6

## **Q:** Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.

- 7 A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the 8 landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so 9 they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from 10 my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 11 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 12 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 13 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying 14 once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 15 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 16 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 17 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and 18 generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders 19 keep all that money and it never finds its way to Nebraska.
- 19 20

## Q: What is your next concern?

21 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 22 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 23 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 24 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 25 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 26 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of the these partners or 27 the structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if 28 you would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 29 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general
 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so
 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but
 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

- 5 Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 6 percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of over 275 miles of 7 Nebraska land?
- 8 A: No.

# 9 Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 10 percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for 11 approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through 12 Nebraska land?

13 A: No.

## Q: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter 16 A: 17 called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow their easement 18 to be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows 19 what that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This 20 pipeline would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest 21 bidder that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who 22 may buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto 23 or have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in 24 the future.

## Q: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

27 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.

28 Q: What's next?

A: Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this
really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual
and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to.
Perpetual to me is like forever and that doesn't make sense.

5 Q: Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you?

6 A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any 7 data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in 8 TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this 9 pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have 10 a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become 11 obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however 12 will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as 13 undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of 14 Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for 15 this specific kind of pipeline project.

16

## Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

A: The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says
"...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground
until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned
a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

## Q: Now it looks like we are ready to go to the second page of the Easement is that right?

26 A: Yes.

## 27 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

A: Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the
pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period

starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 1 2 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 3 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes 4 "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 5 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 6 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 7 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best 8 interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 9 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding 10 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 11 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials." 12 13 Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are 14 two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to 15 allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of 16 TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is 17 not conducive to protection of property rights.

18

## Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

19 A: Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of 20 TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially 21 reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 22 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of 23 "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 24 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 25 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 26 27 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and 28 intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. 29 However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 1 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 2 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 3 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 4 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 5 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 6 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 7 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 8 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 9 landowners to be treated that way.

#### 10 **O**: 11

## Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this concern more real for you?

12 A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against 13 Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two 14 Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of 15 gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged 16 negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate 17 copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 3.

18

#### **Q**: What is your next concern with the Easement language?

19 A: Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with 20 21 TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 22 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 23 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 24 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 25 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 26 27 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 28 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains 29 all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to

them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 1 2 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes is 3 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 4 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 5 the removal of trees or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities 6 owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and 7 rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or 8 losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

0 9

## Q: What is the next concern you have?

10 A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the 11 same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada. 12 TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 13 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 14 any appurtenances thereon to the pipeline itself or to their access to the Easement 15 or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, whether during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot 16 or in vehicle or machinery..." Further at TransCanada's sole discretion it will 17 retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably 18 impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement Area. Such 19 20 undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the protection of 21 property rights or economic interest.

## 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
 Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
 Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
 to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

28 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

1 Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase A: 2 "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 3 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 4 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 5 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 6 affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights. 7 A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in the 8 future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors 9 common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 10 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

11 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

12 A: There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as 13 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 14 15 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize 16 costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 17 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 18 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 19 economic interest.

20 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

27 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any
Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion.

1 Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative the their property in 2 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 3 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 4 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 5 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive 6 to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

7

## Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

8 A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner to 9 transfer and be applicable to any future owner of the Land in question without the 10 ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiate any of the language in 11 question to which it will be held to comply.

## 12 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

13 A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the 14 Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at any time 15 to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a 16 third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in 17 place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such 18 change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement 19 20 thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement 21 owner.

## 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

- A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms
  that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say
  so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in
  TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined terms are as follows:
- 27 i. '

- i. "pipeline installation activities"
- ii. "availability of labor and materials"
- 29 iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"

1	iv.	"reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"
2	v.	"yield loss damages"
3	vi.	"diminution in the value of the property"
4	vii.	"substantially same condition"
5	viii.	"an actual or potential hazard"
6	ix.	"efficient"
7	х.	"convenient"
8	xi.	"endangered"
9	xii.	"obstructed"
10	xiii.	"injured"
11	xiv.	"interfered with"
12	XV.	"impaired"
13	xvi.	"suitable crossings"
14	xvii.	"where rock is encountered"
15	xviii.	"as nearly as practicable"
16	xix.	"pre-construction position"
17	XX.	"pre-construction grade"
18	xxi.	"various engineering factors"
19	Each one of	these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement
20	could be pre-	oblematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get
21	definition in	n further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the
22	Easement is	s drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a
23	particular si	tuation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For
24	instance, "y	vield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out
25	exactly how	the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front
26	end. I can't	afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately,
27	the Landow	mer is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine
28	when rights	related to them trigger and what the affects may be.

- Q: Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can
   think of at this time?
- A: I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time of
  my live testimony in August.

5 Q: Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding 6 TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe 7 those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's 8 impact upon you and your land?

9 A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that we10 discussed previously.

Q: Did TransCanada ever offer you financial compensation for the rights that
 they sought to obtain in your land, and for what they sought to prevent you
 and any future land owner of your property from doing in the future?

14 A: Yes, we received an offer from them.

Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better
 than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair,
 compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar
 sands pipeline could be located across your property?

- A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just
  offer for all the potential impacts and effects and the rights that I'm giving up, and
  what we will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would
  impact my property for ever and ever.
- Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
   wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
   across your property.
- 26 A: No, never.
- Q: At any time did TransCanada present you with or request that you, as the
   owner of the land in question, sign and execute a document called, "Advanced
   Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?"

1 A: Yes, they did and it was included in the County Court lawsuit against us.

## Q: Is Attachment No. 4, to your testimony here, a true and accurate copy of the "Advanced Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?

4 A: Yes, it is.

## 5 Q: What was your understanding of that document?

Did you ever sign that document?

6 A: When I read that document in the plain language of that document, it was my 7 understanding that TransCanada was attempting to pay me a very small amount at 8 that time in order for me to agree to give up my rights to be compensated from 9 them in the future related to any damage or impact they may have upon my 10 property "arising out of, in connection with, or alleged to resulted from 11 construction or surveying over, under or on" my land.

12 **Q:** 

13

A: No, I did not.

14 **Q:** Why not?

A; Because I do not believe that it is fair or just to try to get me to agree to a small
sum of money when I have no idea how bad the impacts or damages that they, or
their contractors, or subcontractors, or other agents or employees, may cause on
my land at any time in the future that resulted from the construction or surveying
or their activities upon my land.

## 20 Q: When you reviewed this document, what did it make you feel?

A: I felt like it was simply another attempt for TransCanada to try to pay very little to shield themselves against known and foreseeable impacts that their pipeline, and the construction of it, would have upon my land. It made me feel that they knew it was in their financial interest to pay me as little as possible to prevent me from ever having the opportunity to seek fair compensation again, and that this must be based upon their experience of unhappy landowners and situations in other places where they have built pipelines.

1	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
2		thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
3		was in your best interest?
4	A:	No, they have not.
5	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
6		thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
7		was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?
8	A:	No, they have not.
9	Q:	Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
10		Takings Clause?
11	A:	Yes, I am.
12	Q:	What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of
13		an American citizens property?
14	A:	My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the
15		government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for
16		public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or
17		fairly.
18	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which
19		the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?
20	A:	No, they have not.
21	Q:	Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State
22		of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL
23		Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?
24	A:	No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the
25		public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how
26		it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me
27		that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we
28		are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands

1	are located to where TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in
2	Houston, Texas.

Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands,
crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to
ship in its pipeline?

6 A: No, it has not.

Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum byproducts that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place
for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

10 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
 Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

14 A: No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.

Q: Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
 at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

17 A: Yes, I do.

18 Q: Why do you pay property taxes on that land?

- A: Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the ownerof that property.
- Q: Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you
   deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person
   or company that pays property taxes?
- A: Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
  just what you do.
- Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
   treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?

28 A: No, of course not.

1	Q:	Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be
2		enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of
3		your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the
4		state of Nebraska?
5	A:	Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that
6		I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.
7	Q:	Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?
8	A:	Well, yes I have.
9	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life,
10		employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or
11		consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed
12		one or more persons?
13	A:	No, of course not.
14	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer
15		have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to
16		preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?
17	A:	No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I
18		don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.
19	Q:	At the beginning of your statement, you briefly described your property that
20		would be impacted by the potential Keystone XL Pipeline. I would like you to
21		give the Commissioners a sense of specifically how you believe the proposed
22		Keystone XL Pipeline and its preferred route, which proposes to go across
23		your land, how it would in your opinion based on your knowledge,
24		experience, and background of your land, affect it. So please share with the
25		Commissioners the characteristics of your land that you believe is important
26		for them to understand, while they evaluate TransCanada's application for a
27		route for its proposed pipeline to cross Nebraska and across your land,
28		specifically.

A: The water level at our farm is high. We cannot have a basement under our house.
The water that we drink is 8 (eight) feet deep. If the oil were to spill or leak it
would poison our drinking water and kill us. The water hole in our pasture was
dug by N.R.D. and the cattle drink from it. TransCanada wants the pipeline to go
right by the water hole.

## 6 7

8

## Q: Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the state of Nebraska?

9 A: Yes, I have significant concerns. I am aware of landowners being treated unfairly 10 or even bullied around and being made to feel scared that they did not have any 11 options but to sign whatever papers TransCanada told them they had to. I am 12 aware of folks being threatened that their land would be taken if they didn't follow 13 what TransCanada was saying. I am aware of tactics to get people to sign 14 easements that I don't believe have any place in Nebraska or anywhere such as 15 TransCanada or some outfit associated with it hiring a pastor or priest to pray with 16 landowners and convince them they should sign TransCanada's easement 17 agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows or widowers feeling they had 18 no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and they didn't know they could 19 fight or stand up for themselves. From a more practical standpoint, I am worried 20 that according to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada only 21 owns and operates one (1) major oil pipeline. They simply do not have the 22 experience with this type of pipeline and that scares me. There are others but that 23 is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is 24 refreshed I will share those with the Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

## Q: Do you believe TransCanada's proposed method of compensation to you as a landowner is reasonable or just?

27 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this
 proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of

future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed
 easement and immediately surrounding areas?

A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of
structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I
would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being
blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in
regards to the pipeline.

8 Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

9 A: Well yes, of course.

10 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

11 A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being use as of this moment, 12 and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain 13 ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any 14 potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future own 15 may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska 16 potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years 17 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 18 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 19 20 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development 21 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 22 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the 23 short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts 24 may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity 25 and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska.

## 26 Q: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed 27 pipeline?

A: Yes, I do.

29 Q: What are some of those concerns?

A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction,
 operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have
 a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the
 lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.

5

## **Q:** Do you have any other environmental concerns?

A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in
construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and
leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could
be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State.

10Q:Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the11natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?

A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the
 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural
 resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline
 route.

## 16 Q: Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline 17 to the soil of your land, or land near you?

18 Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the A: 19 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of 20 land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This 21 includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing 22 the soil composition and makeup as it has naturally existed for thousands and 23 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 24 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 25 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow 26 whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 27 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the 28 same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed 29 pipeline.

- Q: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline
   upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?
- A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at unreasonable risk.
- 9 Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline
  10 upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?
- A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or
   maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental
   impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along
   and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of
   Nebraska.

## Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your land?

- A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
  the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
  wildlife and the plants, not only that are located on or can be found upon my land,
  but also near and along the proposed pipeline route.
- Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the
  fair market value of your land?
- A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the property. I do not believe, and certainly would not be willing to pay, the same

1 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 2 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to 3 realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest 4 asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 5 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they 6 would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon 7 my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties, 8 not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline 9 due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable 10 person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my 11 property's value.

### 12 Q: Have you ever seen the document that's marked as Attachment No. 5, to your 13 testimony?

14 A: Yes, I have.

15 Q: Where have you seen that before?

# A: That is a map I think I first saw a couple years ago that shows what was called the Keystone XL I-90 corridor alternate route of its proposed pipeline through Nebraska and I believe the portion of the alternative route in Nebraska essentially twins or parallels Keystone I.

Q: Do you believe that TransCanada's preferred route as found on page 5 of its
Application, and as found on Attachment No. 6, here to your testimony, is in
the public interest of Nebraska?

A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe that the Keystone mainline alternative route as shown on
Attachment No. 6 included with your testimony here is a major oil pipeline
route that is in the public interest of Nebraska?

A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe the portion of the proposed pipeline within Nebraska as found
in Attachment No. 5 to your testimony, is in the public interest of Nebraska?

- 1 A: No, I do not.
- Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL
  Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the
  public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

5 A: No, I do not.

6 **Q:** 

#### Why do you hold that belief?

7 A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am 8 aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to 9 consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply 10 crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar 11 sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the 12 public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for 13 public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our 14 15 state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all 16 the negative impacts and concerns.

# Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction phase to Nebraska?

21 First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether A: 22 temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the 23 potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here 24 and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If 25 I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact 26 27 to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is 28 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 29 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all

jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with 1 2 from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted 3 were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 4 projected. According to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 191, TransCanada 5 has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working specifically on 6 behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 196, as 7 of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary working within Nebraska. 8 Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 199, TransCanada would 9 only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the proposed Keystone XL was 10 constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline Alternative Route.

### Q: Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply because it would cross your land?

A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public
interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

### Q: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline was to cross someone else's land?

A: No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have
the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this
type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this
state or any other state.

### Q: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?

A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe
this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if
you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely
had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe
would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the
preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our
state cannot risk.

1 Q: What do you rely upon to make that statement?

2 A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I, 3 already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the 4 public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second, 5 they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the 6 counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have 7 already obtained easements from all the landowners long that route and have 8 relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the 9 sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala 10 Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an 11 alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have 12 some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of 13 infrastructure near each other.

## 14 Q: Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would 15 like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of 16 TransCanada's Application?

17 **A:** No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this 18 document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be 19 refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in 20 August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, 21 I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of 22 TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was 23 impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I 24 reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet 25 concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents 26 requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have 27 additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

## Q: What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline across Nebraska?

4 A: I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond 5 a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the 6 relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly 7 generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this 8 pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 9 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 10 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public 11 interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 12 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 13 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 14 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 15 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. It simply does not make 16 sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new 17 pumping stations, creating new impacts on additional counties and communities and going through all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like 18 me when this applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns 19 20 and the communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the 21 sand hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala 22 Aguifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.

## Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your knowledge?

A: Yes, they are.

Q: Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to
ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

Johnnie Bialas

Subscribed and Sworn to me before this 27% day of My, 2017. Michelle M Anderson Notary Public General Notary - State of Nebraska MICHELLE M. ANDERSON My Comm, Exp. Nov. 26, 2020.



May 2017 - X:\Drawings\50388X KEYSTONE XL\9000\_9999\9358

Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

(Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

Tract No.: ML-NE-NA-30135.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "Agreement"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "Consideration"), Johnnie P. Bialas and Maxine M. Bialas, Trustees of the Johnnie P. Bialas and Maxine M. Bialas, Trustees of the Johnnie P. Bialas and Maxine M. Bialas, Revocable Living Trust, whose mailing address is 30298 S. 550th Street, Fullerton, Nebraska 68638 (hereinafter called "Grantor") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 13710 FNB Parkway, Suite 300, Omaha, Nebraska 68154, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "Grantee"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "Easement") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and petroleum by-products, on, under, across and/or

through a strip of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "Easement Area") located on real property situated in the County of Nance, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract of land containing 160 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Nance, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as the SW1/4 of Section 16, T16N, R5W of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 82, Page 401 in the Deed Records of Nance County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "Property"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "Initial Construction Period"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in Exhibit A hereto (the "Temporary Work Space"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock, bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the

negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by 3. Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction. operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, provided, however, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public rights-of-way, the Temporary Access Easements (if any) or other easements in favor of Grantee provide reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee shall not be prevented from traveling within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery; (iv) Grantee's pipeline is left with the amount of cover originally installed to allow safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline; (v) the Grantee's pipeline is left with proper and sufficient and permanent lateral support; and (vi) Grantee's use of the Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein is not unreasonably impaired or interfered with.

5. During the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall also provide suitable crossings on, over and across the Easement Area so as to afford Grantor reasonable access over and across and the Easement Area in accordance with Grantor's customary use of the Property.

6. Grantee shall dispose of all brush and debris, if any, cleared from the Easement Area by burning, chipping, and/or burying, which method of disposal shall be selected by Grantee in Grantee's sole discretion.

7. Grantee shall install the Grantee's pipeline to a minimum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below current grade level and any then existing drainage ditches, creeks and roads, except at those locations where rock is encountered, the pipeline may be installed with a minimum depth of twenty-four inches (24"). Such depth shall be measured from the top of the pipe to the surface of the ground.

8. In areas of cropland, Grantee agrees to cause the topsoil to be removed from the trench to a depth of twelve inches (12") or the topsoil depth, whichever is less, and return, as nearly as practicable, said topsoil to its original, pre-construction position relative to the subsoil.

9. Prior to the conclusion of the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall grade and slope the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space in order to restore the same to its pre-construction grade to the extent reasonably possible and to the extent such grade does not interfere with the maintenance and/or safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline.

10. Grantee shall maintain the Easement Area (and the Temporary Work Space during the Initial Construction Period) by keeping it clear of all litter and trash during periods when Grantee and its employees, agents, or contractors are on the Property.

11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, except as otherwise required by applicable laws, regulations or industry standards, Grantee shall not install or maintain any permanent above-ground structures of any kind on or within the Easement Area other than pipeline markers (which markers may be required to be placed along the Easement Area by applicable Department of Transportation Code regulations and other applicable statutes and regulations of governmental authorities) and cathodic protection equipment. After the Initial Construction Period expires, no pipelines, above-ground structures, installations, equipment or apparatus of any kind will be on or within the Temporary Work Space.

12. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the Easement Area in whole or in part, Grantee may, at its sole election, either leave the improvements in place or remove them. In the event Grantee elects to remove the improvements, Grantee shall restore the Easement Area, as nearly as is practicable, to its condition prior to removal. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the improvements in place, Grantee shall comply with all then applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to such abandonment.

13. Grantor acknowledges and agrees that the information set forth at Exhibit A hereto, including, without limitation, the location and area of the proposed Easement Area depicted, is approximate and preliminary and is based upon publicly available information, calculations, measurements and estimates without the benefit of site-specific on the ground investigation, inspection or survey; Grantor further acknowledges and agrees that Grantee shall have the right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space within the Property as a result of, among other things, site investigation. inspections or surveys, various engineering factors or to correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. In the event such a modification is required by Grantee, Grantee may modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" referring to this instrument and setting forth the modified legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space, which description may be set forth by map attached to said Notice. A copy of the Notice shall be delivered to the Grantor. Without limiting Grantee's right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" as aforesaid, Grantor agrees to execute and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. If such documents are required, they will be prepared by Grantee at its expense. Grantor shall receive additional reasonable compensation only if the acreage within the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space increases as a result of the changed location.

14. Grantee shall comply in all material respects, at Grantee's sole cost, with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations which are applicable to Grantee's activities hereunder, including, without limitation, the construction, use, operation, maintenance, repair and service of the Grantee's pipeline. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs that are necessitated, caused by, or are the result of any act or omission of negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct by the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

15. All notices under this Agreement shall be in writing, addressed to the addresses first set forth above and be delivered by certified mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested, next business day delivery via a reputable national courier service, regular United States mail, facsimile, e-mail or hand delivery. A party may change its address for notice by giving notice of such change to the other party.

16. The undersigned hereby bind themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to this Agreement unto Grantee, its successors and assigns. The Easement granted hereby shall create a covenant and burden upon the Property and running therewith.

17. It is agreed that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and that no other agreements have been made modifying, adding to or changing the terms of the same. This Agreement shall not be abrogated, modified, rescinded or amended in whole or in part without the consent of Grantor and Grantee, in writing and executed by each of them, and duly recorded in the appropriate real property records.

18. The rights granted hereby to Grantee may be assigned by Grantee in whole or in part, in Grantee's sole discretion.

19. The terms, stipulations, and conditions of this Easement are subject to all applicable laws, regulations, and permit conditions.

20. This Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State in which the Easement Area is situated.

21. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes; provided, however, that all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the \_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_

GRANTOR(S):

Johnnie P. Bialas and Maxine M. Bialas Revocable Living Trust

Johnnie P. Bialas, Trustee

Maxine M. Bialas, Trustee

[ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_

COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_

By Johnnie P. Bialas, Trustee of the Johnnie P. Bialas and Maxine M. Bialas Revocable Living Trust on behalf of said Trust.

Notary Public Signature

Affix Seal Here

STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_

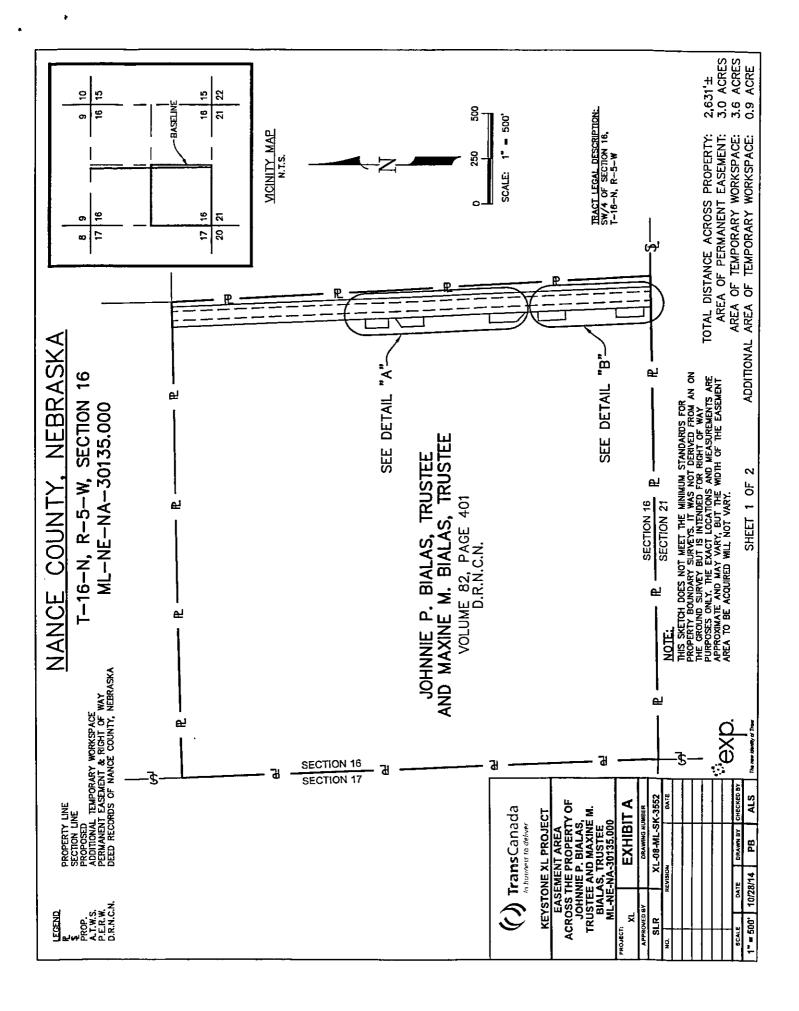
COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_

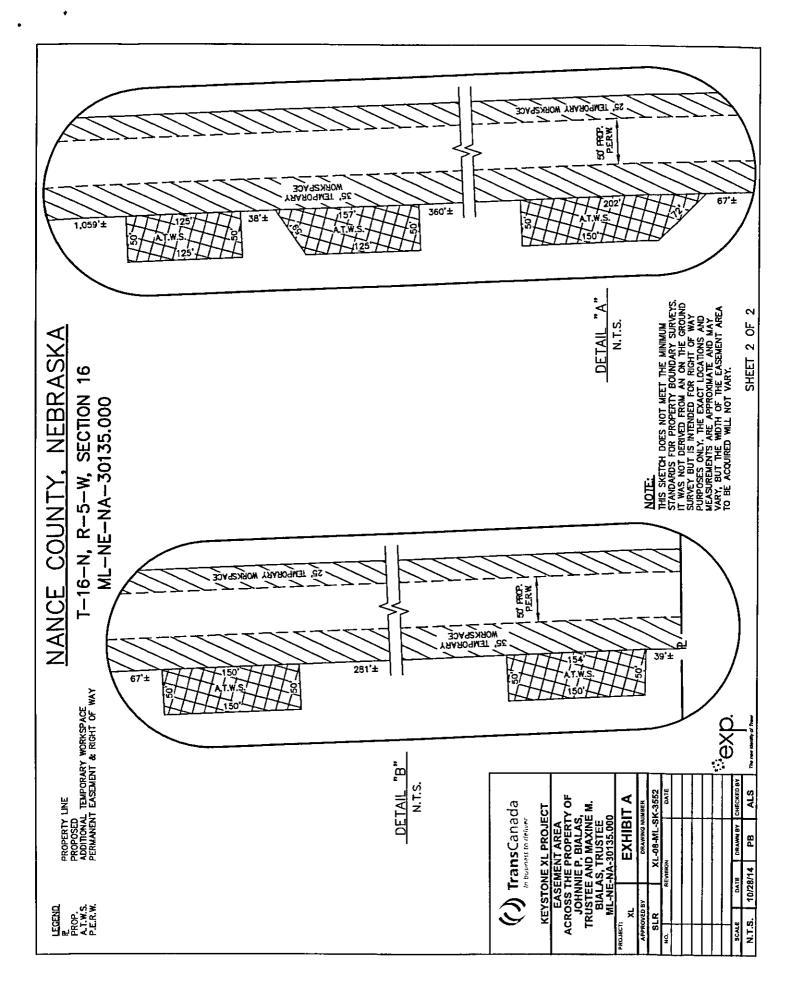
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this \_\_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_

By Maxine M. Bialas, Trustee of the Johnnie P. Bialas and Maxine M. Bialas Revocable Living Trust on behalf of said Trust.

Notary Public Signature

Affix Seal Here





#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

#### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

#### PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

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law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

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26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

#### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

#### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

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ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

Tract No. : ML-NE-NA-30135.000

We, <u>Johnnie P. Bialas and Maxine M. Bialas, Trustees</u>, of <u>Nance</u> County, in the State of <u>Nebraska</u>, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

Two Thousand Five Hundred Ninety Four Dollars and No Cents (\$2,594.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Nance, State of Nebraska:

SW/4

#### Section 16, Township 16N, Range 5W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands on this day of

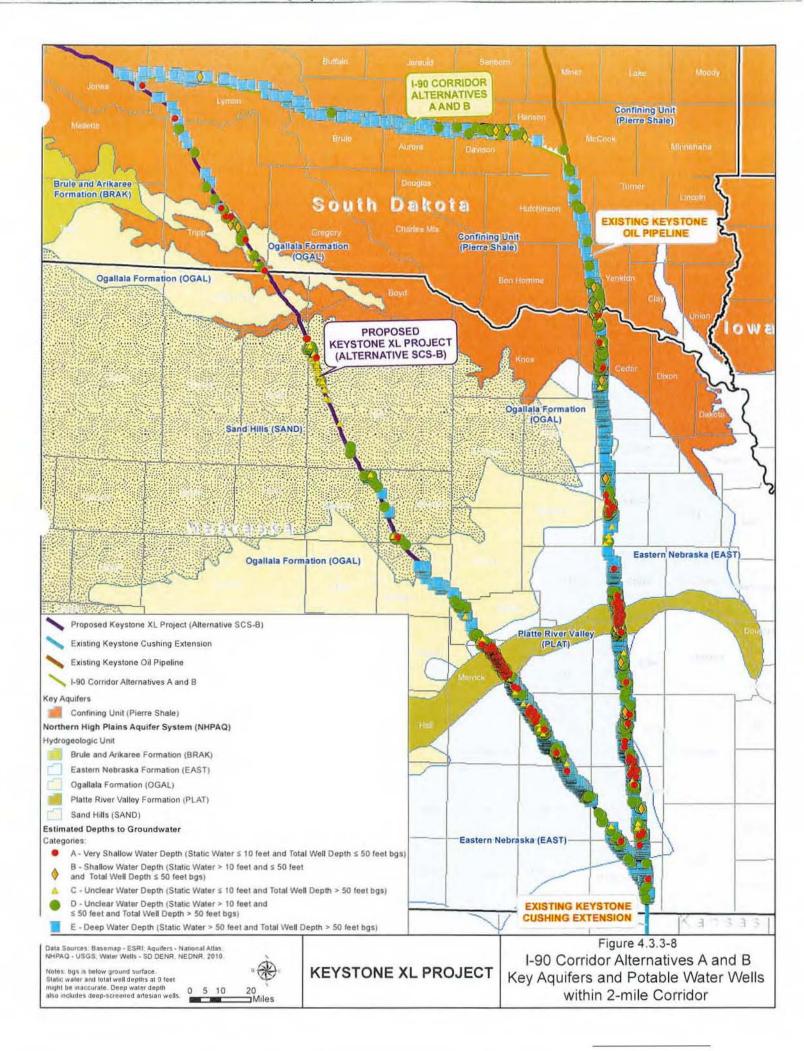
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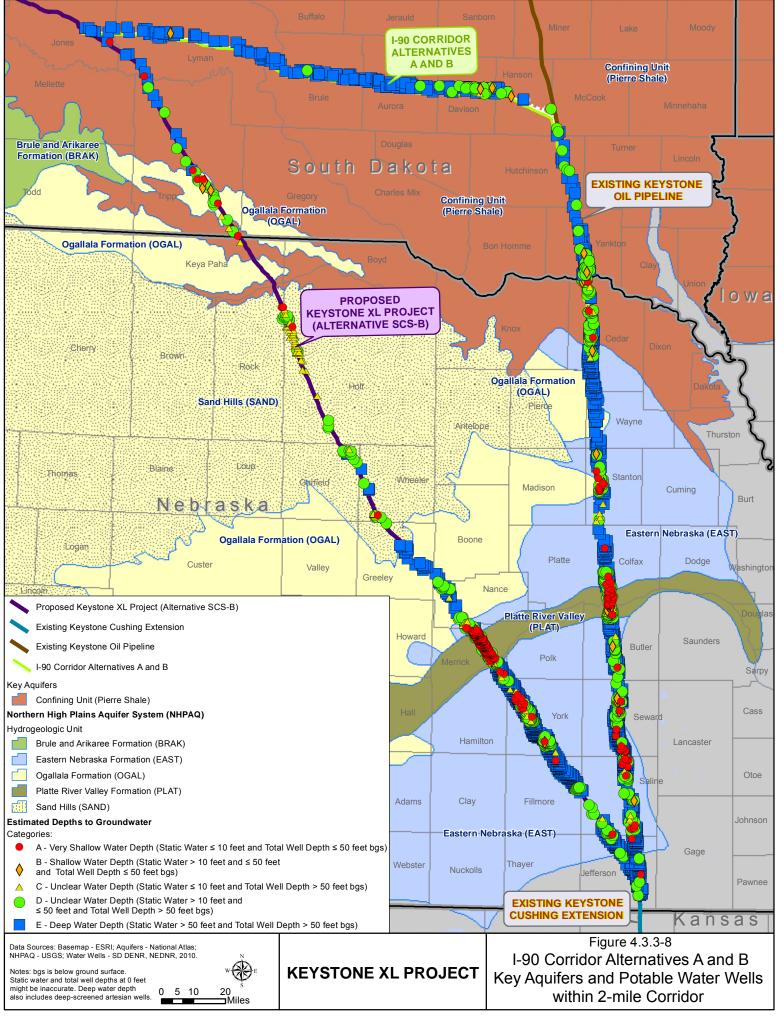
**Owner Signature** 

Owner Signature

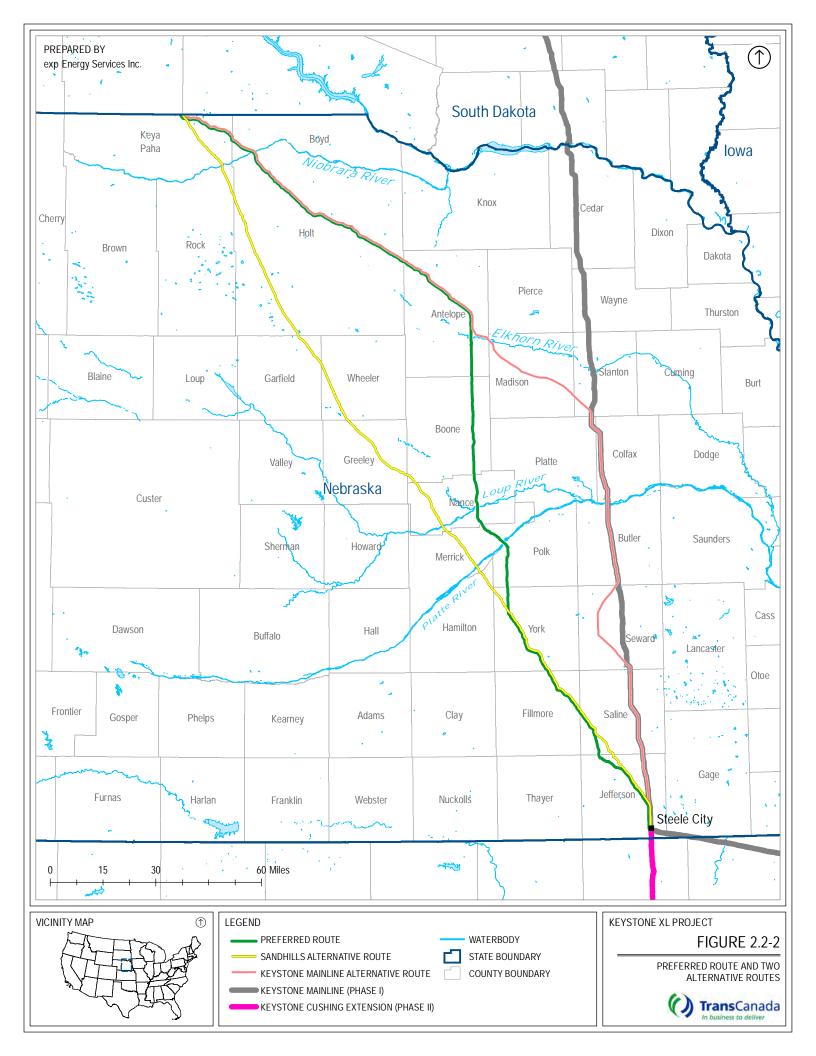
Owner/Owner Representative Name

Owner/Owner Representative Name





KXL002000



#### Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of Cheri Blocher in Support of Landowner Intervenors

State of Nebraska)) ss.Antelope County)

- 1 Q: Please state your name.
- 2 A: My name is Cheri Blocher
- Q: Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
   regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
   XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?

6 A: Yes, I am.

Q: Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
Keystone XL pipeline?

- 10 A: Yes, I do and it is located in Antelope County.
- Q: Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
   photo(s) of your land in question here with the area of the proposed KXL
   pipeline depicted?

14 A: Yes.

- 15 Q: What do you do for a living?
- 16 A: Farmer.

1 If you are you married tell us your spouse's name please? **O**: 2 A: Michael Blocher. 3 **O**: Is Attachment No. 2 to this sworn statement a copy(ies) of picture(s) of you 4 and or your family? 5 A. Yes. 6 **Q**: For the land that would be affected and impacted by the proposed KXL tar 7 sands pipeline give the Commissioners a sense how long the land has been in 8 your family and a little history of the land. 9 A: Our land in Antelope County where my I was born, has been in my family all 10 sixty-five years of my life. Here we are carrying on the tradition of raising corn, 11 soy beans, and American Quarter Horses began by my late father and mother. 12 **O**: Do you earn any income from this land? 13 A: Yes. 14 0: Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood or the livelihood of your family? 15 16 A: Yes. 17 **Q**: Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all 18 or a portion of your land in question here? 19 A: Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective 20 tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and 21 all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching 22 operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking 23 to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I 24 would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same 25 way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or 26 27 mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to 28 Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a 29 pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.

- Do you have similar concerns about selling the land? 1 **Q**: 2 A: Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you 3 never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece 4 of ground similar to mine were for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine 5 did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline 6 ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes. 7 **Q**: What is your intent with your land after you die? 8 A: Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stays in the family for years 9 to come but I have thought about getting out if this pipeline were to come through. 10 **O**: Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL 11 Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you? 12 A: Yes. 13 **O**: Were you or an entity for which you are a member, shareholder, or director 14 previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP? 15 A: Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a 16 petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline 17 within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land. 18 **Q**: Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action? 19 A: Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees 20 and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us. 21 **O**: Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees 22 incurred? 23 A: No, they have not. 24 In its lawsuit against you, did TransCanada identify the amount of your **O**: 25 property that it wanted to take for its proposed pipeline?
- A: The lawsuit against us stated they would take the amount of property that is
   reasonably necessary to lay, relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant
   and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline.

Q: Did TransCanada define what they meant by "property that is reasonably
 2 necessary"?

3 A: No, they did not.

4 Q: Did TransCanada in its lawsuit against you, identify the eminent domain
5 property portion of your land?

6 A: Yes, they did.

Q: Did TransCanada describe what rights it proposed to take related to the
eminent domain property on your land?

9 A: Yes, they did.

10 Q: What rights that they proposed to take did they describe?

11 A: TransCanada stated that the eminent domain property will be used to "lay, relay, 12 operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying, laying, 13 constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, 14 15 reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with all fittings, 16 cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equipment and 17 appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hydrocarbon, 18 petroleum products, and all by-products thereof."

### 19 Q: Prior to filing an eminent domain lawsuit to take your land that 20 TransCanada identified, do you believe they attempted to negotiate in good 21 faith with you?

22 A: No, I do not.

Q: Did TransCanada at any time approach you with or deliver to you their
 proposed easement and right-of-way agreement?

25 A: Yes, they did.

Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way
 agreement, did you understand that they would be purchasing a fee title
 interest in your property or that they were taking something else?

- 1 A: I understood that they proposed to have the power to take both a temporary 2 construction easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a 3 permanent easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and 4 that would run the entire portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline 5 would enter my property until where it would exit the property.
- 6 Q: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 3, a
  7 true and accurate copy of TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of8 Way agreement that they included with their condemnation lawsuit against
  9 you?

10 A: Yes, it is.

11 Q: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement
12 and Right-of-Way agreement?

13 A: Yes, I have.

- Q: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-ofWay agreement as proposed by TransCanada?
- A: My understanding is that this is the document that will govern all of the rights and
  obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and
  how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property
  must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how
  they can use my land.
- Q: After reviewing TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way
   agreement do you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the
   language either included in the document or missing from the proposed
   document?
- A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and
   how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively
   impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and
   my state.

1Q:I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of2your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way3agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and4the terms of that contract, in your opinion, potentially negatively impacts you5and your land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and6let's work our way through it, okay?

A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's proposed
Easement and Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my
property rights and my economic interests.

10 Q. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.

11 A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will 12 pay to compensate me for all of the known and unknown affects and all of the 13 rights I am giving up and for all the things they get to do to my land and for what 14 they will prevent me from doing on my land and they only will pay me one time at 15 the signing of the easement agreement. That is a huge problem.

#### 16 Q: Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.

17 A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so 18 19 they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from 20 my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 21 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 22 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 23 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying 24 once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 25 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 26 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 27 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and 28 generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders 29 keep all that money and it never finds its way to Nebraska.

1

#### **Q:** What is your next concern?

2 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 3 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 4 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 5 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 6 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 7 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of the these partners or 8 the structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if 9 you would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 10 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited 11 liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general 12 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so 13 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but 14 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

## Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of over 275 miles of Nebraska land?

18 A: No.

# Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through Nebraska land?

23 A: No.

## Q: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

A: Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow the easement to be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows what that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This pipeline would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest bidder
that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who may
buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto or
have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in the
future.

6 Q: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece
 7 of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

8 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.

9 Q: What's next?

# A: Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to. Perpetual to me is like forever and that doesn't make sense.

14 Q: Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you?

15 A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any 16 data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in 17 TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have 18 19 a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become 20 obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however 21 will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as 22 undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of 23 Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for 24 this specific kind of pipeline project.

25

### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

A: The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says
"...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground
until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned

a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
 there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
 public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

## 4 Q: Now it looks like we are ready to go to the second page of the Easement is that 5 right?

6 A: Yes.

### 7 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

8 A: Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the 9 pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 10 11 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 12 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 13 14 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 15 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 16 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best 17 interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding 18 19 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 20 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is 21 expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials." 22 Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are 23 two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to 24 allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of 25 TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is 26 not conducive to protection of property rights.

27

#### **Q:** Okay, what is your next concern?

A: Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of
 TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially

reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 1 2 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of 3 "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 4 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 5 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by 6 Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 7 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and 8 intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. 9 However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 10 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 11 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 12 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 13 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 14 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 15 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 16 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 17 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 18 landowners to be treated that way.

## 19 Q: Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this 20 concern more real for you?

A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against
Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two
Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of
gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged
negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate
copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 4.

#### 27 Q: What is your next concern with the Easement language?

A: Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as
they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with

TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 1 2 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 3 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 4 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 5 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that 6 TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 7 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 8 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains 9 all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 10 11 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes is 12 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 13 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 14 the removal of trees or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities 15 owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and 16 rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or 17 losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

18

#### **Q:** What is the next concern you have?

19 A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the 20 same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada. 21 TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 22 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 23 any appurtenances thereon of the pipeline itself or to their access to the Easement 24 or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, whether 25 during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery..." Further at TransCanada's sole discretion it will 26 27 retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably 28 impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement Area. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the protection of
 property rights or economic interest.

## 3 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

## 9 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

10 A: Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 11 12 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 13 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 14 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 15 affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights. 16 A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in the 17 future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 18 19 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

### 20 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

21 A: There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as 22 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably 23 possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 24 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize 25 costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 26 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 27 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 28 economic interest.

29 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

#### 7 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

8 A: TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any 9 Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion. 10 Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative to their property in 11 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 12 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 13 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 14 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive 15 to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

### 16 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner to
transfer and be applicable to any future owner of the Land in question without the
ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiate any of the language in
question to which it will be held to comply.

#### 21 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at anytime to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement
 owner.

- 3 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?
- A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms
  that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say
  so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in
  TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined terms are as follows:
- 8 i. "pipeline installation activities"
- 9 ii. "availability of labor and materials"
- 10 iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"
- 11 iv. "reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"
- 12 v. "yield loss damages"
- 13 vi. "diminution in the value of the property"
- 14 vii. "substantially same condition"
- 15 viii. "an actual or potential hazard"
- 16 ix. "efficient"
- 17 x. "convenient"
- 18 xi. "endangered"
- 19 xii. "obstructed"
- 20 xiii. "injured"
- 21 xiv. "interfered with"
- 22 xv. "impaired"
- 23 xvi. "suitable crossings"
- 24 xvii. "where rock is encountered"
- 25 xviii. "as nearly as practicable"
- 26 xix. "pre-construction position"
- 27 xx. "pre-construction grade"
- 28 xxi. "various engineering factors"

1 Each one of these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement 2 could be problematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get 3 definition in further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the 4 Easement is drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a 5 particular situation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For 6 instance, "yield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out 7 exactly how the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front 8 end. I can't afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately, 9 the Landowner is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine 10 when rights related to them trigger and what the affects may be.

## 11 Q: Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can 12 think of at this time?

- A: I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time ofmy live testimony in August.
- Q: Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding
   TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe
   those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's
   impact upon you and your land?
- A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that wediscussed previously.
- Q: Did TransCanada ever offer you financial compensation for the rights that
   they sought to obtain in your land, and for what they sought to prevent you
   and any future land owner of your property from doing in the future?
- A: Yes, we received an offer from them.
- Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better
   than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair,
   compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar
   sands pipeline could be located across your property?

- A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just
  offer for all the potential impacts and effects and the rights that I'm giving up, and
  what we will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would
  impact my property for ever and ever.
- Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
   wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
   across your property.

8 A: No, never.

- 9 Q: At any time did TransCanada present you with or request that you, as the
  10 owner of the land in question, sign and execute a document called, "Advanced
  11 Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?"
- 12 A: Yes, they did and it was included in the County Court lawsuit against us.
- 13Q:Is Attachment No. 5, to your testimony here, a true and accurate copy of the14"Advanced Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?
- 15 A: Yes, it is.

#### 16 Q: What was your understanding of that document?

- A: When I read that document in the plain language of that document, it was my understanding that TransCanada was attempting to pay me a very small amount at that time in order for me to agree to give up my rights to be compensated from them in the future related to any damage or impact they may have upon my property "arising out of, in connection with, or alleged to resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on" my land.
- 23 Q: Did you ever sign that document?

A: No, I did not.

25 **Q:** Why not?

A; Because I do not believe that it is fair or just to try to get me to agree to a small sum of money when I have no idea how bad the impacts or damages that they, or their contractors, or subcontractors, or other agents or employees, may cause on my land at any time in the future that resulted from the construction or surveying
 or their activities upon my land.

- 3 Q: When you reviewed this document, what did it make you feel?
- A: I felt like it was simply another attempt for TransCanada to try to pay very little to
  shield themselves against known and foreseeable impacts that their pipeline, and
  the construction of it, would have upon my land. It made me feel that they knew it
  was in their financial interest to pay me as little as possible to prevent me from
  ever having the opportunity to seek fair compensation again, and that this must be
  based upon their experience of unhappy landowners and situations in other places
  where they have built pipelines.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
   thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
   was in your best interest?
- 14 A: No, they have not.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
   thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
   was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?
- 18 A: No, they have not.
- 19 Q: Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
  20 Takings Clause?

21 A: Yes, I am.

- Q: What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of
  an American citizens property?
- A: My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or fairly.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which
  the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?

1 A: No, they have not.

- Q: Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State
  of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL
  Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?
- A: No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the
  public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how
  it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me
  that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we
  are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands
  are located to where TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in
  Houston, Texas.

## Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to ship in its pipeline?

15 A: No, it has not.

Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place
 for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

19 A: No, I do not.

- Q: Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
   Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?
- A: No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.
- Q: Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
  at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

A: Yes, I do.

- 27 Q: Why do you pay property taxes on that land?
- A: Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the ownerof that property.

- Q: Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you
   deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person
   or company that pays property taxes?
- 4 A: Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
  5 just what you do.
- 6 Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
  7 treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?

8 A: No, of course not.

9 Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be 10 enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of 11 your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the 12 state of Nebraska?

- A: Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that
  I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.
- 15 Q: Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?

16 A: Well, yes I have.

# Q: Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life, employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed one or more persons?

21 A: No, of course not.

Q: Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer
 have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to
 preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?

- A: No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I
  don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.
- Q: At the beginning of your statement, you briefly described your property that
   would be impacted by the potential Keystone XL Pipeline. I would like you to
   give the Commissioners a sense of specifically how you believe the proposed

Keystone XL Pipeline and its preferred route, which proposes to go across your land, how it would in your opinion based on your knowledge, experience, and background of your land, affect it. So please share with the Commissioners the characteristics of your land that you believe is important for them to understand, while they evaluate TransCanada's application for a route for its proposed pipeline to cross Nebraska and across your land, specifically.

8 A: The current proposed route of the Keystone XL pipeline would cross a half mile of 9 our land consisting of equal parts pasture and row crop. It has been categorized 10 highly erodible by the U.S. Farm Service Agency. This means that any disturbance 11 to the ground results in constant monitoring and maintenance to protect it from 12 severe and catastrophic erosion. We would have to prevent and repair any damage 13 for as long the pipeline is there. According to the easement we would be forced to 14 sign, that could be forever since TransCanada is not responsible to remove it nor 15 return the land to its original state.

16 **Q: What else?** 

A: Also according to the forced easement, we could be liable for damages and clean-up when the pipeline leaks, resulting in permanent toxic contamination.

## Q: Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the state of Nebraska?

22 A: Yes, I have significant concerns. I am aware of landowners being treated unfairly 23 or even bullied around and being made to feel scared that they did not have any 24 options but to sign whatever papers TransCanada told them they had to. I am 25 aware of folks being threatened that their land would be taken if they didn't follow what TransCanada was saying. I am aware of tactics to get people to sign 26 27 easements that I don't believe have any place in Nebraska or anywhere such as 28 TransCanada or some outfit associated with it hiring a pastor or priest to pray with 29 landowners and convince them they should sign TransCanada's easement 1 agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows or widowers feeling they had 2 no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and they didn't know they could 3 fight or stand up for themselves. From a more practical standpoint, I am worried 4 that according to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada only 5 owns and operates one (1) major oil pipeline. They simply do not have the 6 experience with this type of pipeline and that scares me. There are others but that 7 is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is 8 refreshed I will share those with the Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

## 9 Q: Do you believe TransCanada's proposed method of compensation to you as a 10 landowner is reasonable or just?

11 A: No, I do not.

# Q: Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed easement and immediately surrounding areas?

A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of
structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I
would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being
blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in
regards to the pipeline.

21 Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

22 A: Well yes, of course.

23 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being used as of this moment,
and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain
ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any
potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future owner
may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska
potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years

1 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 2 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in 3 my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 4 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development 5 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 6 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the 7 short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts 8 may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity 9 and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska.

## 10 Q: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed 11 pipeline?

12 A: Yes, I do.

13 Q: What are some of those concerns?

A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction,
operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have
a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the
lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.

18

### **Q:** Do you have any other environmental concerns?

A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State.

Q: Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the
natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?

A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the
 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural
 resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline
 route.

Q: Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline
 to the soil of your land, or land near you?

3 A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the 4 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of 5 land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This 6 includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing 7 the soil composition and makeup as it has naturally existed for thousands and 8 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 9 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 10 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow 11 whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 12 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the 13 same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed pipeline. 14

## Q: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline
route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and
simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at
unreasonable risk.

## Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?

A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or
maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental
impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along
and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of
Nebraska.

## Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your land?

4 A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
5 the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
6 wildlife and the plants, not only that are located on or can be found upon my land,
7 but also near and along the proposed pipeline route.

## 8 Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the 9 fair market value of your land?

10 A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed 11 pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I 12 13 would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the 14 property. I do not believe, and certainly would not be willing to pay, the same 15 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 16 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to 17 realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 18 19 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they 20 would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon 21 my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties, 22 not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline 23 due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable 24 person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my 25 property's value.

## 26 Q: Have you ever seen the document that's marked as Attachment No. 6, to your 27 testimony?

A: Yes, I have.

29 Q: Where have you seen that before?

- A: That is a map I think I first saw a couple years ago that shows the Keystone XL
  I-90 corridor alternate route of its proposed pipeline through Nebraska and I
  believe the portion of the alternative route shown here within Nebraska essentially
  twins or parallels Keystone I. That is why this is included, to show TransCanada
  has looked at the possibility of twinning which I believe is feasible.
- 6 Q: Do you believe that TransCanada's preferred route as found on page 5 of its
  7 Application, and as found on Attachment No. 7, here to your testimony, is in
  8 the public interest of Nebraska?

9 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe that the Keystone mainline alternative route as shown on
 Attachment No. 7 included with your testimony here is a major oil pipeline
 route that is in the public interest of Nebraska?

13 A: No, I do not.

- Q: Do you believe the Nebraska portion of the I-90 corridor alternative route,
   specifically for the portion of the proposed pipeline within Nebraska as found
   in Attachment No. 6 to your testimony, is in the public interest of Nebraska?
- 17 A: No, I do not.
- Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL
  Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the
  public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

21 A: No, I do not.

22 Q: Why do you hold that belief?

A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our
 state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all
 the negative impacts and concerns.

# 4 Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's 5 preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest 6 of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction 7 phase to Nebraska?

8 A: First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether 9 temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the 10 potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here 11 and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If 12 I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching 13 business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact 14 to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is 15 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 16 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all 17 jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted 18 were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 19 20 projected. According to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 191, TransCanada 21 has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working specifically on 22 behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 196, as 23 of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary working within Nebraska. 24 Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 199, TransCanada would 25 only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the proposed Keystone XL was 26 constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline Alternative Route.

## Q: Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply because it would cross your land?

1 A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public 2 interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

#### 3 **O**: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline 4 was to cross someone else's land?

5 No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have A: 6 the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this 7 type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this state or any other state. 8

#### 9 **Q**: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL 10 **Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?**

11 A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe 12 this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if 13 you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely 14 had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe 15 would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the 16 preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our 17 state cannot risk.

18

#### **Q**: What do you rely upon to make that statement?

19 A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I, 20 already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the 21 public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second, 22 they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the 23 counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have 24 already obtained easements from all the landowners along that route and have 25 relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the 26 sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala 27 Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an 28 alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have

some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of
 infrastructure near each other.

## 3 Q: Do you have any other concerns you would like to reiterate or can think of at 4 this time you would like the Commissioners to understand?

5 A: Yes. For a one-time fee this forced easement would give TransCanada the use of 6 our land forever. They are free to sell it at any time to anyone (foreign or 7 domestic), or to simply walk away at a time of their choosing, leaving a 8 dangerous, corroding, toxic structure for which they would not be held 9 responsible. This would not only devalue our property but could cause its 10 condemnation, rendering it useless to anyone. It is incomprehensible that a one-11 time fee could be considered just compensation for this.

# 12 Q: Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would 13 like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of 14 TransCanada's Application?

15 A: No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this 16 document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be 17 refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in 18 August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, 19 I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of 20 TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was 21 impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I 22 reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet 23 concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents 24 requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have 25 additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

# Q: What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline across Nebraska?

1 A: I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond 2 a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the 3 relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly 4 generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this 5 pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 6 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 7 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public 8 interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 9 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 10 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 11 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 12 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. It simply does not make 13 sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new 14 pumping stations, creating new impacts on additional counties and communities 15 and going through all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like 16 me when this applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns 17 and the communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the sand hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala 18 19 Aquifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.

## Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your knowledge?

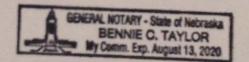
A: Yes, they are.

## Q: Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

Cheri Blocher

Subscribed and Sworn to me before this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2017.

Dannie ( Notary Public 2



Attachment No. 1



May 2017 - X:\Drawings\50388X KEYSTONE XL\9000\_9999\9358

Attachment No. 2



Attachment No. 3

Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

(Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

Tract No.: ML-NE-AT-30645.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "Agreement"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "Consideration") Cheri G. Blocher and Michael J. Blocher, wife and husband, whose mailing address is 83474 529 Avenue, Oakdale, NE 68761 (hereinafter called "Grantor") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 13710 FNB Parkway, Suite 300, Omaha, Nebraska 68154, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "Grantee"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "Easement") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and

Grantor's Initials

petroleum by-products, on, under, across and/or through a strip of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "**Easement Area**") located on real property situated in the County of Antelope, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract of land containing 160.82 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Antelope, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as the NW1/4 of Section 32, T23N, R5W of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 130, Page 98 in the Deed Records of Antelope County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "**Property**"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "**Initial Construction Period**"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto (the "**Temporary Work Space**"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock, bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the

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negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by 3. Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction, operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, provided, however, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public rights-of-way, the Temporary Access Easements (if any) or other easements in favor of Grantee provide reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee shall not be prevented from traveling within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery; (iv) Grantee's pipeline is left with the amount of cover originally installed to allow safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline; (v) the Grantee's pipeline is left with proper and sufficient and permanent lateral support; and (vi) Grantee's use of the Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein is not unreasonably impaired or interfered with.

5. During the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall also provide suitable crossings on, over and across the Easement Area so as to afford Grantor reasonable access over and across and the Easement Area in accordance with Grantor's customary use of the Property.

6. Grantee shall dispose of all brush and debris, if any, cleared from the Easement Area by burning, chipping, and/or burying, which method of disposal shall be selected by Grantee in Grantee's sole discretion.

7. Grantee shall install the Grantee's pipeline to a minimum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below current grade level and any then existing drainage ditches, creeks and roads, except at those locations where rock is encountered, the pipeline may be installed with a minimum depth of twenty-four inches (24"). Such depth shall be measured from the top of the pipe to the surface of the ground.

8. In areas of cropland, Grantee agrees to cause the topsoil to be removed from the trench to a depth of twelve inches (12") or the topsoil depth, whichever is less, and return, as nearly as practicable, said topsoil to its original, pre-construction position relative to the subsoil.

9. Prior to the conclusion of the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall grade and slope the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space in order to restore the same to its pre-construction grade to the extent reasonably possible and to the extent such grade does not interfere with the maintenance and/or safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline.

10. Grantee shall maintain the Easement Area (and the Temporary Work Space during the Initial Construction Period) by keeping it clear of all litter and trash during periods when Grantee and its employees, agents, or contractors are on the Property.

11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, except as otherwise required by applicable laws, regulations or industry standards, Grantee shall not install or maintain any permanent above-ground structures of any kind on or within the Easement Area other than pipeline markers (which markers may be required to be placed along the Easement Area by applicable Department of Transportation Code regulations and other applicable statutes and regulations of governmental authorities) and cathodic protection equipment. After the Initial Construction Period expires, no pipelines, above-ground structures, installations, equipment or apparatus of any kind will be on or within the Temporary Work Space.

12. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the Easement Area in whole or in part, Grantee may, at its sole election, either leave the improvements in place or remove them. In the event Grantee elects to remove the improvements, Grantee shall restore the Easement Area, as nearly as is practicable, to its condition prior to removal. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the improvements in place, Grantee shall comply with all then applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to such abandonment.

Grantor acknowledges and agrees that the information set forth at Exhibit A hereto, including, 13. without limitation, the location and area of the proposed Easement Area depicted, is approximate and preliminary and is based upon publicly available information, calculations, measurements and estimates without the benefit of site-specific on the ground investigation, inspection or survey; Grantor further acknowledges and agrees that Grantee shall have the right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space within the Property as a result of, among other things, site investigation, inspections or surveys, various engineering factors or to correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. In the event such a modification is required by Grantee, Grantee may modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" referring to this instrument and setting forth the modified legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space, which description may be set forth by map attached to said Notice. A copy of the Notice shall be delivered to the Grantor. Without limiting Grantee's right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" as aforesaid, Grantor agrees to execute and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. If such documents are required, they will be prepared by Grantee at its expense. Grantor shall receive additional reasonable compensation only if the acreage within the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space increases as a result of the changed location.

14. Grantee shall comply in all material respects, at Grantee's sole cost, with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations which are applicable to Grantee's activities hereunder, including, without limitation, the construction, use, operation, maintenance, repair and service of the Grantee's pipeline. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs that are necessitated, caused by, or are the result of any act or omission of negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct by the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

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15. All notices under this Agreement shall be in writing, addressed to the addresses first set forth above and be delivered by certified mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested, next business day delivery via a reputable national courier service, regular United States mail, facsimile, e-mail or hand delivery. A party may change its address for notice by giving notice of such change to the other party.

16. The undersigned hereby bind themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to this Agreement unto Grantee, its successors and assigns. The Easement granted hereby shall create a covenant and burden upon the Property and running therewith.

17. It is agreed that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and that no other agreements have been made modifying, adding to or changing the terms of the same. This Agreement shall not be abrogated, modified, rescinded or amended in whole or in part without the consent of Grantor and Grantee, in writing and executed by each of them, and duly recorded in the appropriate real property records.

18. The rights granted hereby to Grantee may be assigned by Grantee in whole or in part, in Grantee's sole discretion.

19. The terms, stipulations, and conditions of this Easement are subject to all applicable laws, regulations, and permit conditions.

20. This Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State in which the Easement Area is situated.

21. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes; provided, however, that all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the \_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_

GRANTOR(S):

Cheri G. Blocher

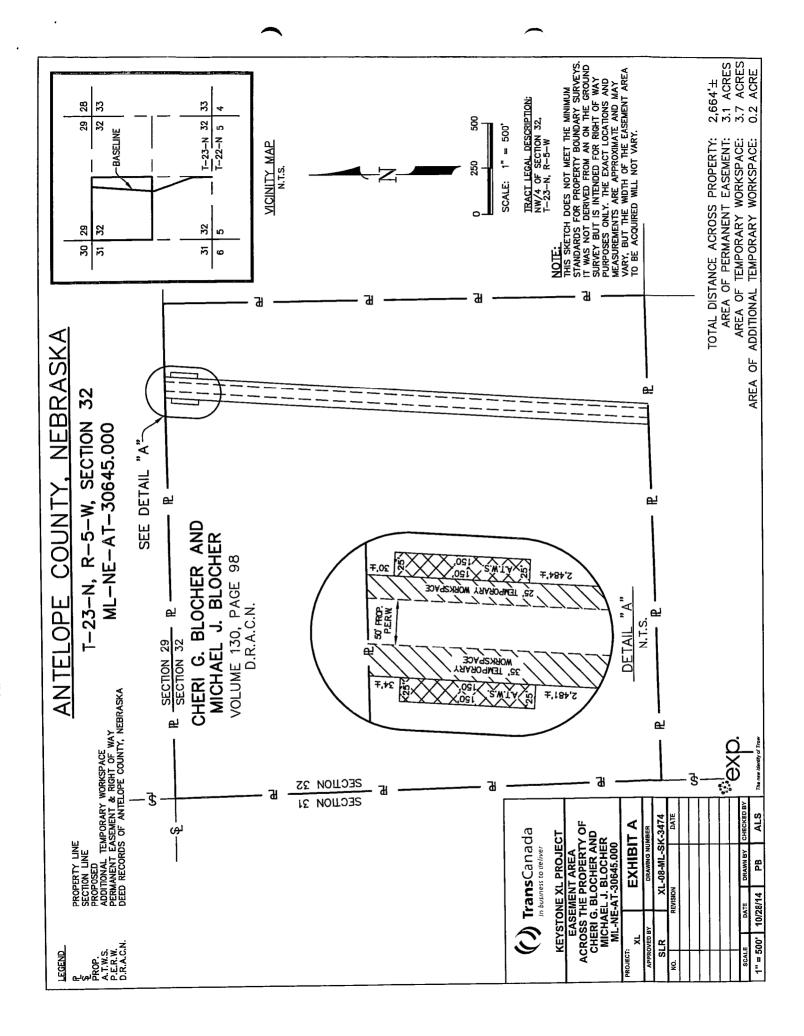
Michael J. Blocher

#### [ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

STATE OF			
COUNTY OF			
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before r	me this	day of	20
By Cheri G. Blocher			
		Li's O'seature	
	Notary Pu	ublic Signature	
Affix Seal Here			
STATE OF			
COUNTY OF			
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before	me this	day of	20
By Michael J. Blocher			
	Notary P	ublic Signature	
Affix Seal Here			

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Attachment No. 4

### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

### PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

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law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

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26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

#### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

#### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862 Attachment No. 5

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

Tract No. : ML-NE-AT-30645.000

We, <u>Cheri G. Blocher and Michael J. Blocher, wife and husband</u>, of <u>Antelope</u> County, in the State of <u>Nebraska</u>, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

One Thousand Eight Hundred Twenty Dollars and No Cents (\$1,820.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Antelope, State of Nebraska:

#### NW/4

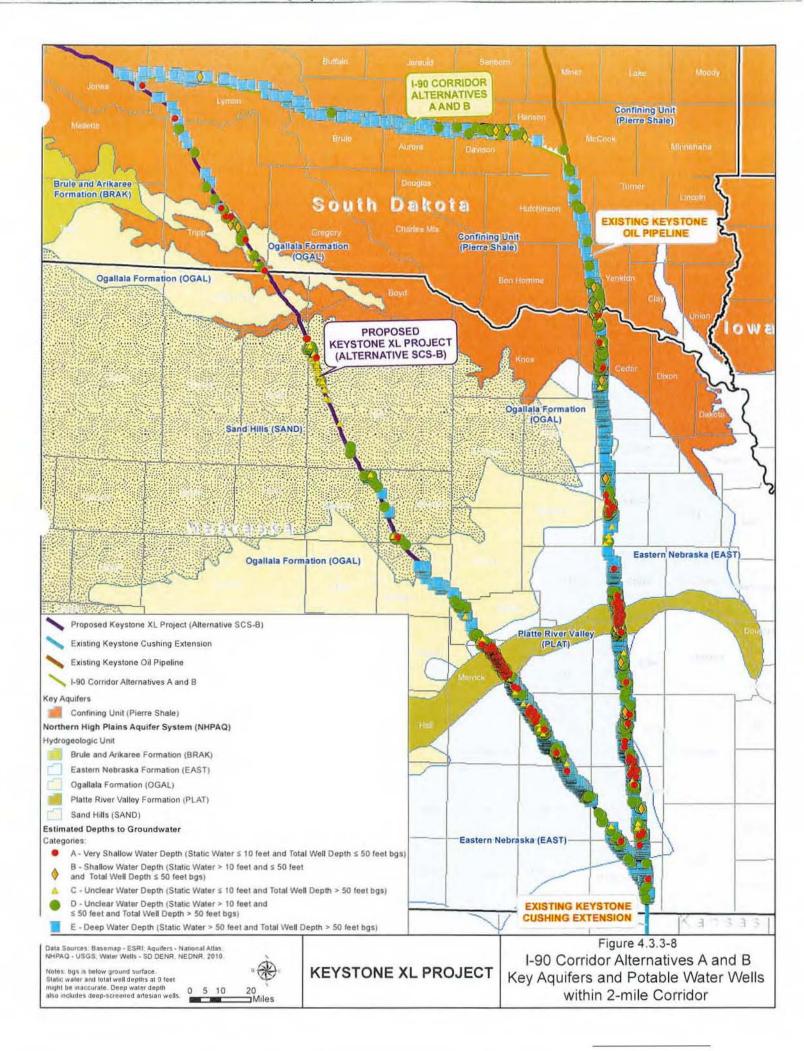
### Section 32, Township 23N, Range 5W

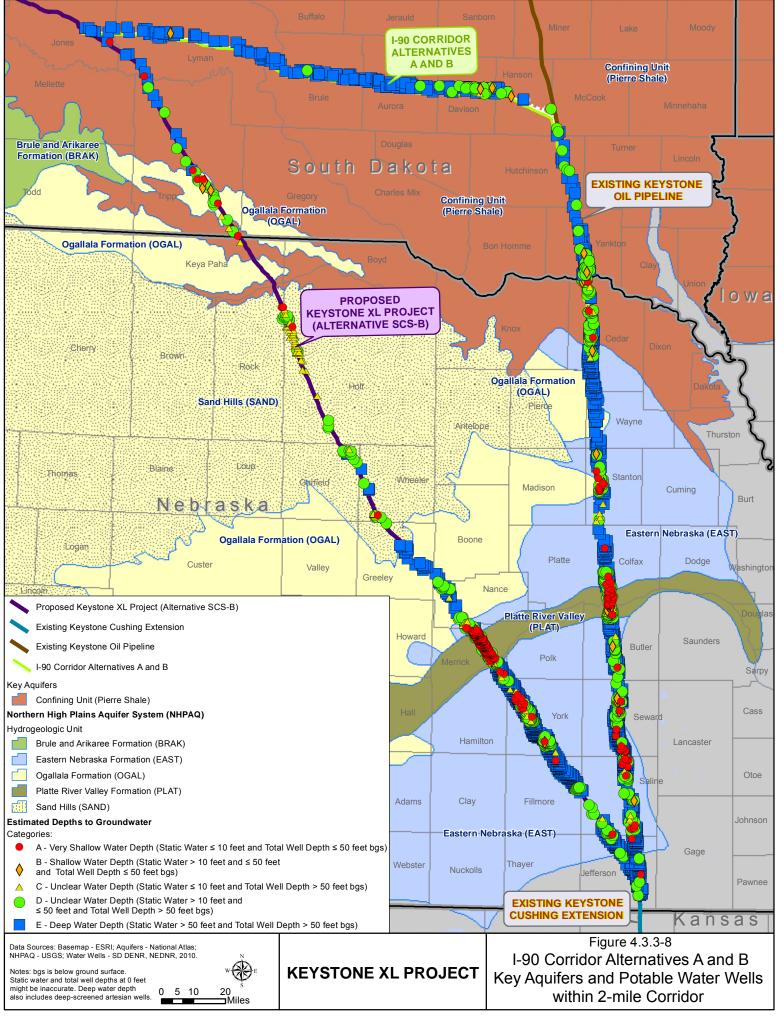
Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands on this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of

	, 20
Owner Signature	Owner Signature
Owner/Owner Representative Name	Owner/Owner Representative Name

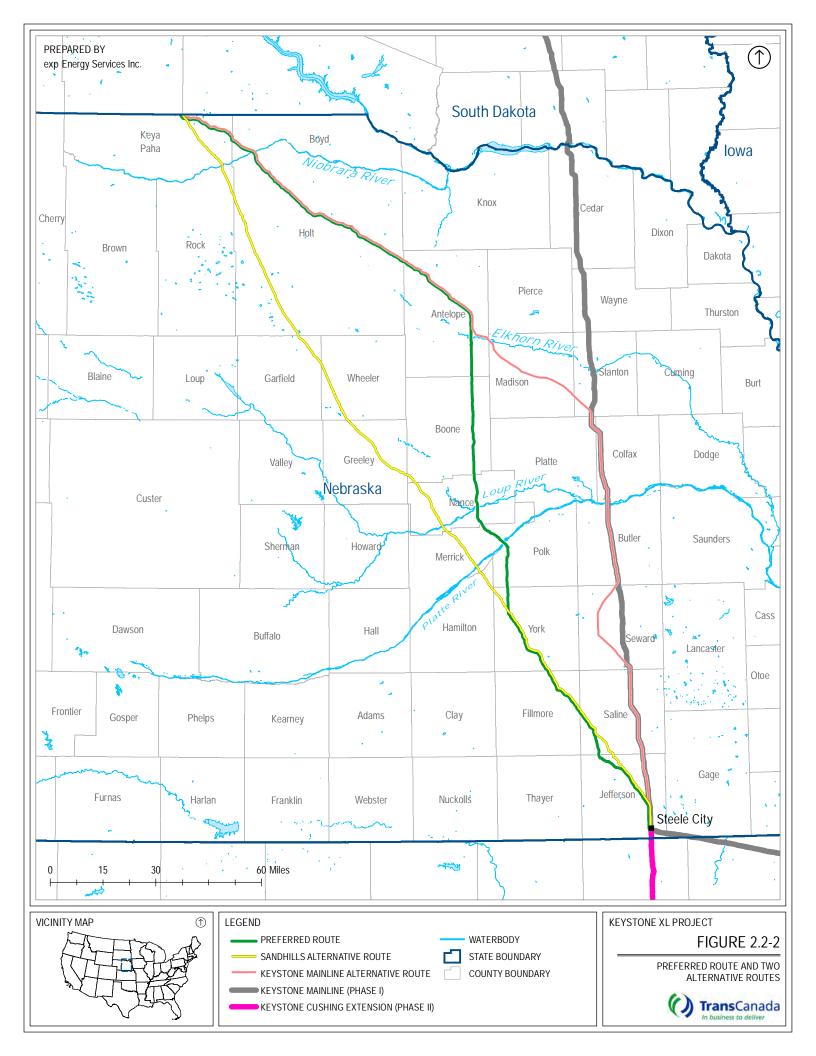
Attachment No. 6





KXL002000

Attachment No. 7



### Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of Michael Blocher in Support of Landowner Intervenors

State of Nebraska	)
	) ss.
Antelope County	)

1	Q:	Please state your name.
2	A:	My name is Michael Blocher
3	Q:	Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
4		regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
5		XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?
6	A:	Yes, I am.
7	Q:	Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
8		you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
9		Keystone XL pipeline?
10	A:	Yes, I do and it is located in Antelope County.
11	Q:	Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
12		photo(s) of your land in question here with the area of the proposed KXL
13		pipeline depicted?
14	A:	Yes.
15	Q:	What do you do for a living?
16	A:	Farmer.

- 1 Q: If you are you married tell us your spouse's name please?
- 2 A: Cheri Blocher.
- 3 Q: Is Attachment No. 2 to this sworn statement a copy(ies) of picture(s) of you
  and or your family?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q: For the land that would be affected and impacted by the proposed KXL tar
  7 sands pipeline give the Commissioners a sense how long the land has been in
  8 your family and a little history of the land.
- 9 A: Our land in Antelope County where my wife was born, has been in her family all
  10 sixty-five years of her life. Here we are carrying on the tradition of raising corn,
  11 soy beans, and American Quarter Horses began by her late father and mother.
- 12 Q: Do you earn any income from this land?
- 13 A: Yes.
- 14 Q: Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood
  15 or the livelihood of your family?
- 16 A: Yes.

### 17 Q: Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all 18 or a portion of your land in question here?

19 A: Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective 20 tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and 21 all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching 22 operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking 23 to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I 24 would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same 25 way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or 26 27 mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to 28 Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a 29 pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.

- Do you have similar concerns about selling the land? 1 **Q**: 2 A: Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you 3 never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece 4 of ground similar to mine were for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine 5 did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline 6 ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes. 7 **Q**: What is your intent with your land after you die? 8 A: Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stays in the family for years 9 to come but I have thought about getting out if this pipeline were to come through. 10 **O**: Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL 11 Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you? 12 A: Yes. 13 **O**: Were you or an entity for which you are a member, shareholder, or director 14 previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP? 15 A: Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a 16 petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline 17 within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land. 18 **Q**: Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action? 19 A: Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees 20 and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us. 21 **O**: Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees 22 incurred? 23 A: No, they have not. 24 In its lawsuit against you, did TransCanada identify the amount of your **O**: 25 property that it wanted to take for its proposed pipeline?
- A: The lawsuit against us stated they would take the amount of property that is reasonably necessary to lay, relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline.

Q: Did TransCanada define what they meant by "property that is reasonably
 2 necessary"?

3 A: No, they did not.

4 Q: Did TransCanada in its lawsuit against you, identify the eminent domain
5 property portion of your land?

6 A: Yes, they did.

7 Q: Did TransCanada describe what rights it proposed to take related to the
8 eminent domain property on your land?

9 A: Yes, they did.

10 Q: What rights that they proposed to take did they describe?

11 A: TransCanada stated that the eminent domain property will be used to "lay, relay, 12 operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying, laying, 13 constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, 14 15 reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with all fittings, 16 cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equipment and 17 appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hydrocarbon, 18 petroleum products, and all by-products thereof."

## 19 Q: Prior to filing an eminent domain lawsuit to take your land that 20 TransCanada identified, do you believe they attempted to negotiate in good 21 faith with you?

22 A: No, I do not.

Q: Did TransCanada at any time approach you with or deliver to you their
 proposed easement and right-of-way agreement?

25 A: Yes, they did.

Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way
 agreement, did you understand that they would be purchasing a fee title
 interest in your property or that they were taking something else?

- 1 A: I understood that they proposed to have the power to take both a temporary 2 construction easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a 3 permanent easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and 4 that would run the entire portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline 5 would enter my property until where it would exit the property.
- 6 Q: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 3, a
  7 true and accurate copy of TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of8 Way agreement that they included with their condemnation lawsuit against
  9 you?

10 A: Yes, it is.

11 Q: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement
12 and Right-of-Way agreement?

13 A: Yes, I have.

- Q: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-ofWay agreement as proposed by TransCanada?
- A: My understanding is that this is the document that will govern all of the rights and
  obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and
  how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property
  must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how
  they can use my land.
- Q: After reviewing TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way
   agreement do you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the
   language either included in the document or missing from the proposed
   document?
- A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and
   how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively
   impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and
   my state.

1Q:I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of2your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way3agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and4the terms of that contract, in your opinion, potentially negatively impacts you5and your land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and6let's work our way through it, okay?

A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's proposed
Easement and Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my
property rights and my economic interests.

10 Q. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.

11 A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will 12 pay to compensate me for all of the known and unknown affects and all of the 13 rights I am giving up and for all the things they get to do to my land and for what 14 they will prevent me from doing on my land and they only will pay me one time at 15 the signing of the easement agreement. That is a huge problem.

### 16 Q: Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.

17 A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so 18 19 they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from 20 my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 21 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 22 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 23 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying 24 once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 25 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 26 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 27 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and 28 generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders 29 keep all that money and it never finds its way to Nebraska.

1

### **Q:** What is your next concern?

2 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 3 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 4 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 5 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 6 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 7 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of the these partners or 8 the structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if 9 you would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 10 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited 11 liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general 12 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so 13 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but 14 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

## Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of over 275 miles of Nebraska land?

18 A: No.

# Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through Nebraska land?

23 A: No.

### Q: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

A: Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow the easement to be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows what that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This pipeline would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest bidder
that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who may
buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto or
have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in the
future.

6 Q: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece
 7 of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

8 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.

9 Q: What's next?

# A: Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to. Perpetual to me is like forever and that doesn't make sense.

14 Q: Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you?

15 A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any 16 data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in 17 TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have 18 19 a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become 20 obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however 21 will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as 22 undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of 23 Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for 24 this specific kind of pipeline project.

25

### **Q:** Okay, what is your next concern?

A: The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says
"...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground
until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned

a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
 there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
 public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

### 4 Q: Now it looks like we are ready to go to the second page of the Easement is that 5 right?

6 A: Yes.

### 7 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

8 A: Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the 9 pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 10 11 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 12 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 13 14 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 15 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 16 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best 17 interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding 18 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 19 20 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is 21 expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials." 22 Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are 23 two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to 24 allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of 25 TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is 26 not conducive to protection of property rights.

27

### **Q:** Okay, what is your next concern?

A: Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of
 TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially

reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 1 2 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of 3 "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 4 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 5 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by 6 Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 7 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and 8 intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. 9 However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 10 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 11 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 12 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 13 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 14 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 15 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 16 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 17 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 18 landowners to be treated that way.

### 19 Q: Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this 20 concern more real for you?

A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against
 Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two
 Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of
 gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged
 negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate
 copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 4.

### 27 Q: What is your next concern with the Easement language?

A: Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as
they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with

TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 1 2 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 3 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 4 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 5 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that 6 TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 7 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 8 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains 9 all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 10 11 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes is 12 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 13 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 14 the removal of trees or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities 15 owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and 16 rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or 17 losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

18

### **Q:** What is the next concern you have?

19 A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the 20 same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada. 21 TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 22 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 23 any appurtenances thereon to the pipeline itself or to their access to the Easement 24 or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, whether 25 during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery..." Further at TransCanada's sole discretion it will 26 27 retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably 28 impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement Area. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the protection of
 property rights or economic interest.

### 3 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

### 9 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

10 A: Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 11 12 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 13 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 14 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 15 affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights. 16 A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in the 17 future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors 18 common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 19 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

### 20 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

21 A: There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as 22 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably 23 possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 24 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize 25 costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 26 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 27 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 28 economic interest.

29 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

### 7 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

8 A: TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any 9 Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion. 10 Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative to their property in 11 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 12 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 13 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 14 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive 15 to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

### 16 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner to
transfer and be applicable to any future owner of the Land in question without the
ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiate any of the language in
question to which it will be held to comply.

### 21 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at anytime to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement
 owner.

- 3 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?
- A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms
  that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say
  so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in
  TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined terms are as follows:
  - i. "pipeline installation activities"
- 9 ii. "availability of labor and materials"
- 10 iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"
- 11 iv. "reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"
- 12 v. "yield loss damages"
- 13 vi. "diminution in the value of the property"
- 14 vii. "substantially same condition"
- 15 viii. "an actual or potential hazard"
- 16 ix. "efficient"

- 17 x. "convenient"
- 18 xi. "endangered"
- 19 xii. "obstructed"
- 20 xiii. "injured"
- 21 xiv. "interfered with"
- 22 xv. "impaired"
- 23 xvi. "suitable crossings"
- 24 xvii. "where rock is encountered"
- 25 xviii. "as nearly as practicable"
- 26 xix. "pre-construction position"
- 27 xx. "pre-construction grade"
- 28 xxi. "various engineering factors"

1 Each one of these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement 2 could be problematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get 3 definition in further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the 4 Easement is drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a 5 particular situation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For 6 instance, "yield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out 7 exactly how the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front 8 end. I can't afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately, 9 the Landowner is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine 10 when rights related to them trigger and what the affects may be.

### 11 Q: Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can 12 think of at this time?

- A: I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time ofmy live testimony in August.
- Q: Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding
   TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe
   those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's
   impact upon you and your land?
- A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that wediscussed previously.
- Q: Did TransCanada ever offer you financial compensation for the rights that
   they sought to obtain in your land, and for what they sought to prevent you
   and any future land owner of your property from doing in the future?
- A: Yes, we received an offer from them.
- Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better
  than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair,
  compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar
  sands pipeline could be located across your property?

A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just
offer for all the potential impacts and effects and the rights that I'm giving up, and
what we will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would
impact my property for ever and ever.

Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
 wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
 across your property.

8 A: No, never.

9 Q: At any time did TransCanada present you with or request that you, as the
10 owner of the land in question, sign and execute a document called, "Advanced
11 Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?"

12 A: Yes, they did and it was included in the County Court lawsuit against us.

13Q:Is Attachment No. 5, to your testimony here, a true and accurate copy of the14"Advanced Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?

15 A: Yes, it is.

### 16 Q: What was your understanding of that document?

A: When I read that document in the plain language of that document, it was my understanding that TransCanada was attempting to pay me a very small amount at that time in order for me to agree to give up my rights to be compensated from them in the future related to any damage or impact they may have upon my property "arising out of, in connection with, or alleged to resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on" my land.

23 Q: Did you ever sign that document?

A: No, I did not.

25 **Q:** Why not?

A; Because I do not believe that it is fair or just to try to get me to agree to a small sum of money when I have no idea how bad the impacts or damages that they, or their contractors, or subcontractors, or other agents or employees, may cause on my land at any time in the future that resulted from the construction or surveying
 or their activities upon my land.

- 3 Q: When you reviewed this document, what did it make you feel?
- A: I felt like it was simply another attempt for TransCanada to try to pay very little to
  shield themselves against known and foreseeable impacts that their pipeline, and
  the construction of it, would have upon my land. It made me feel that they knew it
  was in their financial interest to pay me as little as possible to prevent me from
  ever having the opportunity to seek fair compensation again, and that this must be
  based upon their experience of unhappy landowners and situations in other places
  where they have built pipelines.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
   thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
   was in your best interest?
- 14 A: No, they have not.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
   thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
   was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?
- 18 A: No, they have not.
- 19 Q: Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
  20 Takings Clause?

21 A: Yes, I am.

- Q: What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of
  an American citizens property?
- A: My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or fairly.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which
  the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?

1 A: No, they have not.

- Q: Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State
  of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL
  Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?
- A: No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the
  public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how
  it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me
  that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we
  are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands
  are located to where TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in
  Houston, Texas.

## Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to ship in its pipeline?

15 A: No, it has not.

Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place
 for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

19 A: No, I do not.

- Q: Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
   Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?
- A: No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.
- Q: Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
  at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

A: Yes, I do.

- 27 Q: Why do you pay property taxes on that land?
- A: Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the ownerof that property.

- Q: Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you
   deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person
   or company that pays property taxes?
- 4 A: Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
  5 just what you do.
- 6 Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
  7 treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?
- 8 A: No, of course not.
- 9 Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be 10 enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of 11 your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the 12 state of Nebraska?
- A: Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that
  I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.
- 15 Q: Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?
- 16 A: Well, yes I have.

# Q: Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life, employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed one or more persons?

21 A: No, of course not.

- Q: Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer
   have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to
   preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?
- A: No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I
  don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.
- Q: At the beginning of your statement, you briefly described your property that
   would be impacted by the potential Keystone XL Pipeline. I would like you to
   give the Commissioners a sense of specifically how you believe the proposed

Keystone XL Pipeline and its preferred route, which proposes to go across your land, how it would in your opinion based on your knowledge, experience, and background of your land, affect it. So please share with the Commissioners the characteristics of your land that you believe is important for them to understand, while they evaluate TransCanada's application for a route for its proposed pipeline to cross Nebraska and across your land, specifically.

8 A: The current proposed route of the Keystone XL pipeline would cross a half mile of 9 our land consisting of equal parts pasture and row crop. It has been categorized 10 highly erodible by the U.S. Farm Service Agency. This means that any disturbance 11 to the ground results in constant monitoring and maintenance to protect it from 12 severe and catastrophic erosion. We would have to prevent and repair any damage 13 for as long the pipeline is there. According to the easement we would be forced to 14 sign, that could be forever since TransCanada is not responsible to remove it nor 15 return the land to its original state.

16 **Q: What else?** 

A: Also according to the forced easement, we could be liable for damages and cleanup when the pipeline leaks, resulting in permanent toxic contamination.

## Q: Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the state of Nebraska?

22 A: Yes, I have significant concerns. I am aware of landowners being treated unfairly 23 or even bullied around and being made to feel scared that they did not have any 24 options but to sign whatever papers TransCanada told them they had to. I am 25 aware of folks being threatened that their land would be taken if they didn't follow what TransCanada was saying. I am aware of tactics to get people to sign 26 27 easements that I don't believe have any place in Nebraska or anywhere such as 28 TransCanada or some outfit associated with it hiring a pastor or priest to pray with 29 landowners and convince them they should sign TransCanada's easement 1 agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows or widowers feeling they had 2 no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and they didn't know they could 3 fight or stand up for themselves. From a more practical standpoint, I am worried 4 that according to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada only 5 owns and operates one (1) major oil pipeline. They simply do not have the 6 experience with this type of pipeline and that scares me. There are others but that 7 is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is 8 refreshed I will share those with the Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

### 9 Q: Do you believe TransCanada's proposed method of compensation to you as a 10 landowner is reasonable or just?

11 A: No, I do not.

# Q: Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed easement and immediately surrounding areas?

A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of
structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I
would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being
blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in
regards to the pipeline.

21 Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

22 A: Well yes, of course.

23 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being used as of this moment,
and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain
ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any
potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future owner
may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska
potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years

1 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 2 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in 3 my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 4 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development 5 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 6 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the 7 short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts 8 may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity 9 and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska.

### 10 Q: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed 11 pipeline?

12 A: Yes, I do.

13 Q: What are some of those concerns?

A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction,
operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have
a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the
lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.

18

### **Q:** Do you have any other environmental concerns?

A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State.

Q: Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the
natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?

A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the
 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural
 resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline
 route.

Q: Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline
 to the soil of your land, or land near you?

3 A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the 4 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of 5 land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This 6 includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing 7 the soil composition and makeup as it has naturally existed for thousands and 8 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 9 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 10 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow 11 whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 12 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the 13 same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed pipeline. 14

### Q: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline
route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and
simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at
unreasonable risk.

### Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?

A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or
maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental
impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along
and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of
Nebraska.

## Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your land?

4 A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
5 the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
6 wildlife and the plants, not only that are located on or can be found upon my land,
7 but also near and along the proposed pipeline route.

### 8 Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the 9 fair market value of your land?

10 A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed 11 pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I 12 13 would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the 14 property. I do not believe, and certainly would not be willing to pay, the same 15 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 16 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to 17 realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 18 19 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they 20 would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon 21 my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties, 22 not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline 23 due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable 24 person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my 25 property's value.

### 26 Q: Have you ever seen the document that's marked as Attachment No. 6, to your 27 testimony?

A: Yes, I have.

29 Q: Where have you seen that before?

- A: That is a map I think I first saw a couple years ago that shows the Keystone XL
  I-90 corridor alternate route of its proposed pipeline through Nebraska and I
  believe the portion of the alternative route shown here within Nebraska essentially
  twins or parallels Keystone I. That is why this is included, to show TransCanada
  has looked at the possibility of twinning which I believe is feasible.
- 6 Q: Do you believe that TransCanada's preferred route as found on page 5 of its
  7 Application, and as found on Attachment No. 7, here to your testimony, is in
  8 the public interest of Nebraska?

9 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe that the Keystone mainline alternative route as shown on
 Attachment No. 7 included with your testimony here is a major oil pipeline
 route that is in the public interest of Nebraska?

13 A: No, I do not.

- Q: Do you believe the Nebraska portion of the I-90 corridor alternative route,
   specifically for the portion of the proposed pipeline within Nebraska as found
   in Attachment No. 6 to your testimony, is in the public interest of Nebraska?
- 17 A: No, I do not.
- Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL
  Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the
  public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

21 A: No, I do not.

22 Q: Why do you hold that belief?

A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our
 state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all
 the negative impacts and concerns.

# 4 Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's 5 preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest 6 of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction 7 phase to Nebraska?

8 A: First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether 9 temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the 10 potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here 11 and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If 12 I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching 13 business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact 14 to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is 15 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 16 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all 17 jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted 18 19 were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 20 projected. According to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 191, TransCanada 21 has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working specifically on 22 behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 196, as 23 of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary working within Nebraska. 24 Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 199, TransCanada would 25 only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the proposed Keystone XL was constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline Alternative Route. 26

### Q: Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply because it would cross your land?

1 A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public 2 interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

#### 3 **O**: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline 4 was to cross someone else's land?

5 No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have A: 6 the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this 7 type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this state or any other state. 8

#### 9 **Q**: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL 10 **Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?**

11 A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe 12 this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if 13 you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely 14 had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe 15 would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the 16 preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our 17 state cannot risk.

18

#### **Q**: What do you rely upon to make that statement?

19 A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I, 20 already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the 21 public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second, 22 they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the 23 counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have 24 already obtained easements from all the landowners along that route and have 25 relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the 26 sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala 27 Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an 28 alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have

some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of
 infrastructure near each other.

### 3 Q: Do you have any other concerns you would like to reiterate or can think of at 4 this time you would like the Commissioners to understand?

5 A: Yes. For a one-time fee this forced easement would give TransCanada the use of 6 our land forever. They are free to sell it at any time to anyone (foreign or 7 domestic), or to simply walk away at a time of their choosing, leaving a 8 dangerous, corroding, toxic structure for which they would not be held 9 responsible. This would not only devalue our property but could cause its 10 condemnation, rendering it useless to anyone. It is incomprehensible that a one-11 time fee could be considered just compensation for this.

## 12 Q: Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would 13 like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of 14 TransCanada's Application?

15 A: No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this 16 document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be 17 refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in 18 August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, 19 I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of 20 TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was 21 impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I 22 reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet 23 concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents 24 requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have 25 additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

## Q: What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline across Nebraska?

1 A: I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond 2 a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the 3 relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly 4 generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this 5 pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 6 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 7 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public 8 interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 9 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 10 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 11 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 12 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. It simply does not make 13 sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new 14 pumping stations, creating new impacts on additional counties and communities 15 and going through all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like 16 me when this applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns 17 and the communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the sand hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala 18 19 Aquifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.

## Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your knowledge?

A: Yes, they are.

### Q: Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

udu

Michael Blocher

Subscribed and Sworn to me before this

Dennie C. Cafo Notary Public

GENERAL NOTARY - State of Nebraska BENNIE C. TAYLOR My Comm. Exp. August 13, 2020

Soth day of May , 2017.



May 2017 - X:\Drawings\50388X KEYSTONE XL\9000\_9999\9358



Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

(Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

Tract No.: ML-NE-AT-30645.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "Agreement"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "Consideration") Cheri G. Blocher and Michael J. Blocher, wife and husband, whose mailing address is 83474 529 Avenue, Oakdale, NE 68761 (hereinafter called "Grantor") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 13710 FNB Parkway, Suite 300, Omaha, Nebraska 68154, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "Grantee"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "Easement") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and

Grantor's Initials

petroleum by-products, on, under, across and/or through a strip of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "**Easement Area**") located on real property situated in the County of Antelope, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract of land containing 160.82 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Antelope, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as the NW1/4 of Section 32, T23N, R5W of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 130, Page 98 in the Deed Records of Antelope County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "**Property**"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "**Initial Construction Period**"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto (the "**Temporary Work Space**"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock, bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the

Grantor's Initials

negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by 3. Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction, operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, provided, however, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public rights-of-way, the Temporary Access Easements (if any) or other easements in favor of Grantee provide reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee shall not be prevented from traveling within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery; (iv) Grantee's pipeline is left with the amount of cover originally installed to allow safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline; (v) the Grantee's pipeline is left with proper and sufficient and permanent lateral support; and (vi) Grantee's use of the Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein is not unreasonably impaired or interfered with.

5. During the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall also provide suitable crossings on, over and across the Easement Area so as to afford Grantor reasonable access over and across and the Easement Area in accordance with Grantor's customary use of the Property.

6. Grantee shall dispose of all brush and debris, if any, cleared from the Easement Area by burning, chipping, and/or burying, which method of disposal shall be selected by Grantee in Grantee's sole discretion.

7. Grantee shall install the Grantee's pipeline to a minimum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below current grade level and any then existing drainage ditches, creeks and roads, except at those locations where rock is encountered, the pipeline may be installed with a minimum depth of twenty-four inches (24"). Such depth shall be measured from the top of the pipe to the surface of the ground.

8. In areas of cropland, Grantee agrees to cause the topsoil to be removed from the trench to a depth of twelve inches (12") or the topsoil depth, whichever is less, and return, as nearly as practicable, said topsoil to its original, pre-construction position relative to the subsoil.

9. Prior to the conclusion of the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall grade and slope the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space in order to restore the same to its pre-construction grade to the extent reasonably possible and to the extent such grade does not interfere with the maintenance and/or safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline.

10. Grantee shall maintain the Easement Area (and the Temporary Work Space during the Initial Construction Period) by keeping it clear of all litter and trash during periods when Grantee and its employees, agents, or contractors are on the Property.

11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, except as otherwise required by applicable laws, regulations or industry standards, Grantee shall not install or maintain any permanent above-ground structures of any kind on or within the Easement Area other than pipeline markers (which markers may be required to be placed along the Easement Area by applicable Department of Transportation Code regulations and other applicable statutes and regulations of governmental authorities) and cathodic protection equipment. After the Initial Construction Period expires, no pipelines, above-ground structures, installations, equipment or apparatus of any kind will be on or within the Temporary Work Space.

12. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the Easement Area in whole or in part, Grantee may, at its sole election, either leave the improvements in place or remove them. In the event Grantee elects to remove the improvements, Grantee shall restore the Easement Area, as nearly as is practicable, to its condition prior to removal. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the improvements in place, Grantee shall comply with all then applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to such abandonment.

Grantor acknowledges and agrees that the information set forth at Exhibit A hereto, including, 13. without limitation, the location and area of the proposed Easement Area depicted, is approximate and preliminary and is based upon publicly available information, calculations, measurements and estimates without the benefit of site-specific on the ground investigation, inspection or survey; Grantor further acknowledges and agrees that Grantee shall have the right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space within the Property as a result of, among other things, site investigation, inspections or surveys, various engineering factors or to correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. In the event such a modification is required by Grantee, Grantee may modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" referring to this instrument and setting forth the modified legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space, which description may be set forth by map attached to said Notice. A copy of the Notice shall be delivered to the Grantor. Without limiting Grantee's right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" as aforesaid, Grantor agrees to execute and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. If such documents are required, they will be prepared by Grantee at its expense. Grantor shall receive additional reasonable compensation only if the acreage within the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space increases as a result of the changed location.

14. Grantee shall comply in all material respects, at Grantee's sole cost, with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations which are applicable to Grantee's activities hereunder, including, without limitation, the construction, use, operation, maintenance, repair and service of the Grantee's pipeline. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs that are necessitated, caused by, or are the result of any act or omission of negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct by the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

15. All notices under this Agreement shall be in writing, addressed to the addresses first set forth above and be delivered by certified mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested, next business day delivery via a reputable national courier service, regular United States mail, facsimile, e-mail or hand delivery. A party may change its address for notice by giving notice of such change to the other party.

16. The undersigned hereby bind themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to this Agreement unto Grantee, its successors and assigns. The Easement granted hereby shall create a covenant and burden upon the Property and running therewith.

17. It is agreed that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and that no other agreements have been made modifying, adding to or changing the terms of the same. This Agreement shall not be abrogated, modified, rescinded or amended in whole or in part without the consent of Grantor and Grantee, in writing and executed by each of them, and duly recorded in the appropriate real property records.

18. The rights granted hereby to Grantee may be assigned by Grantee in whole or in part, in Grantee's sole discretion.

19. The terms, stipulations, and conditions of this Easement are subject to all applicable laws, regulations, and permit conditions.

20. This Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State in which the Easement Area is situated.

21. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes; provided, however, that all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the \_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_

GRANTOR(S):

Cheri G. Blocher

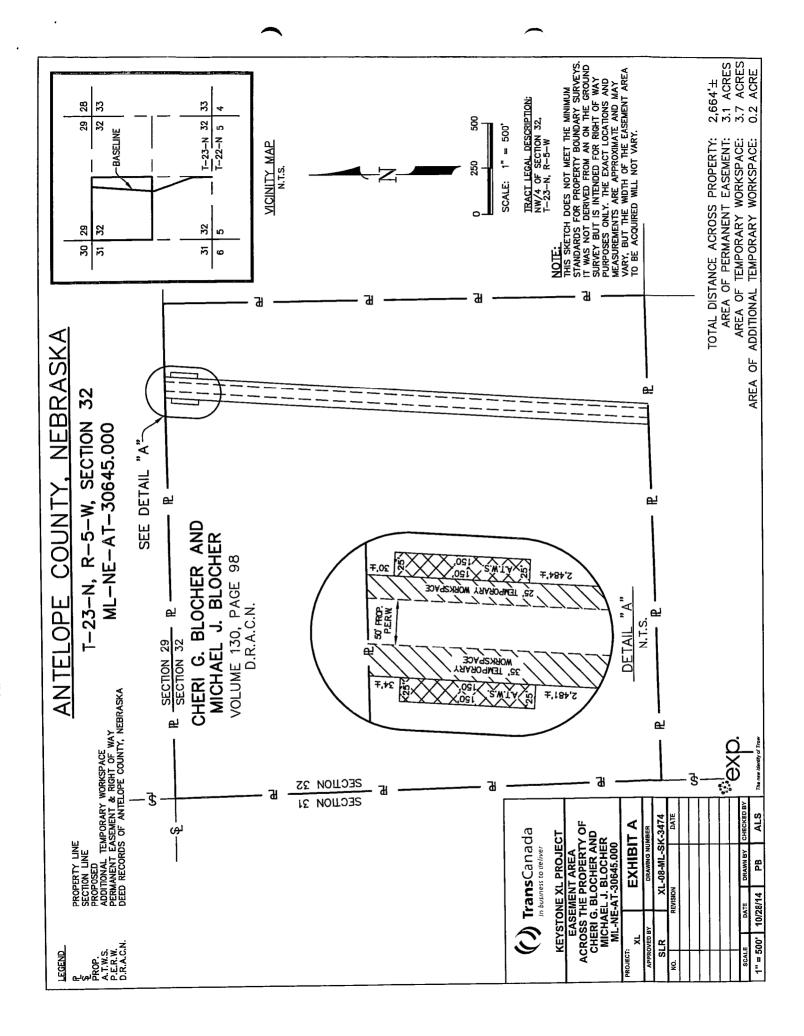
Michael J. Blocher

#### [ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

STATE OF			
COUNTY OF			
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before r	me this	day of	20
By Cheri G. Blocher			
		Li's O'seature	
	Notary Pu	ublic Signature	
Affix Seal Here			
STATE OF			
COUNTY OF			
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before	me this	day of	20
By Michael J. Blocher			
	Notary P	ublic Signature	
Affix Seal Here			

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#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

#### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

#### PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 3 of 5 - Page ID # 3

law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

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26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

#### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

#### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

Tract No. : ML-NE-AT-30645.000

We, <u>Cheri G. Blocher and Michael J. Blocher, wife and husband</u>, of <u>Antelope</u> County, in the State of <u>Nebraska</u>, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

One Thousand Eight Hundred Twenty Dollars and No Cents (\$1,820.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Antelope, State of Nebraska:

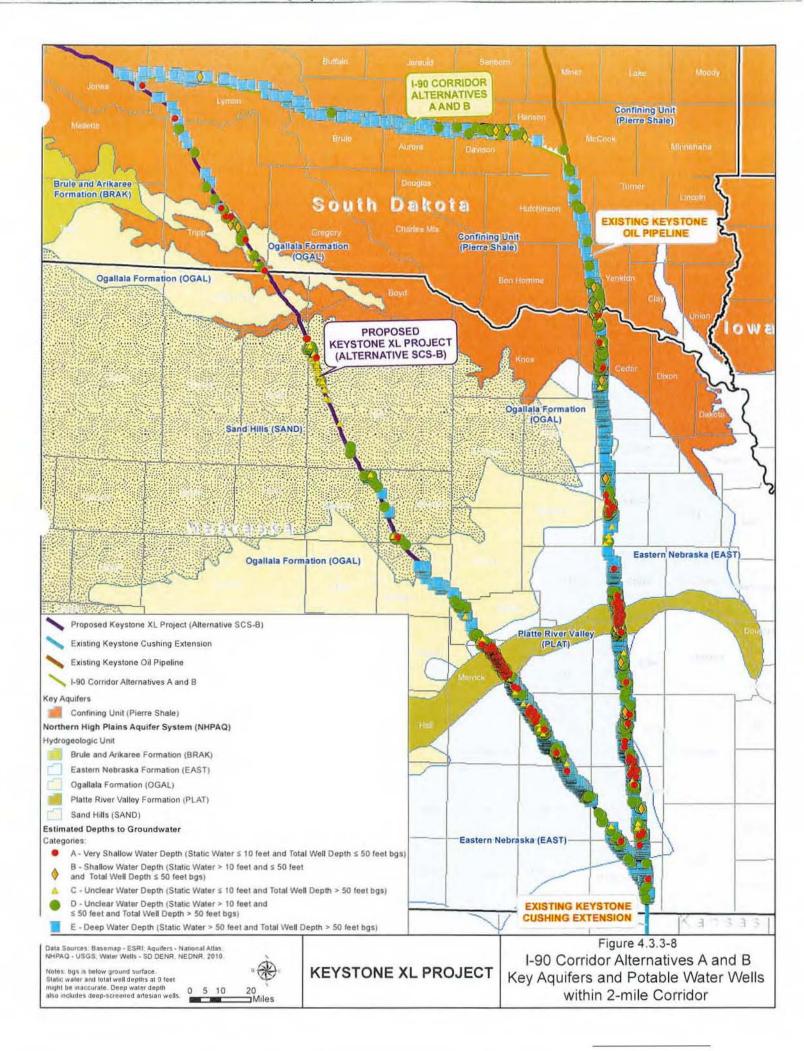
#### NW/4

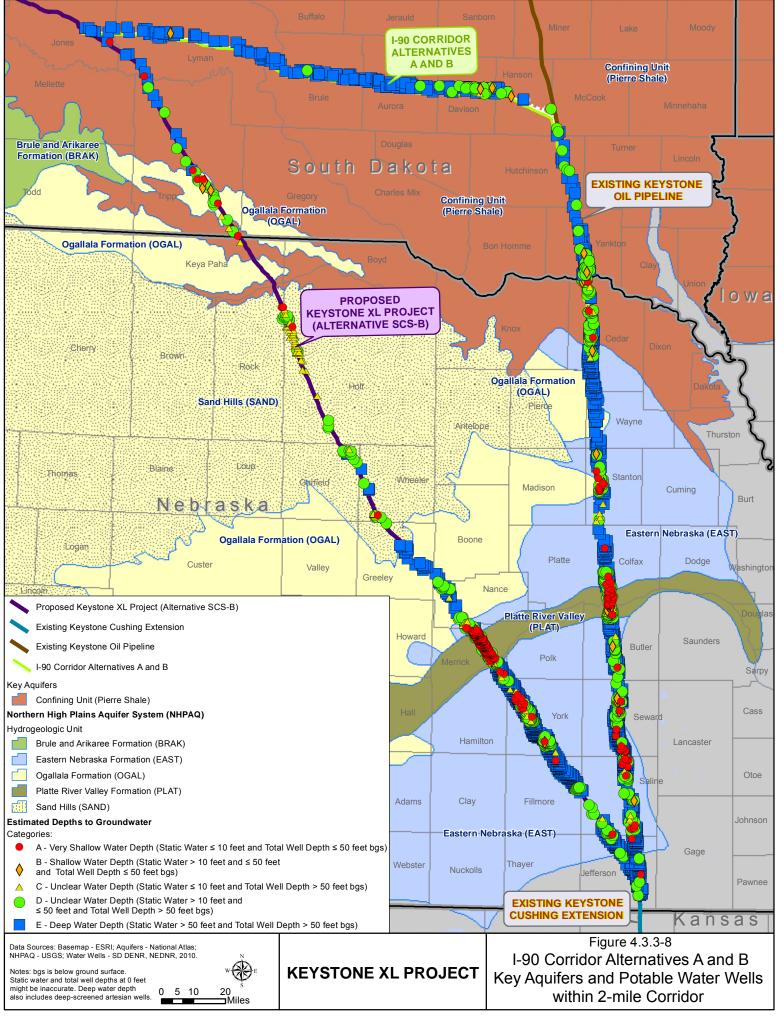
#### Section 32, Township 23N, Range 5W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

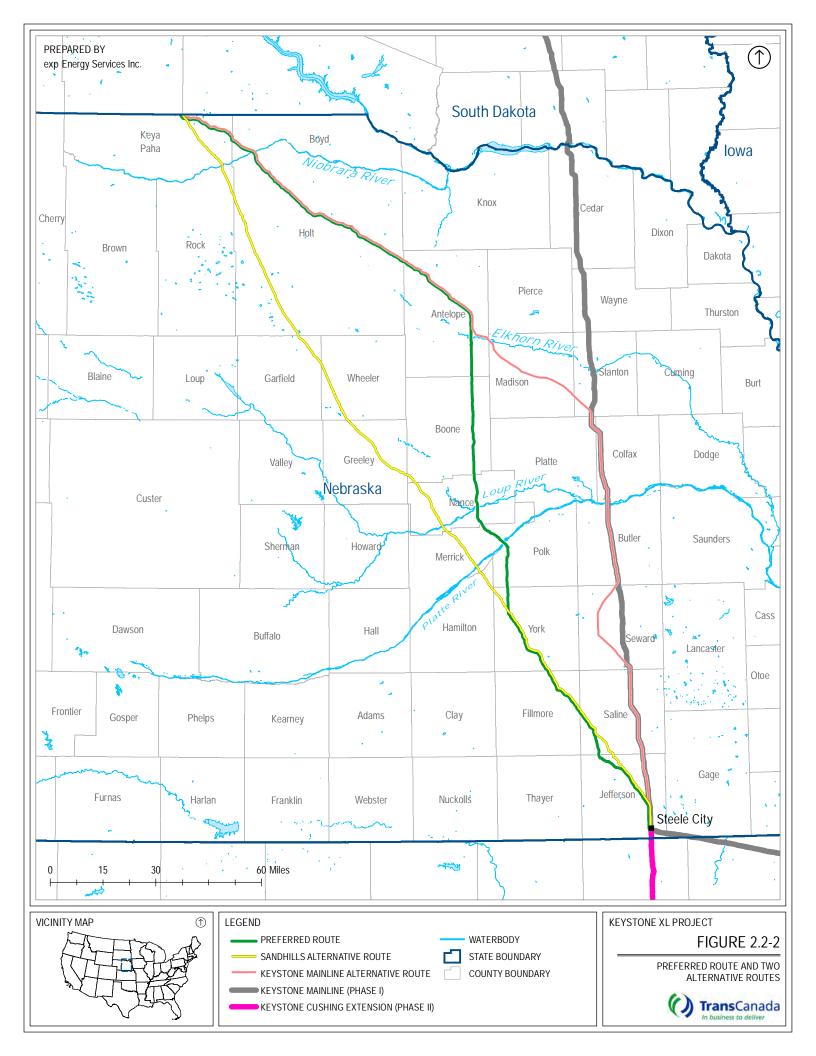
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands on this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of

	, 20
Owner Signature	Owner Signature
Owner/Owner Representative Name	Owner/Owner Representative Name





KXL002000



#### Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of Bonnie Brauer in Support of Landowner Intervenors

State of Indiana	)
	) ss.
Boone County	)

- 1 **Q:** Please state your name.
- 2 A: My name is Bonnie Brauer.
- Q: Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
   regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
   XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?

6 A: Yes, I am.

Q: Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
Keystone XL pipeline?

- 10 A: Yes, I do and it is located in Polk County.
- Q: Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
   photo(s) of your land in question here with the area of the proposed KXL
   pipeline depicted?
- 14 A: Yes.
- 15 Q: If you have children how many do you have?
- 16 A: 2

1	Q:	If you have grandchildren how many do you have?
2	A:	6
3	Q:	Is Attachment No. 2 to this sworn statement a copy(ies) of picture(s) of you
4		and or your family?
5	A.	Yes.
6	Q:	How long the land has been in your family?
7	<b>A:</b>	My brother, Leonard Skoglund, and I inherited the land from our Great Aunt Edith
8		Benson, the sister of our maternal grandfather, who had no children. She was a
9		Swedish immigrant who, along with her husband Ed, took advantage of the
10		Homestead Act of 1862 which gave 160 acres to those who build a home on it and
11		farm it for at least 5 years. Thus we each have 80 acres that is farmed jointly by a
12		third party.
13	Q:	Do you earn any income from this land?
14	A:	Yes.
15	Q:	Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood
16		or the livelihood of your family?
17	A:	Yes.
18	Q:	Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all
19		or a portion of your land in question here?
20	A:	Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective
21		tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and
22		all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching
23		operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking
24		to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I
25		would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same
26		way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the
27		county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or
28		mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to

1		Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a
2	0	pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.
3	Q:	Do you have similar concerns about selling the land?
4	A:	Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you
5		never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece
6		of ground similar to mine were for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine
7		did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline
8		ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes.
9	Q:	What is your intent with your land after you die?
10	A:	Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stays in the family for years
11		to come but I have thought about getting out if this pipeline were to come through.
12	Q:	Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL
13		Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you?
14	A:	Yes.
15	Q:	Were you or an entity for which you are a member, shareholder, or director
	-	
16	-	previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP?
16 17	A:	previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP? Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a
17		Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a
17 18		Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline
17 18 19	A:	Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.
17 18 19 20	A: <b>Q:</b>	Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land. <b>Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?</b>
17 18 19 20 21	A: <b>Q:</b>	Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land. <b>Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?</b> Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees
17 18 19 20 21 22	A: <b>Q:</b> A:	<ul> <li>Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.</li> <li>Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?</li> <li>Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>	A: <b>Q:</b> A:	<ul> <li>Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.</li> <li>Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?</li> <li>Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.</li> <li>Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> </ol>	A: Q: A: Q:	<ul> <li>Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.</li> <li>Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?</li> <li>Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.</li> <li>Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees incurred?</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> </ol>	A: <b>Q:</b> A: <b>Q:</b> A:	<ul> <li>Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.</li> <li>Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?</li> <li>Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.</li> <li>Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees incurred?</li> <li>No, they have not.</li> </ul>

- A: The lawsuit against us stated they would take the amount of property that is
   reasonably necessary to lay, relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant
   and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline.
- 4 Q: Did TransCanada define what they meant by "property that is reasonably
  5 necessary"?

6 A: No, they did not.

7 Q: Did TransCanada in its lawsuit against you, identify the eminent domain
8 property portion of your land?

9 A: Yes, they did.

10Q:Did TransCanada describe what rights it proposed to take related to the11eminent domain property on your land?

12 A: Yes, they did.

## 13 Q: What rights that they proposed to take did they describe?

- 14 TransCanada stated that the eminent domain property will be used to "lay, relay, A: 15 operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying, laying, 16 constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, 17 reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with all fittings, 18 cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equipment and 19 20 appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hydrocarbon, 21 petroleum products, and all by-products thereof."
- Q: Prior to filing an eminent domain lawsuit to take your land that
  TransCanada identified, do you believe they attempted to negotiate in good
  faith with you?
- 25 A: No, I do not.

## Q: Did TransCanada at any time approach you with or deliver to you their proposed easement and right-of-way agreement?

28 A: Yes, they did.

- Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way
   agreement, did you understand that they would be purchasing a fee title
   interest in your property or that they were taking something else?
- A: I understood that they proposed to have the power to take both a temporary
  construction easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a
  permanent easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and
  that would run the entire portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline
  would enter my property until where it would exit the property.
- 9 Q: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 3, a
  10 true and accurate copy of TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of11 Way agreement that they included with their condemnation lawsuit against
  12 you?

13 A: Yes, it is.

14 Q: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement
 15 and Right-of-Way agreement?

16 A: Yes, I have.

Q: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-ofWay agreement as proposed by TransCanada?

A: My understanding is that this is the document that will govern all of the rights and obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how they can use my land.

# Q: After reviewing TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way agreement do you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the language either included in the document or missing from the proposed document?

A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and
how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively

impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and 1 2 my state.

3 **O**: I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of 4 your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way 5 agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and 6 the terms of that contract, in your opinion, potentially negatively impacts you 7 and your land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and 8 let's work our way through it, okay?

9 A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's proposed 10 Easement and Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my 11 property rights and my economic interests.

12 **O**. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.

13 A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will 14 pay to compensate me for all of the known and unknown affects and all of the 15 rights I am giving up and for all the things they get to do to my land and for what 16 they will prevent me from doing on my land and they only will pay me one time at 17 the signing of the easement agreement. That is a huge problem.

18

#### **Q**: Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.

19 A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the 20 landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so 21 they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from 22 my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 23 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 24 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 25 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 26 27 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 28 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 29 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and

1

generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders keep all that money and it never finds its way to Nebraska.

2 3

## Q: What is your next concern?

4 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 5 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 6 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 7 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 8 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 9 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of the these partners or 10 the structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if 11 you would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 12 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited 13 liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general 14 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so 15 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but 16 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

# Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of over 275 miles of Nebraska land?

20 A: No.

# Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through Nebraska land?

25 A: No.

## Q: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

A: Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter
 called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow their easement

1 to be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows 2 what that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This 3 pipeline would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest 4 bidder that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who 5 may buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto 6 or have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in 7 the future.

#### 8 **Q**: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece 9 of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

10 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.

What's next? 11 **O**:

12 Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this A: 13 really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual 14 and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to. 15 Perpetual to me is like forever and that doesn't make sense.

16 **Q**: Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you?

17 A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any 18 data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in 19 TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this 20 pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have 21 a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become 22 obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however 23 will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as 24 undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of 25 Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for 26 this specific kind of pipeline project.

27 **Q**:

## Okay, what is your next concern?

28 The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says A: "...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground 29

until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned
a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

## 6 Q: Now it looks like we are ready to go to the second page of the Easement is that 7 right?

8 A: Yes.

#### 9 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

10 A: Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the 11 pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 12 13 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 14 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 15 16 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 17 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 18 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 19 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding 20 21 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 22 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is 23 expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials." 24 Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are 25 two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to 26 allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of 27 TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is 28 not conducive to protection of property rights.

29 Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

1 Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of A: 2 TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 3 4 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of 5 "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 6 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 7 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by 8 Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 9 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and 10 intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. 11 However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 12 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 13 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 14 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 15 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 16 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 17 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 18 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 19 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 20 landowners to be treated that way.

## Q: Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this concern more real for you?

A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against
Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two
Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of
gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged
negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate
copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 4.

29 Q: What is your next concern with the Easement language?

1 Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as A: 2 they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 3 4 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 5 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 6 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 7 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that 8 TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 9 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 10 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains 11 all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to 12 them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 13 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes is 14 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 15 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 16 the removal of trees or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities 17 owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or 18 losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest. 19

20

#### **Q:** What is the next concern you have?

21 A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the 22 same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada. 23 TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 24 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 25 any appurtenances thereon to the pipeline itself or to their access to the Easement or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, whether 26 during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot 27 or in vehicle or machinery..." Further at TransCanada's sole discretion it will 28 29 retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably

impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement Area. Such
 undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the protection of
 property rights or economic interest.

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### Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

#### 10 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

11 A: Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 12 13 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 14 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 15 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 16 affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights. 17 A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in the future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors 18 common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 19 20 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

## 21 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

22 A: There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as 23 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably 24 possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 25 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 26 27 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 28 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 29 economic interest.

#### 1 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

## 8 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

9 TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any A: 10 Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion. 11 Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative to their property in 12 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 13 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 14 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 15 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive 16 to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

## 17 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner to
transfer and be applicable to any future owner of the Land in question without the
ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiate any of the language in
question to which it will be held to comply.

## 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at anytime to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement
 owner.

## 3 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

- A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms
  that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say
  so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in
  TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined and ambiguous terms are
  as follows:
- 9 i. "pipeline installation activities"
- 10 ii. "availability of labor and materials"
  - iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"
- 12 iv. "reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"
- 13 v. "yield loss damages"
- 14 vi. "diminution in the value of the property"
- 15 vii. "substantially same condition"
- 16 viii. "an actual or potential hazard"
- 17 ix. "efficient"

11

- 18 x. "convenient"
- 19 xi. "endangered"
- 20 xii. "obstructed"
- 21 xiii. "injured"
- 22 xiv. "interfered with"
- 23 xv. "impaired"
- 24 xvi. "suitable crossings"
- 25 xvii. "where rock is encountered"
- 26 xviii. "as nearly as practicable"
- 27 xix. "pre-construction position"
- 28 xx. "pre-construction grade"
- 29 xxi. "various engineering factors"

1 Each one of these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement 2 could be problematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get 3 definition in further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the 4 Easement is drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a 5 particular situation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For 6 instance, "yield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out 7 exactly how the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front 8 end. I can't afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately, 9 the Landowner is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine 10 when rights related to them trigger and what the affects may be.

## 11 Q: Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can 12 think of at this time?

- A: I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time ofmy live testimony in August.
- Q: Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding
   TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe
   those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's
   impact upon you and your land?
- A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that wediscussed previously.
- Q: Did TransCanada ever offer you financial compensation for the rights that
   they sought to obtain in your land, and for what they sought to prevent you
   and any future land owner of your property from doing in the future?
- A: Yes, we received an offer from them.
- Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better
  than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair,
  compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar
  sands pipeline could be located across your property?

A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just
offer for all the potential impacts and effects and the rights that I'm giving up, and
what we will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would
impact my property for ever and ever.

Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
 wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
 across your property.

8 A: No, never.

9 Q: At any time did TransCanada present you with or request that you, as the
10 owner of the land in question, sign and execute a document called, "Advanced
11 Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?"

12 A: Yes, they did and it was included in the County Court lawsuit against us.

13 Q: Is Attachment No. 5, to your testimony here, a true and accurate copy of the
14 "Advanced Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?

15 A: Yes, it is.

#### 16 Q: What was your understanding of that document?

A: When I read that document in the plain language of that document, it was my understanding that TransCanada was attempting to pay me a very small amount at that time in order for me to agree to give up my rights to be compensated from them in the future related to any damage or impact they may have upon my property "arising out of, in connection with, or alleged to resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on" my land.

23 Q: Did you ever sign that document?

A: No, I did not.

25 **Q:** Why not?

A; Because I do not believe that it is fair or just to try to get me to agree to a small sum of money when I have no idea how bad the impacts or damages that they, or their contractors, or subcontractors, or other agents or employees, may cause on my land at any time in the future that resulted from the construction or surveying
 or their activities upon my land.

- 3 Q: When you reviewed this document, what did it make you feel?
- A: I felt like it was simply another attempt for TransCanada to try to pay very little to
  shield themselves against known and foreseeable impacts that their pipeline, and
  the construction of it, would have upon my land. It made me feel that they knew it
  was in their financial interest to pay me as little as possible to prevent me from
  ever having the opportunity to seek fair compensation again, and that this must be
  based upon their experience of unhappy landowners and situations in other places
  where they have built pipelines.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
   thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
   was in your best interest?
- 14 A: No, they have not.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
   thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
   was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?
- 18 A: No, they have not.
- 19 Q: Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
  20 Takings Clause?

21 A: Yes, I am.

- Q: What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of
  an American citizens property?
- A: My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or fairly.
- Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which
  the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?

1 A: No, they have not.

- Q: Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State
  of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL
  Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?
- A: No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the
  public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how
  it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me
  that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we
  are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands
  are located to where TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in
  Houston, Texas.

# Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to ship in its pipeline?

15 A: No, it has not.

Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place
 for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

19 A: No, I do not.

- Q: Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
   Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?
- A: No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.
- Q: Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
  at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

A: Yes, I do.

- 27 Q: Why do you pay property taxes on that land?
- A: Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the ownerof that property.

- Q: Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you
   deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person
   or company that pays property taxes?
- 4 A: Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
  5 just what you do.
- 6 Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
  7 treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?

8 A: No, of course not.

9 Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be 10 enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of 11 your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the 12 state of Nebraska?

- A: Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that
  I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.
- 15 Q: Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?

16 A: Well, yes I have.

# Q: Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life, employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed one or more persons?

21 A: No, of course not.

Q: Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer
 have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to
 preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?

A: No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I
don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.

# Q: Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the state of Nebraska?

1 Yes, I have significant concerns. I am aware of landowners being treated unfairly A: 2 or even bullied around and being made to feel scared that they did not have any 3 options but to sign whatever papers TransCanada told them they had to. I am 4 aware of folks being threatened that their land would be taken if they didn't follow what TransCanada was saying. I am aware of tactics to get people to sign 5 6 easements that I don't believe have any place in Nebraska or anywhere such as 7 TransCanada or some outfit associated with it hiring a pastor or priest to pray with 8 landowners and convince them they should sign TransCanada's easement 9 agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows or widowers feeling they had 10 no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and they didn't know they could 11 fight or stand up for themselves. From a more practical standpoint, I am worried 12 that according to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada only 13 owns and operates one (1) major oil pipeline. They simply do not have the 14 experience with this type of pipeline and that scares me. There are others but that 15 is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is 16 refreshed I will share those with the Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

## 17 Q: Do you believe TransCanada's proposed method of compensation to you as a 18 landowner is reasonable or just?

19 A: No, I do not.

20 **Q:** Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this 21 proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of 22 future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed 23 easement and immediately surrounding areas?

A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in regards to the pipeline.

29 Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

1 A: Well yes, of course.

#### 2 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

3 A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being used as of this moment, 4 and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain 5 ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any 6 potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future owner 7 may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska 8 potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years 9 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 10 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in 11 my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 12 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development 13 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 14 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the 15 short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts 16 may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity 17 and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska. The terms of the 18 easement must be addressed in order for the Commission to truly consider 19 property rights, economic interests, the welfare of Nebraska, and the balancing of 20 the proposed routes against all they will affect and impact.

## Q: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed pipeline?

23 A: Yes, I do.

- 24 Q: What are some of those concerns?
- A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction,
  operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have
  a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the
  lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.
- 29 Q: Do you have any other environmental concerns?

A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in
 construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and
 leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could
 be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State.

5 6

## Q: Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?

A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the
proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural
resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline
route.

## 11 Q: Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline 12 to the soil of your land, or land near you?

13 A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the 14 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of 15 land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This 16 includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing 17 the soil composition and makeup as it has naturally existed for thousands and 18 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 19 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 20 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow 21 whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 22 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the 23 same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed 24 pipeline.

## Q: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline

route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and
 simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at
 unreasonable risk.

4

5

## Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?

A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or
maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental
impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along
and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of
Nebraska.

# Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your land?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
wildlife and the plants, not only that are located on or can be found upon my land,
but also near and along the proposed pipeline route.

## 18 Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the 19 fair market value of your land?

20 A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed 21 pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the 22 fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I 23 would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the 24 property. I do not believe, and certainly would not be willing to pay, the same 25 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 26 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to 27 realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest 28 asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 29 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon
my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties,
not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline
due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable
person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my
property's value.

## Q: Have you ever seen the document that's marked as Attachment No. 6, to your testimony?

9 A: Yes, I have.

10 Q: Where have you seen that before?

A: That is a map I think I first saw a couple years ago that shows the Keystone XL
 I-90 corridor alternate route of its proposed pipeline through Nebraska and I
 believe the portion of the alternative route in Nebraska essentially twins or
 parallels Keystone I.

Q: Do you believe that TransCanada's preferred route as found on page 5 of its
 Application, and as found on Attachment No. 7, here to your testimony, is in
 the public interest of Nebraska?

18 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe that the Keystone mainline alternative route as shown on
Attachment No. 7 included with your testimony here is a major oil pipeline
route that is in the public interest of Nebraska?

22 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe the portion of the proposed pipeline within Nebraska as found
in Attachment No. 6 to your testimony, is in the public interest of Nebraska?

25 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL
 Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the
 public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

A: No, I do not.

#### 1 Q: Why do you hold that belief?

2 A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am 3 aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to 4 consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply 5 crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar 6 sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the 7 public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for 8 public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in 9 there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all 10 11 the negative impacts and concerns.

# Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction phase to Nebraska?

16 A: First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether 17 temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the 18 potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here 19 and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If 20 I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching 21 business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact 22 to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is 23 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 24 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all 25 jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with 26 from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted 27 were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 28 projected. According to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 191, TransCanada 29 has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working specifically on

1 behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 196, as 2 of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary working within Nebraska. 3 Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 199, TransCanada would 4 only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the proposed Keystone XL was 5 constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline Alternative Route.

## 6

7

**Q**:

## Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply because it would cross your land?

8 A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public 9 interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

#### 10 **O**: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline 11 was to cross someone else's land?

12 A: No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have 13 the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this 14 type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this 15 state or any other state.

#### 16 **Q**: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL 17 **Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?**

18 A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe 19 this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if 20 you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely 21 had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe 22 would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the 23 preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our 24 state cannot risk.

25

#### What do you rely upon to make that statement? **Q**:

26 A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I, 27 already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the 28 public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second, 29 they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the 1 counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have 2 already obtained easements from all the landowners along that route and have 3 relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the 4 sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala 5 Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an 6 alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have 7 some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of 8 infrastructure near each other.

## 9 Q: Do you have any other concerns you would like to reiterate or can think of at 10 this time you would like the Commissioners to understand?

A: Yes. We have concerns on potential harm to our property from a TransCanada
 pipeline leak or break or rupture and not only to the leak itself but all the
 surrounding activities required to address that issue and remediate.

# 14 Q: Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would 15 like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of 16 TransCanada's Application?

17 **A:** No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this 18 document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be 19 refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in 20 August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, 21 I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of 22 TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was 23 impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I 24 reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet 25 concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents 26 requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have 27 additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

# Q: What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline across Nebraska?

4 A: I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond 5 a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the 6 relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly 7 generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this 8 pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 9 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 10 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 11 12 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 13 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 14 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 15 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. The point of including 16 Attachment No. 6 is to show that twinning Keystone I within Nebraska has been 17 considered by TransCanada before. It simply does not make sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new pumping stations, 18 19 creating new impacts on additional counties and communities and going through 20 all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like me when this 21 applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns and the 22 communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the sand 23 hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala 24 Aquifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.

## Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your knowledge?

A: Yes, they are.

28

1Q:Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to2ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

Bornie Brauer

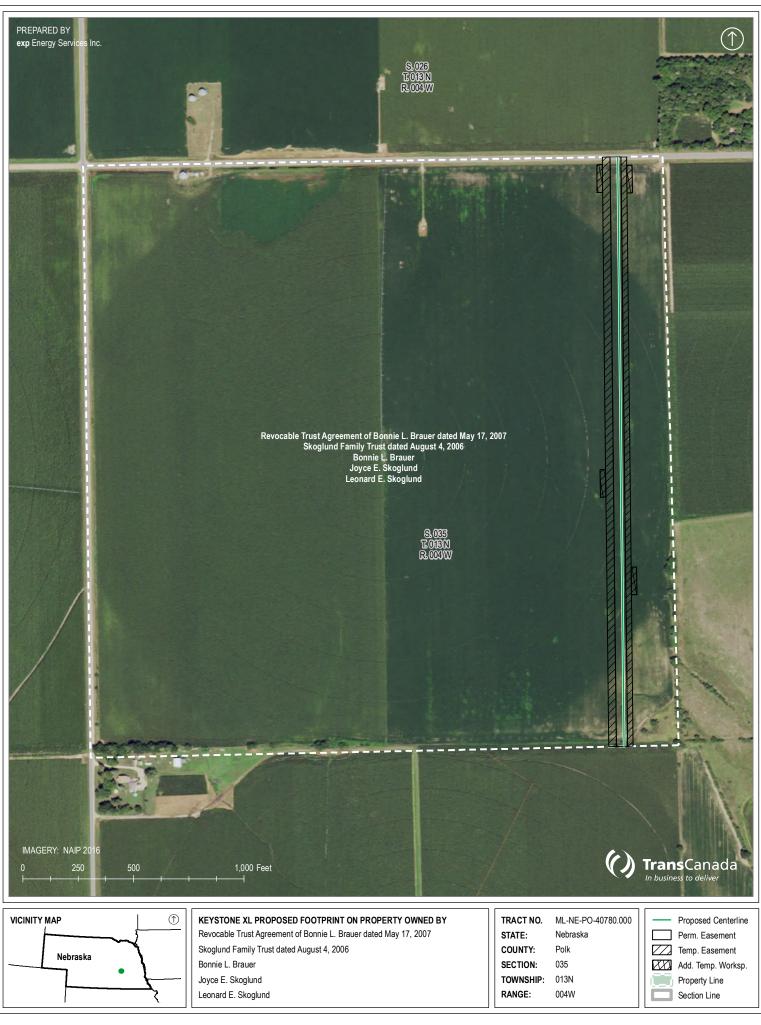
Bonnie Brauer

DANIEL JOSEPH MCNELIS Seal Notary Public - State of Indiana Marion County My Commission Expires Jan 18, 2024 н ,

Subscribed and Sworn to me before this  $26^{+h}$  day of May, 2017.

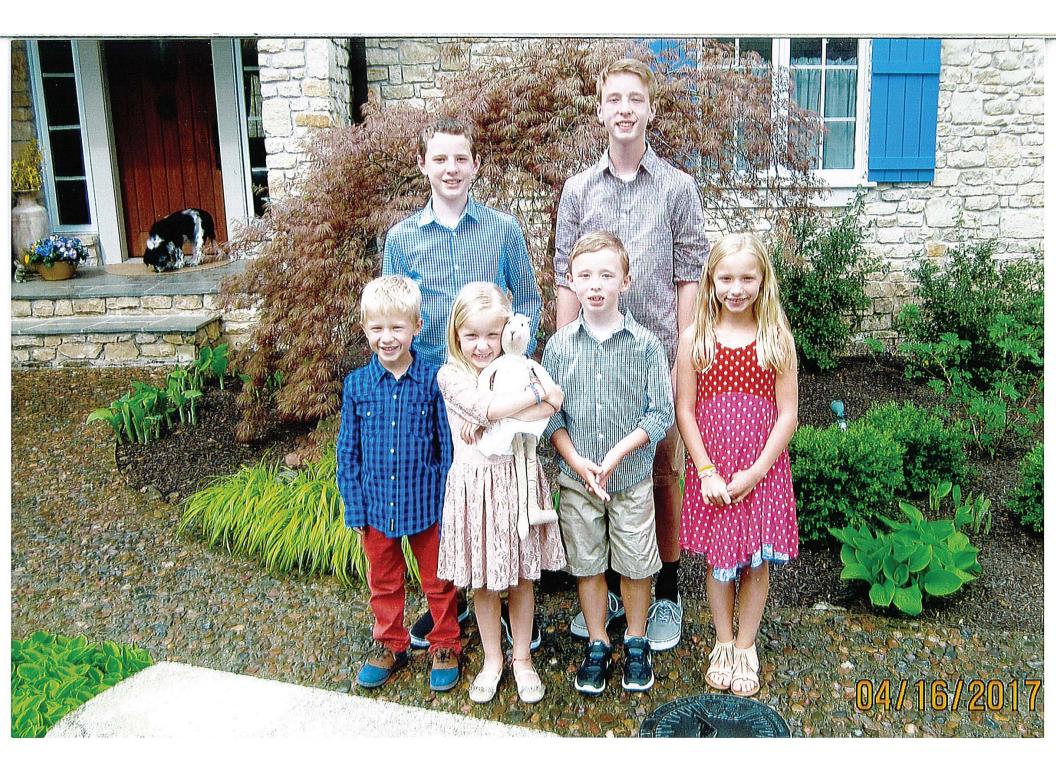
Danne Dseph Michelin Notary Public

Attachment No. 1



## KXL019192

Attachment No. 2



Attachment No. 3

Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

(Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

Tract No.: ML-NE-PO-40780.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "Agreement"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "Consideration"), Bonnie L. Brauer, Trustee of the Revocable Trust Agreement of Bonnie L. Brauer dated May 17, 2007, and Leonard E. Skoglund and Joyce E. Skoglund, Co-Trustees of the Skoglund Family Trust dated August 4, 2006, whose mailing address is 3415 Country Hill Drive, Fairfax, Virginia 22030 (hereinafter called "Grantor") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 13710 FNB Parkway, Suite 300, Omaha, Nebraska 68154, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "Grantee"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "Easement") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission

lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and petroleum by-products, on, under, across and/or through a strip of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "Easement Area") located on real property situated in the County of Polk, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract of land containing 160 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Polk, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as the NW1/4 of Section 35, Township 13 North, Range 4 West of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 94, Page 422 and Book 93, Page 422 in the Deed Records of Polk County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "**Property**"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "**Initial Construction Period**"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto (the "**Temporary Work Space**"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock, bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee

harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by 3. Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction, operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, provided, however, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public rights-of-way, the Temporary Access Easements (if any) or other easements in favor of Grantee provide reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee shall not be prevented from traveling within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery; (iv) Grantee's pipeline is left with the amount of cover originally installed to allow safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline; (v) the Grantee's pipeline is left with proper and sufficient and permanent lateral support; and (vi) Grantee's use of the Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein is not unreasonably impaired or interfered with.

5. During the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall also provide suitable crossings on, over and across the Easement Area so as to afford Grantor reasonable access over and across and the Easement Area in accordance with Grantor's customary use of the Property.

6. Grantee shall dispose of all brush and debris, if any, cleared from the Easement Area by burning, chipping, and/or burying, which method of disposal shall be selected by Grantee in Grantee's sole discretion.

7. Grantee shall install the Grantee's pipeline to a minimum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below current grade level and any then existing drainage ditches, creeks and roads, except at those locations where rock is encountered, the pipeline may be installed with a minimum depth of twenty-four inches (24"). Such depth shall be measured from the top of the pipe to the surface of the ground.

Grantor's Initials

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8. In areas of cropland, Grantee agrees to cause the topsoil to be removed from the trench to a depth of twelve inches (12") or the topsoil depth, whichever is less, and return, as nearly as practicable, said topsoil to its original, pre-construction position relative to the subsoil.

9. Prior to the conclusion of the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall grade and slope the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space in order to restore the same to its pre-construction grade to the extent reasonably possible and to the extent such grade does not interfere with the maintenance and/or safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline.

10. Grantee shall maintain the Easement Area (and the Temporary Work Space during the Initial Construction Period) by keeping it clear of all litter and trash during periods when Grantee and its employees, agents, or contractors are on the Property.

11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, except as otherwise required by applicable laws, regulations or industry standards, Grantee shall not install or maintain any permanent above-ground structures of any kind on or within the Easement Area other than pipeline markers (which markers may be required to be placed along the Easement Area by applicable Department of Transportation Code regulations and other applicable statutes and regulations of governmental authorities) and cathodic protection equipment. After the Initial Construction Period expires, no pipelines, above-ground structures, installations, equipment or apparatus of any kind will be on or within the Temporary Work Space.

12. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the Easement Area in whole or in part, Grantee may, at its sole election, either leave the improvements in place or remove them. In the event Grantee elects to remove the improvements, Grantee shall restore the Easement Area, as nearly as is practicable, to its condition prior to removal. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the improvements in place, Grantee shall comply with all then applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to such abandonment.

Grantor acknowledges and agrees that the information set forth at Exhibit A hereto, including. 13. without limitation, the location and area of the proposed Easement Area depicted, is approximate and preliminary and is based upon publicly available information, calculations, measurements and estimates without the benefit of site-specific on the ground investigation, inspection or survey; Grantor further acknowledges and agrees that Grantee shall have the right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space within the Property as a result of, among other things, site investigation. inspections or surveys, various engineering factors or to correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. In the event such a modification is required by Grantee, Grantee may modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" referring to this instrument and setting forth the modified legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space, which description may be set forth by map attached to said Notice. A copy of the Notice shall be delivered to the Grantor. Without limiting Grantee's right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" as aforesaid, Grantor agrees to execute and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. If such documents are required, they will be prepared by Grantee at its expense. Grantor shall receive additional reasonable compensation only if the acreage within the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space increases as a result of the changed location.

14. Grantee shall comply in all material respects, at Grantee's sole cost, with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations which are applicable to Grantee's activities hereunder, including, without limitation, the construction, use, operation, maintenance, repair and service of the Grantee's pipeline. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs that are necessitated, caused by, or are the result of any act or omission of negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct by the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

4

15. All notices under this Agreement shall be in writing, addressed to the addresses first set forth above and be delivered by certified mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested, next business day delivery via a reputable national courier service, regular United States mail, facsimile, e-mail or hand delivery. A party may change its address for notice by giving notice of such change to the other party.

16. The undersigned hereby bind themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to this Agreement unto Grantee, its successors and assigns. The Easement granted hereby shall create a covenant and burden upon the Property and running therewith.

17. It is agreed that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and that no other agreements have been made modifying, adding to or changing the terms of the same. This Agreement shall not be abrogated, modified, rescinded or amended in whole or in part without the consent of Grantor and Grantee, in writing and executed by each of them, and duly recorded in the appropriate real property records.

18. The rights granted hereby to Grantee may be assigned by Grantee in whole or in part, in Grantee's sole discretion.

19. The terms, stipulations, and conditions of this Easement are subject to all applicable laws, regulations, and permit conditions.

20. This Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State in which the Easement Area is situated.

21. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes; provided, however, that all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the \_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_

GRANTOR(S):

Revocable Trust Agreement of Bonnie L. Brauer dated May 17, 2007

Bonnie L. Brauer, Trustee

Skoglund Family Trust dated August 4, 2006

Leonard E. Skoglund, Co-Trustee

Joyce E. Skoglund, Co-Trustee

### [ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_

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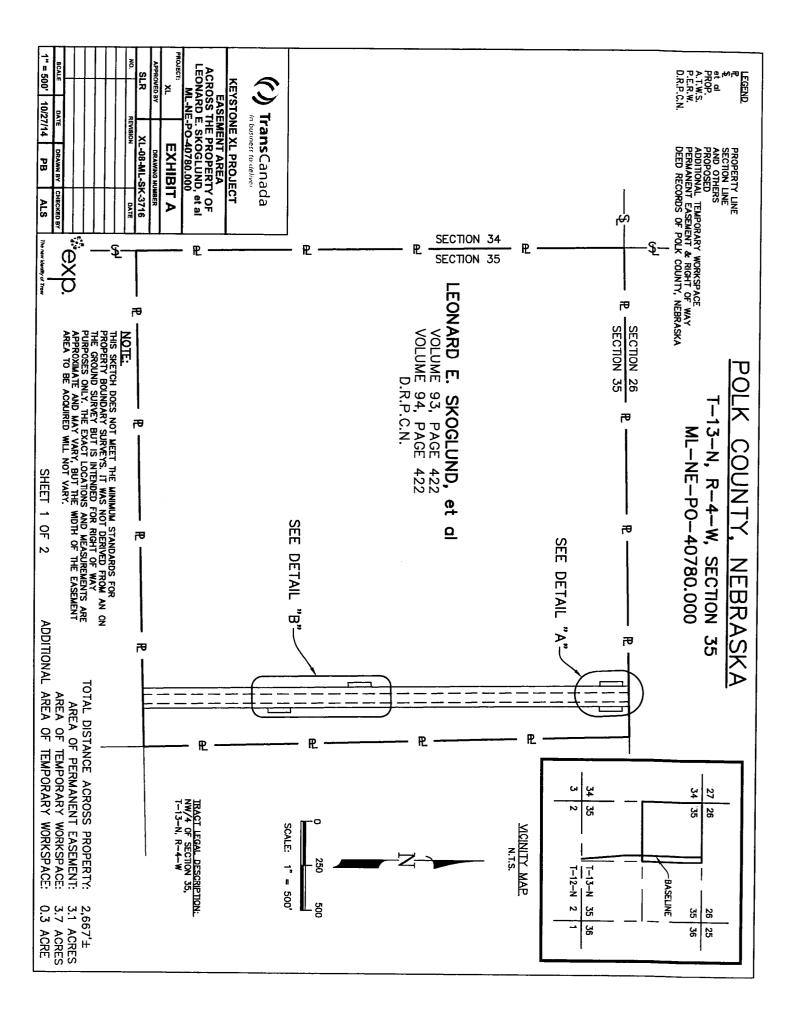
COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_

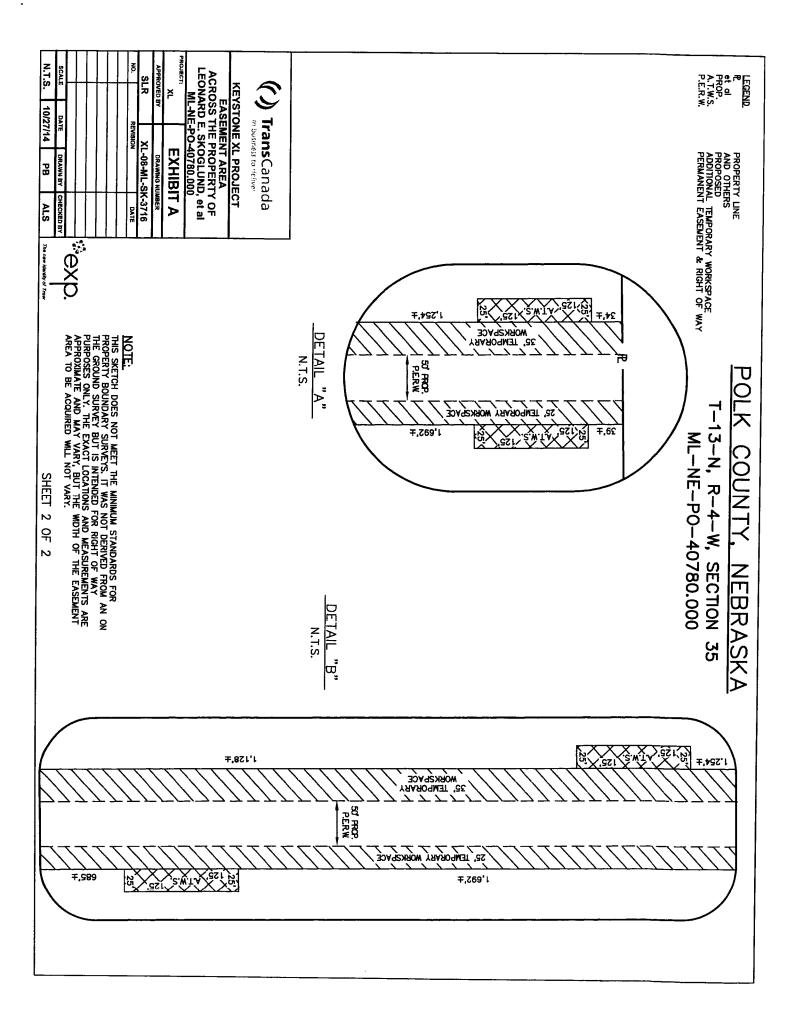
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_

By Joyce E. Skoglund, Co-Trustee of the Skoglund Family Trust dated August 4, 2006 on behalf of said Trust.

Notary Public Signature

Affix Seal Here





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Attachment No. 4

### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

### PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 3 of 5 - Page ID # 3

law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

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26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862 Attachment No. 5

### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

### Tract No. : ML-NE-PO-40780.000

We, <u>Bonnie L. Brauer, Trustee, Leonard E. Skoglund and Joyce E. Skoglund, Co-Trustees</u>, of <u>Polk</u> County, in the State of <u>Nebraska</u>, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

<u>Five Thousand Six Hundred Eighty Dollars and No Cents</u> (\$5,680.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Polk, State of Nebraska:

### **NW/4**

### Section 35, Township 13N, Range 4W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands on this day of

\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_\_.

Owner Signature

Owner Signature

Owner/Owner Representative Name

Owner/Owner Representative Name

Owner Signature

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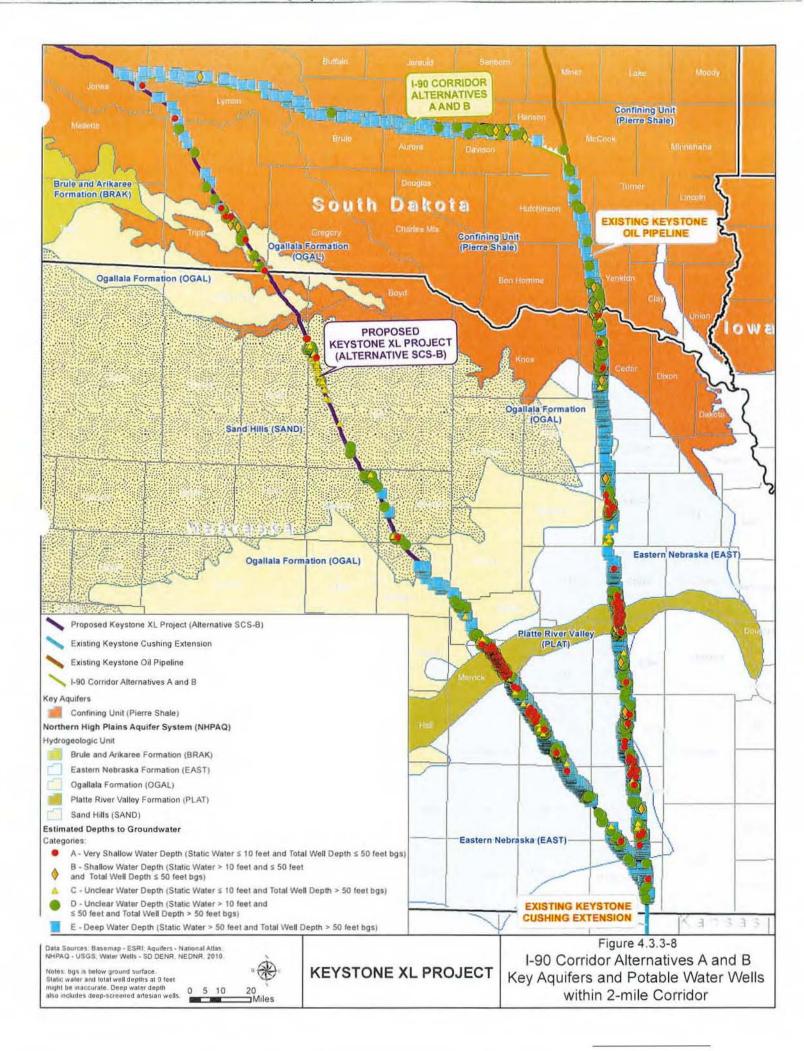
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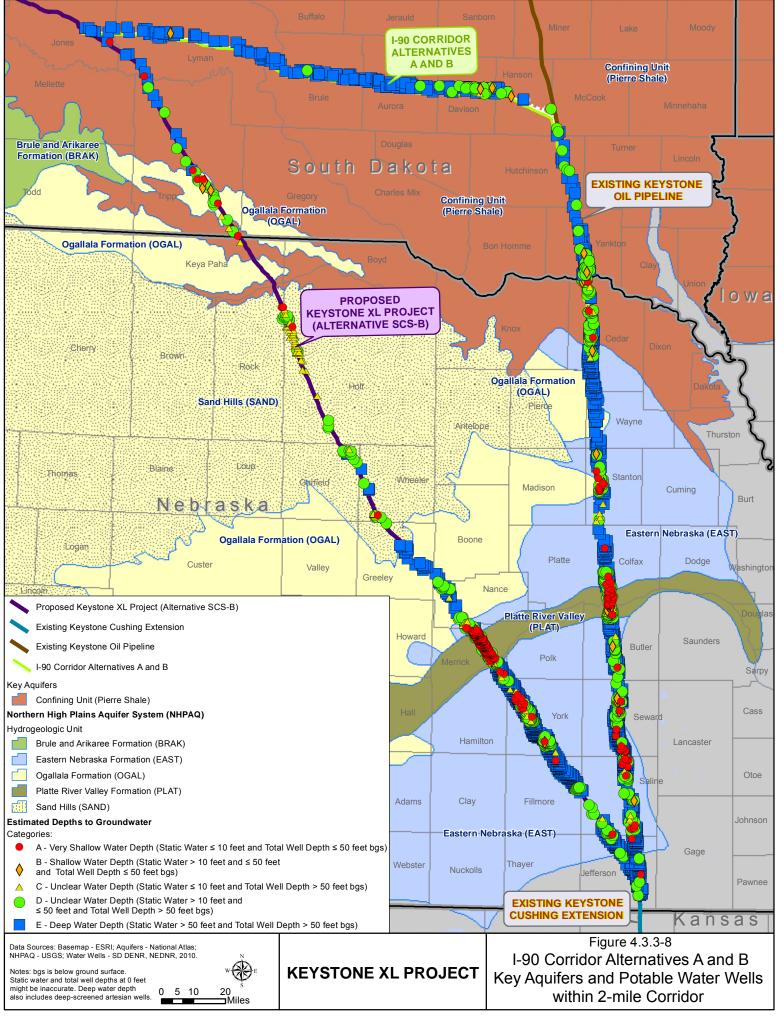
Owner Signature

Owner/Owner Representative Name

Owner/Owner Representative Name

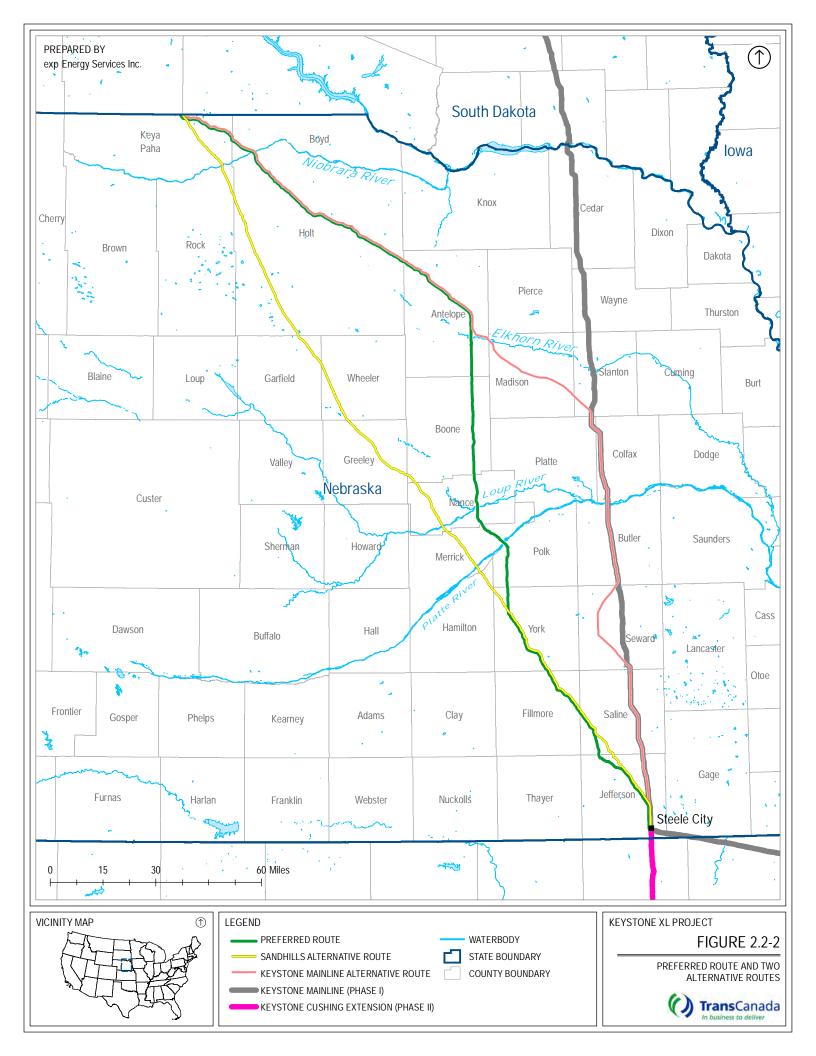
Attachment No. 6





KXL002000

Attachment No. 7



### Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of Lonnie "L.A." Breiner in Support of Landowner Intervenors

State of Nebraska	)
	) ss.
Holt County	)

- 1 Q: Please state your name.
- 2 A: My name is Lonnie Breiner.
- Q: Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
   regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
   XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?

6 A: Yes, I am.

Q: Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
Keystone XL pipeline?

- 10 A: Yes, I do and it is located in Holt County.
- Q: Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
   photo(s) of your land in question here with the area of the proposed KXL
   pipeline depicted?

14 A: Yes.

- 15 Q: If you are you married tell us your spouse's name please?
- 16 A: Sandra Breiner.

1 **Q**: Is Attachment No. 2 to this sworn statement a copy(ies) of picture(s) of you 2 and or your family?

3 A. Yes.

- 4 Do you earn any income from this land? **O**:
- 5 A: Yes.
- 6 7

**Q**: Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood or the livelihood of your family?

8 A: Yes.

#### 9 **O**: Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all 10 or a portion of your land in question here?

- 11 A: Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective 12 tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and 13 all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching 14 operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking 15 to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I 16 would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same 17 way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or 18 19 mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to 20 Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a 21 pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.
- 22 **O**:

### Do you have similar concerns about selling the land?

- 23 A: Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you 24 never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece 25 of ground similar to mine were for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine 26 did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline 27 ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes.
- 28 **Q**: What is your intent with your land after you die?

1	A:	Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stays in the family for years
2		to come but I have thought about getting out if this pipeline were to come through.
3	Q:	Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL
4		Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you?
5	A:	Yes.
6	Q:	Were you or an entity for which you are a member, shareholder, or director
7		previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP?
8	A:	Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a
9		petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline
10		within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.
11	Q:	Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?
12	A:	Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees
13		and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.
14	Q:	Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees
15		incurred?
16	A:	No, they have not.
17	Q:	In its lawsuit against you, did TransCanada identify the amount of your
18		property that it wanted to take for its proposed pipeline?
19	A:	The lawsuit against us stated they would take the amount of property that is
20		reasonably necessary to lay, relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant
21		and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline.
22	Q:	Did TransCanada define what they meant by "property that is reasonably
23		necessary"?
24	A:	No, they did not.
25	Q:	Did TransCanada in its lawsuit against you, identify the eminent domain
26		property portion of your land?
27	A:	Yes, they did.
28	Q:	Did TransCanada describe what rights it proposed to take related to the
29		eminent domain property on your land?

1 A: Yes, they did.

### 2 Q: What rights that they proposed to take did they describe?

3 A: TransCanada stated that the eminent domain property will be used to "lay, relay, 4 operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably 5 necessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying, laying, 6 constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, 7 reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with all fittings, 8 cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equipment and 9 appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hydrocarbon, petroleum products, and all by-products thereof." 10

Q: Prior to filing an eminent domain lawsuit to take your land that
 TransCanada identified, do you believe they attempted to negotiate in good
 faith with you?

14 A: No, I do not.

Q: Did TransCanada at any time approach you with or deliver to you their
 proposed easement and right-of-way agreement?

17 A: Yes, they did.

Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way
 agreement, did you understand that they would be purchasing a fee title
 interest in your property or that they were taking something else?

A: I understood that they proposed to have the power to take both a temporary construction easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a permanent easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and that would run the entire portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline would enter my property until where it would exit the property.

Q: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 3, a
true and accurate copy of TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-ofWay agreement that they included with their condemnation lawsuit against
you?

- 1 A: Yes, it is.
- Q: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement
   and Right-of-Way agreement?

4 A: Yes, I have.

5 Q: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-of6 Way agreement as proposed by TransCanada?

A: My understanding is that this is the document that will govern all of the rights and
obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and
how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property
must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how
they can use my land.

# Q: After reviewing TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way agreement do you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the language either included in the document or missing from the proposed document?

- A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and
   how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively
   impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and
   my state.
- 20Q:I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of21your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way22agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and23the terms of that contract, in your opinion, potentially negatively impacts you24and your land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and25let's work our way through it, okay?
- A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's proposed
  Easement and Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my
  property rights and my economic interests.
- 29 Q. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.

- A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will pay to compensate me for all of the known and unknown affects and all of the rights I am giving up and for all the things they get to do to my land and for what they will prevent me from doing on my land and they only will pay me one time at the signing of the easement agreement. That is a huge problem.
- 6

6

### **Q:** Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.

- 7 A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the 8 landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so 9 they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from 10 my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 11 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 12 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 13 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying 14 once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 15 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 16 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 17 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and 18 generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders 19 keep all that money and it never finds its way to Nebraska.
- 19 20

### Q: What is your next concern?

21 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 22 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 23 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 24 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 25 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 26 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of the these partners or 27 the structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if 28 you would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 29 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited

liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general
 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so
 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but
 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

- 5 Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 6 percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of over 275 miles of 7 Nebraska land?
- 8 A: No.

# 9 Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 10 percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for 11 approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through 12 Nebraska land?

13 A: No.

## Q: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter 16 A: 17 called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow their easement to be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows 18 what that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This 19 20 pipeline would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest 21 bidder that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who 22 may buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto 23 or have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in 24 the future.

### Q: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

27 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.

28 Q: What's next?

A: Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this
really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual
and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to.
Perpetual to me is like forever and that doesn't make sense.

5 Q: Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you?

6 A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any 7 data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in 8 TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this 9 pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have 10 a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become 11 obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however 12 will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as 13 undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of 14 Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for 15 this specific kind of pipeline project.

16

### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

A: The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says
"...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground
until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned
a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

## Q: Now it looks like we are ready to go to the second page of the Easement is that right?

26 A: Yes.

### 27 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

A: Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the
pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period

starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 1 2 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 3 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes 4 "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 5 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 6 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 7 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best 8 interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 9 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding 10 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 11 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials." 12 13 Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are 14 two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to 15 allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of 16 TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is 17 not conducive to protection of property rights.

18

### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

19 A: Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of 20 TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially 21 reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 22 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of 23 "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 24 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 25 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 26 27 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and 28 intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. 29 However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 1 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 2 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 3 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 4 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 5 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 6 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 7 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 8 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 9 landowners to be treated that way.

#### 10 **O**: 11

### Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this concern more real for you?

12 A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against 13 Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two 14 Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of 15 gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged 16 negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate 17 copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 4.

18

#### **Q**: What is your next concern with the Easement language?

19 A: Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with 20 21 TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 22 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 23 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 24 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 25 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 26 27 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 28 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains 29 all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to

them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 1 2 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes is 3 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 4 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 5 the removal of trees or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities 6 owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and 7 rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or 8 losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

0 9

### Q: What is the next concern you have?

10 A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the 11 same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada. 12 TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 13 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 14 any appurtenances thereon to the pipeline itself or to their access to the Easement 15 or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, whether during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot 16 or in vehicle or machinery..." Further at TransCanada's sole discretion it will 17 retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably 18 impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement Area. Such 19 20 undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the protection of 21 property rights or economic interest.

### 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

28 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

1 Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase A: 2 "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 3 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 4 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 5 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 6 affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights. 7 A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in the 8 future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors 9 common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 10 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

### 11 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

12 A: There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as 13 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably 14 possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 15 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize 16 costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 17 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 18 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 19 economic interest.

### 20 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

### 27 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any
 Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion.

1 Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative the their property in 2 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 3 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 4 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 5 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive 6 to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

7

### Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

8 A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner to 9 transfer and be applicable to any future owner of the Land in question without the 10 ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiate any of the language in 11 question to which it will be held to comply.

### 12 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

13 A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the 14 Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at any time 15 to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a 16 third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in 17 place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such 18 change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement 19 20 thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement 21 owner.

### 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

- A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms
  that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say
  so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in
  TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined terms are as follows:
- 27 i. '

- i. "pipeline installation activities"
- ii. "availability of labor and materials"
- 29 iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"

1	iv.	"reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"
2	V.	"yield loss damages"
3	vi.	"diminution in the value of the property"
4	vii.	"substantially same condition"
5	viii.	"an actual or potential hazard"
6	ix.	"efficient"
7	Х.	"convenient"
8	xi.	"endangered"
9	xii.	"obstructed"
10	xiii.	"injured"
11	xiv.	"interfered with"
12	XV.	"impaired"
13	xvi.	"suitable crossings"
14	xvii.	"where rock is encountered"
15	xviii.	"as nearly as practicable"
16	xix.	"pre-construction position"
17	XX.	"pre-construction grade"
18	xxi.	"various engineering factors"
19	Each one of	these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement
20	could be pro-	oblematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get
21	definition in	n further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the
22	Easement is	drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a
23	particular si	tuation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For
24	instance, "y	ield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out
25	exactly how	the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front
26	end. I can't	afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately,
27	the Landow	ner is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine
28	when rights	related to them trigger and what the affects may be.

- Q: Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can
   think of at this time?
- A: I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time of
  my live testimony in August.

5 Q: Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding 6 TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe 7 those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's 8 impact upon you and your land?

9 A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that we10 discussed previously.

Q: Did TransCanada ever offer you financial compensation for the rights that
 they sought to obtain in your land, and for what they sought to prevent you
 and any future land owner of your property from doing in the future?

14 A: Yes, we received an offer from them.

Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better
 than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair,
 compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar
 sands pipeline could be located across your property?

- A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just
  offer for all the potential impacts and effects and the rights that I'm giving up, and
  what we will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would
  impact my property for ever and ever.
- Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
   wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
   across your property.
- 26 A: No, never.

Q: At any time did TransCanada present you with or request that you, as the
 owner of the land in question, sign and execute a document called, "Advanced
 Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?"

1 A: Yes, they did and it was included in the County Court lawsuit against us.

### Q: Is Attachment No. 5, to your testimony here, a true and accurate copy of the "Advanced Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?

4 A: Yes, it is.

### 5 Q: What was your understanding of that document?

A: When I read that document in the plain language of that document, it was my
understanding that TransCanada was attempting to pay me a very small amount at
that time in order for me to agree to give up my rights to be compensated from
them in the future related to any damage or impact they may have upon my
property "arising out of, in connection with, or alleged to resulted from
construction or surveying over, under or on" my land.

12

Q: Did you ever sign that document?

13 A: No, I did not.

14 **Q:** Why not?

A; Because I do not believe that it is fair or just to try to get me to agree to a small
sum of money when I have no idea how bad the impacts or damages that they, or
their contractors, or subcontractors, or other agents or employees, may cause on
my land at any time in the future that resulted from the construction or surveying
or their activities upon my land.

### 20 Q: When you reviewed this document, what did it make you feel?

A: I felt like it was simply another attempt for TransCanada to try to pay very little to
shield themselves against known and foreseeable impacts that their pipeline, and
the construction of it, would have upon my land. It made me feel that they knew it
was in their financial interest to pay me as little as possible to prevent me from
ever having the opportunity to seek fair compensation again, and that this must be
based upon their experience of unhappy landowners and situations in other places
where they have built pipelines.

1	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
2		thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
3		was in your best interest?
4	A:	No, they have not.
5	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
6		thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
7		was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?
8	A:	No, they have not.
9	Q:	Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
10		Takings Clause?
11	A:	Yes, I am.
12	Q:	What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of
13		an American citizens property?
14	A:	My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the
15		government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for
16		public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or
17		fairly.
18	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which
19		the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?
20	A:	No, they have not.
21	Q:	Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State
22		of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL
23		Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?
24	A:	No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the
25		public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how
26		it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me
27		that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we
28		are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands

1	are located to where TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in
2	Houston, Texas.

3 Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands,
4 crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to
5 ship in its pipeline?

6 A: No, it has not.

Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum byproducts that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place
for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

10 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
 Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

14 A: No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.

Q: Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
 at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

17 A: Yes, I do.

18 Q: Why do you pay property taxes on that land?

- A: Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the ownerof that property.
- Q: Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you
   deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person
   or company that pays property taxes?
- A: Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
  just what you do.
- Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
  treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?

28 A: No, of course not.

1	Q:	Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be		
2		enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of		
3		your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the		
4		state of Nebraska?		
5	A:	Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that		
6		I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.		
7	Q:	Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?		
8	A:	Well, yes I have.		
9	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life,		
10		employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or		
11		consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed		
12		one or more persons?		
13	A:	No, of course not.		
14	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer		
15		have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to		
16		preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?		
17	A:	No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I		
18		don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.		
19	Q:	At the beginning of your statement, you briefly described your property that		
20		would be impacted by the potential Keystone XL Pipeline. I would like you to		
21		give the Commissioners a sense of specifically how you believe the proposed		
22		Keystone XL Pipeline and its preferred route, which proposes to go across		
23		your land, how it would in your opinion based on your knowledge,		
24		experience, and background of your land, affect it. So please share with the		
25		Commissioners the characteristics of your land that you believe is important		
26		for them to understand, while they evaluate TransCanada's application for a		
27		route for its proposed pipeline to cross Nebraska and across your land,		
28		specifically.		

A: Our farms with electric irrigation systems have schedules of on and off time to
irrigate so what will happen when the pipeline uses a lot of our electricity? Also
our roads are not good enough for the large trucks and heavy equipment needed to
put the pipeline in. all the extra people will also tax our law enforcement people.
We don't need more temporary jobs, which it won't provide anyway; we just need
someone who will work – every paper is full of help wanted ads.

## Q: Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the state of Nebraska?

10 A: Yes, I have significant concerns. I am aware of landowners being treated unfairly 11 or even bullied around and being made to feel scared that they did not have any 12 options but to sign whatever papers TransCanada told them they had to. I am 13 aware of folks being threatened that their land would be taken if they didn't follow 14 what TransCanada was saying. I am aware of tactics to get people to sign 15 easements that I don't believe have any place in Nebraska or anywhere such as 16 TransCanada or some outfit associated with it hiring a pastor or priest to pray with 17 landowners and convince them they should sign TransCanada's easement agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows or widowers feeling they had 18 19 no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and they didn't know they could 20 fight or stand up for themselves. From a more practical standpoint, I am worried 21 that according to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada only 22 owns and operates one (1) major oil pipeline. They simply do not have the 23 experience with this type of pipeline and that scares me. There are others but that 24 is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is 25 refreshed I will share those with the Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

### Q: Do you believe TransCanada's proposed method of compensation to you as a landowner is reasonable or just?

A: No, I do not.

- 1Q:Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this2proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of3future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed4easement and immediately surrounding areas?
- A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of
  structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I
  would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being
  blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in
  regards to the pipeline.

10 Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

11 A: Well yes, of course.

12 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

13 A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being used as of this moment, 14 and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain 15 ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any 16 potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future owner 17 may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska 18 potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years 19 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 20 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in 21 my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 22 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development 23 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 24 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the 25 short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts 26 may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity 27 and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska.

### 28 Q: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed 29 pipeline?

1 A: Yes, I do.

- 2 Q: What are some of those concerns?
- A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction,
  operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have
  a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the
  lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.

-

### 7

### **Q:** Do you have any other environmental concerns?

8 A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in 9 construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and 10 leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could 11 be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State.

## 12 Q: Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the 13 natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?

A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the
 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural
 resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline
 route.

## 18 Q: Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline 19 to the soil of your land, or land near you?

20 A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the 21 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of 22 land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This 23 includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing 24 the soil composition and makeup as it has naturally existed for thousands and 25 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 26 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 27 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow 28 whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 29 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the

same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed
 pipeline.

## 3 Q: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline 4 upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?

5 A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of 6 the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the 7 groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline 8 route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and 9 simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at 10 unreasonable risk.

11 Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline
12 upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?

A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or
maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental
impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along
and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of
Nebraska.

## Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your land?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
wildlife and the plants, not only that are located on or can be found upon my land,
but also near and along the proposed pipeline route.

## Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the fair market value of your land?

A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed
pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the
fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I

1 would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the 2 property. I do not believe, and certainly would not be willing to pay, the same 3 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 4 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to 5 realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest 6 asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 7 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they 8 would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon 9 my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties, 10 not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline 11 due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable 12 person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my 13 property's value.

### 14 Q: Have you ever seen the document that's marked as Attachment No. 6, to your 15 testimony?

16 A: Yes, I have.

17 Q: Where have you seen that before?

A: That is a map I think I first saw a couple years ago that shows the Keystone XL
 I-90 corridor alternate route of its proposed pipeline through Nebraska and I
 believe the portion of the alternative route in Nebraska essentially twins or
 parallels Keystone I.

Q: Do you believe that TransCanada's preferred route as found on page 5 of its
Application, and as found on Attachment No. 7, here to your testimony, is in
the public interest of Nebraska?

25 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe that the Keystone mainline alternative route as shown on
Attachment No. 7 included with your testimony here is a major oil pipeline
route that is in the public interest of Nebraska?

A: No, I do not.

- Q: Do you believe the portion of the proposed pipeline within Nebraska as found
   in Attachment No. 6 to your testimony, is in the public interest of Nebraska?
   A: No, I do not.
- 4 Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL
  5 Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the
  6 public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

7 A: No, I do not.

8 Q: Why do you hold that belief?

9 A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am 10 aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to 11 consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply 12 crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar 13 sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the 14 public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for 15 public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in 16 there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our 17 state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all 18 the negative impacts and concerns.

## Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction phase to Nebraska?

A: First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether
temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the
potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here
and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If
I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching
business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact
to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is

1 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 2 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all 3 jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with 4 from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted 5 were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 6 projected. According to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 191, TransCanada 7 has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working specifically on 8 behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 196, as 9 of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary working within Nebraska. 10 Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 199, TransCanada would 11 only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the proposed Keystone XL was 12 constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline Alternative Route.

- Q: Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply
   because it would cross your land?
- A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public
  interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

17 Q: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline
18 was to cross someone else's land?

A: No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have
the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this
type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this
state or any other state.

Q: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL
Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?

A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our
 state cannot risk.

3 Q: What do you rely upon to make that statement?

4 A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I, 5 already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the 6 public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second, 7 they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the 8 counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have 9 already obtained easements from all the landowners along that route and have 10 relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the 11 sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala 12 Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an 13 alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of 14 15 infrastructure near each other.

### 16 Q: Do you have any other concerns you would like to reiterate or can think of at 17 this time you would like the Commissioners to understand?

A: Yes. The pipeline still crosses the sand hills and the aquifer, which is Nebraska's greatest resource. Millions of people rely on this good water and it would be a great disaster if pollution occurred. The soil here is very sandy and once the top soil and ground cover is disturbed you never get it back to natural. It will blow and wash; we have fought blow-outs for years.

## Q: Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of TransCanada's Application?

A: No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

## 8 Q: Does Attachment No. 8 here contain other documents you are competent to 9 speak about that you wish to be part of your testimony and to discuss in more 10 detail as needed at the August 2017 Hearing?

11 A: Yes.

## Q: What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline across Nebraska?

15 A: I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond 16 a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the 17 relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly 18 generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this 19 pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 20 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 21 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public 22 interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 23 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 24 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 25 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 26 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. It simply does not make 27 sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new 28 pumping stations, creating new impacts on additional counties and communities 29 and going through all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like

1 me when this applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns 2 and the communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the 3 sand hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala 4 Aquifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.

5 Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and 6 accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your 7 knowledge?

8 A: Yes, they are.

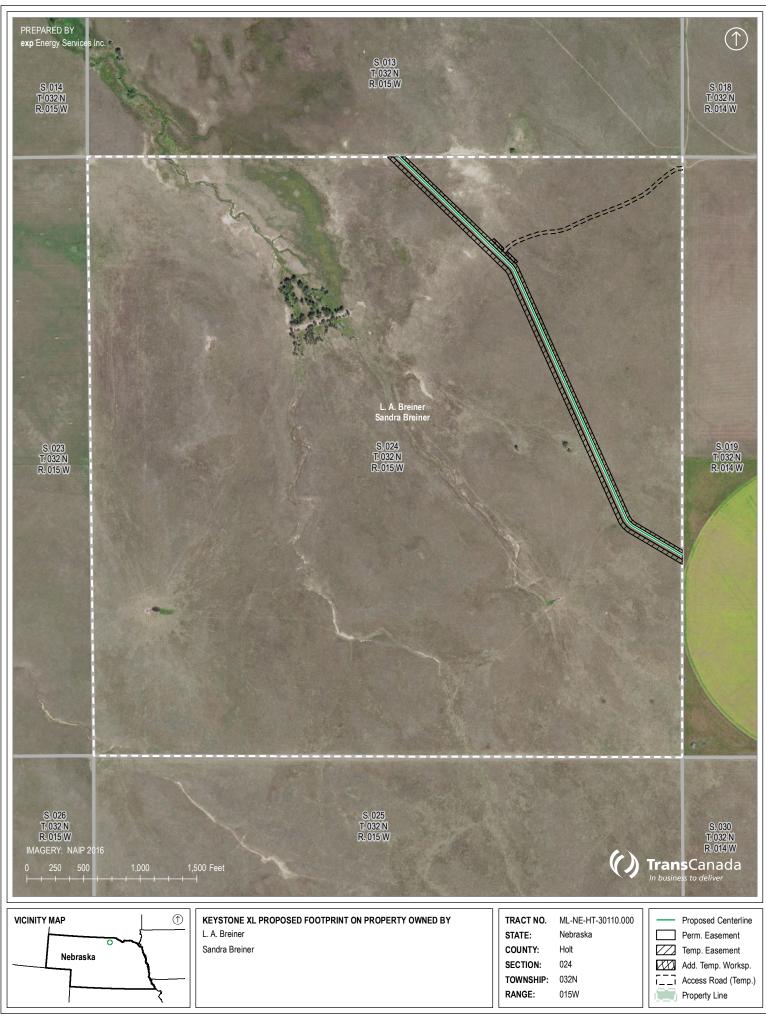
9 Q: Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to
10 ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

<. . Janie 9 Km Lonnie Breiner

Subscribed and Sworn to me before this <u>30</u> day of <u>Marp</u>, 2017. Bashara Notary Public Offe GENERAL NOTARY - State of Nebraska BARBARA J. OHDE My Comm. Exp. March 17, 2019

Attachment No. 1





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50388X KEYSTONE XL\9000\_

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May 2017 -

PREPARED BY exp Energy Services Inc. S.004 T.032N R.015 W	S.003 T.032IN R.015W	
S.009 T. 032N R. 015 W	L. A. Breiner B. OTO B. DOS2N R. OTSWO	S.011 T.O.22N R.O15W
SE018 TE082IN IMREQUENTIAIP 2016 0 250 500 1,000 1 1 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	S.015 T.032N R.015W 500 Feet	S.014 T.032N R.015W R.015W <b>TransCanada</b> In business to deliver
VICINITY MAP (1) Nebraska	KEYSTONE XL PROPOSED FOOTPRINT ON PROPERTY OWNED BY L. A. Breiner	TRACT NO.       ML-NE-HT-40220.000         STATE:       Nebraska         COUNTY:       Holt         SECTION:       010         TOWNSHIP:       032N         RANGE:       015W

# May 2017 - X:/Drawings/5038 8X KEYSTONE XL/9000\_9999/9358

Attachment No. 2



Attachment No. 3

Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

(Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

Tract No.: ML-NE-HT-30100.000 ML-NE-HT-30110.000 ML-NE-HT-40220.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "**Agreement**"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "**Consideration**") **L. A. Breiner and Sandra K. Breiner, husband and wife**, whose mailing address is 47224 889<sup>th</sup> Road, Stuart, NE 68780 (hereinafter called "**Grantor**") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto **TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP**, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 13710 FNB Parkway, Suite 300, Omaha, Nebraska 68154, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "**Grantee**"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "**Easement**") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline

Grantor's Initials\_\_\_\_\_

markers, and all other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and petroleum by-products, on, under, across and/or through a strip of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "**Easement Area**") located on real property situated in the County of Holt, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract of land containing 327.61 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Holt, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as All of Section 14, Township 32 North, Range 15 West of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 179, Page 195 in the Deed Records of Holt County, Nebraska.

Less and Except: An irregular tract of land located in Section 14, Township 32 North, Range 15 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> P.M., and Holt county, Nebraska, and more particularly described as follows : Beginning at the Southwest corner of said Section 14; thence N 88 59' 37" E (assumed bearing) on the South line of Section 14, a distance of 2363.46 feet; thence N 44 55' 46" W, a distance of 412.49 feet ; thence N 01 38' 36" E, a distance of 26.70 feet: thence N 44 17' 52" E, a distance of 395.70 feet to a non-tangential curve concave Westerly having a radius of 1449.62 feet; thence Northerly on said curve an arc distance of 2279.25 feet through an angle of 90 05' 14"; thence N 88 47' 12" E, a distance of 749.32 feet to a non-tangential curve concave Westerly having a radius of 1434.63 feet; thence Northerly on said curve an arc distance of 3371.96 feet through an angle of 134 40' 07" to the north line of said Section 14; thence S 88 54' 45" W, on said North line of Section14, a distance of 2166.37 feet; thence S 01 00' 39" E, a distance of1253.14 feet to a non-tangential curve concave Easterly having a radius of 1482.14 feet; thence Southerly on said curve an arc distance of 967.34 feet through an angle of 37 23' 42"; thence S 42 04' 17"E, a distance of 170.26 feet; thence N 89 49' 42" W, a distance of 511.66 feet; thence S 78 09' 16" W, a distance of 235,96 feet; thence S 63 51' 41" W, a distance of 365.24 feet; thence S 55 58' 59" W, a distance of 717.07 feet to the West line of said Section 14; thence S 00 57' 23" Eon said West line of Section 14, a distance of 2421.51 feet to the point of beginning, of which the West 33 feet is occupied by a public road, referred to as (Survey Tract B), as recorded in Book 199, Page 9.

A tract of land containing 507.52 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Holt, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as all of Section 10, Township 32 North, Range 15 West of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 179, Page 195 in the Deed Records of Holt County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

Less and Except: An irregular tract of land located in Section 10, T32N, R15W of the 6<sup>th</sup> P.M., Holt County, Nebraska, described as follows: Beginning at the Southeast corner of said Section 10, thence S89° 26' 00" W (assumed bearing) on the south line of said Section 10, a distance of 2377.73 feet; thence N 45° 23' 53" W, a distance of 161.16 feet; thence N 35° 58' 23" W, a distance of 256.12 feet; thence N 16° 37' 13" W, a distance of 182.11 feet; thence N 01° 47' 23" W, a distance of 1117.67 feet; thence N 33° 18' 07" E, a distance of 120.12 feet; thence N 54° 19' 00" E, a distance of 1018.88 feet; thence N 70° 22" 41" E, a distance of 239.64 feet; thence N 80° 02' 11" E, a distance of 104.08 feet; thence N 89° 18' 05" E, a distance of 185.48 feet to a non-tangential curve concave southerly having a radius of 2224.95 feet; thence on said curve an arc distance of 561.99 feet through an angle of 14° 28' 20"; thence S 68° 25' 19" E, a distance of 371.44 feet; thence S 57° 26' 08" E, a distance of 167.84 feet; thence S 54° 15' 09" E, a distance of 319.07 feet to the east line of said Section 10; thence S 00° 51' 47" E on said east line of Section 10, a distance of 1856.88 feet to the point of beginning, of which the east 33 feet is occupied by a public, as recorded in Book 199, Page 9.

A tract of land containing 640 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Holt, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as all of Section 24, Township 32 North, Range 15 West of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 202, Page 501 in the Deed Records of Holt County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "**Property**"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "**Initial Construction Period**"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto (the "**Temporary Work Space**"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock, bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

Grantor's Initials

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by 3. Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction, operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, provided, however, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public rights-of-way, the Temporary Access Easements (if any) or other easements in favor of Grantee provide reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee shall not be prevented from traveling within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery; (iv) Grantee's pipeline is left with the amount of cover originally installed to allow safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline; (v) the Grantee's pipeline is left with proper and sufficient and permanent lateral support; and (vi) Grantee's use of the Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein is not unreasonably impaired or interfered with.

5. During the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall also provide suitable crossings on, over and across the Easement Area so as to afford Grantor reasonable access over and across and the Easement Area in accordance with Grantor's customary use of the Property.

6. Grantee shall dispose of all brush and debris, if any, cleared from the Easement Area by burning, chipping, and/or burying, which method of disposal shall be selected by Grantee in Grantee's sole discretion.

7. Grantee shall install the Grantee's pipeline to a minimum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below current grade level and any then existing drainage ditches, creeks and roads, except at those locations where rock is encountered, the pipeline may be installed with a minimum depth of twenty-four inches (24"). Such depth shall be measured from the top of the pipe to the surface of the ground.

8. In areas of cropland, Grantee agrees to cause the topsoil to be removed from the trench to a depth of twelve inches (12") or the topsoil depth, whichever is less, and return, as nearly as practicable, said topsoil to its original, pre-construction position relative to the subsoil.

Grantor's Initials

9. Prior to the conclusion of the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall grade and slope the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space in order to restore the same to its pre-construction grade to the extent reasonably possible and to the extent such grade does not interfere with the maintenance and/or safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline.

10. Grantee shall maintain the Easement Area (and the Temporary Work Space during the Initial Construction Period) by keeping it clear of all litter and trash during periods when Grantee and its employees, agents, or contractors are on the Property.

11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, except as otherwise required by applicable laws, regulations or industry standards, Grantee shall not install or maintain any permanent above-ground structures of any kind on or within the Easement Area other than pipeline markers (which markers may be required to be placed along the Easement Area by applicable Department of Transportation Code regulations and other applicable statutes and regulations of governmental authorities) and cathodic protection equipment. After the Initial Construction Period expires, no pipelines, above-ground structures, installations, equipment or apparatus of any kind will be on or within the Temporary Work Space.

12. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the Easement Area in whole or in part, Grantee may, at its sole election, either leave the improvements in place or remove them. In the event Grantee elects to remove the improvements, Grantee shall restore the Easement Area, as nearly as is practicable, to its condition prior to removal. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the improvements in place, Grantee shall comply with all then applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to such abandonment.

Grantor acknowledges and agrees that the information set forth at Exhibit A hereto, including, 13. without limitation, the location and area of the proposed Easement Area depicted, is approximate and preliminary and is based upon publicly available information, calculations, measurements and estimates without the benefit of site-specific on the ground investigation, inspection or survey; Grantor further acknowledges and agrees that Grantee shall have the right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space within the Property as a result of, among other things, site investigation, inspections or surveys, various engineering factors or to correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. In the event such a modification is required by Grantee, Grantee may modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" referring to this instrument and setting forth the modified legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space, which description may be set forth by map attached to said Notice. A copy of the Notice shall be delivered to the Grantor. Without limiting Grantee's right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" as aforesaid, Grantor agrees to execute and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. If such documents are required, they will be prepared by Grantee at its expense. Grantor shall receive additional reasonable compensation only if the acreage within the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space increases as a result of the changed location.

14. Grantee shall comply in all material respects, at Grantee's sole cost, with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations which are applicable to Grantee's activities hereunder, including, without limitation, the construction, use, operation, maintenance, repair and service of the Grantee's pipeline. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs that are necessitated, caused by, or are the result of any act or omission of negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct by the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

15. All notices under this Agreement shall be in writing, addressed to the addresses first set forth above and be delivered by certified mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested, next business day delivery via a reputable national courier service, regular United States mail, facsimile, e-mail or hand delivery. A party may change its address for notice by giving notice of such change to the other party.

Grantor's Initials

16. The undersigned hereby bind themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to this Agreement unto Grantee, its successors and assigns. The Easement granted hereby shall create a covenant and burden upon the Property and running therewith.

17. It is agreed that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and that no other agreements have been made modifying, adding to or changing the terms of the same. This Agreement shall not be abrogated, modified, rescinded or amended in whole or in part without the consent of Grantor and Grantee, in writing and executed by each of them, and duly recorded in the appropriate real property records.

18. The rights granted hereby to Grantee may be assigned by Grantee in whole or in part, in Grantee's sole discretion.

19. The terms, stipulations, and conditions of this Easement are subject to all applicable laws, regulations, and permit conditions.

20. This Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State in which the Easement Area is situated.

21. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes; provided, however, that all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the \_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_\_.

GRANTOR(S):

L. A. Breiner

Sandra K. Breiner

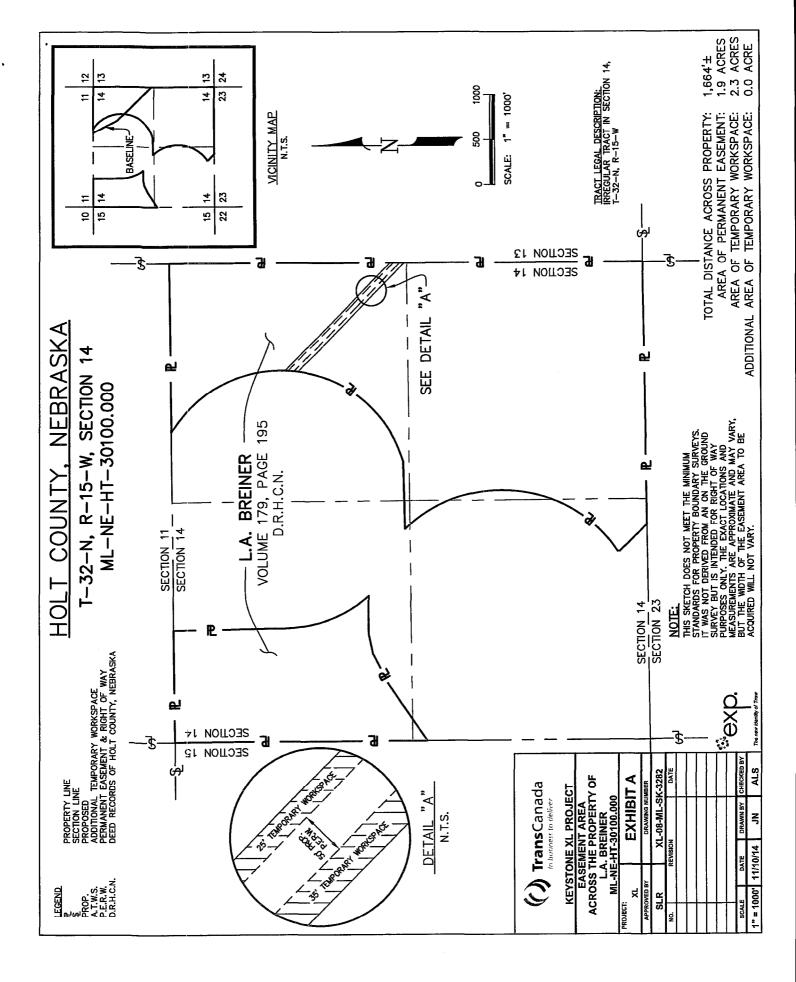
#### [ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

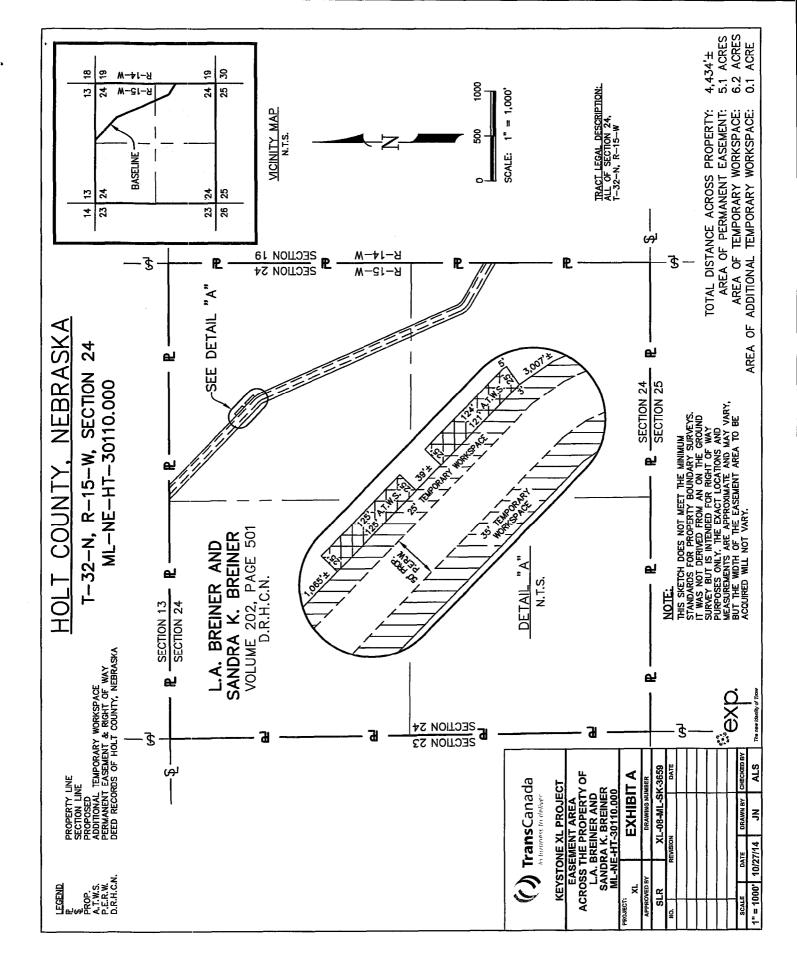
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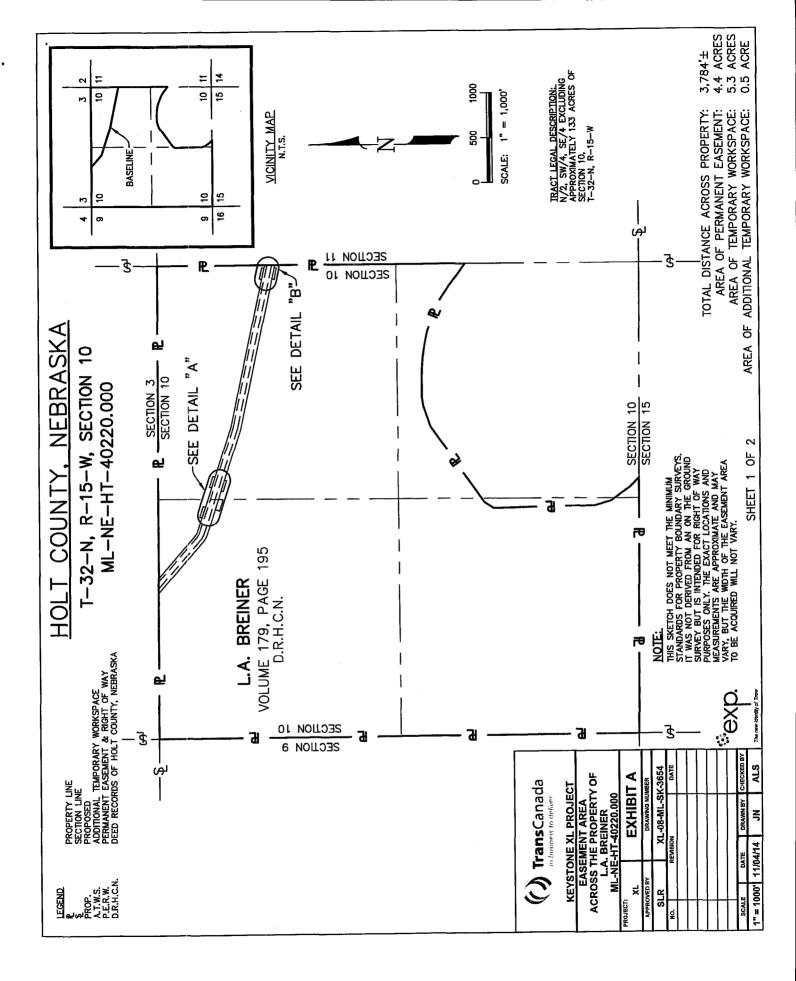
STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_ The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_ By L. A. Breiner Notary Public Signature Affix Seal Here STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_ The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_ By Sandra K. Breiner

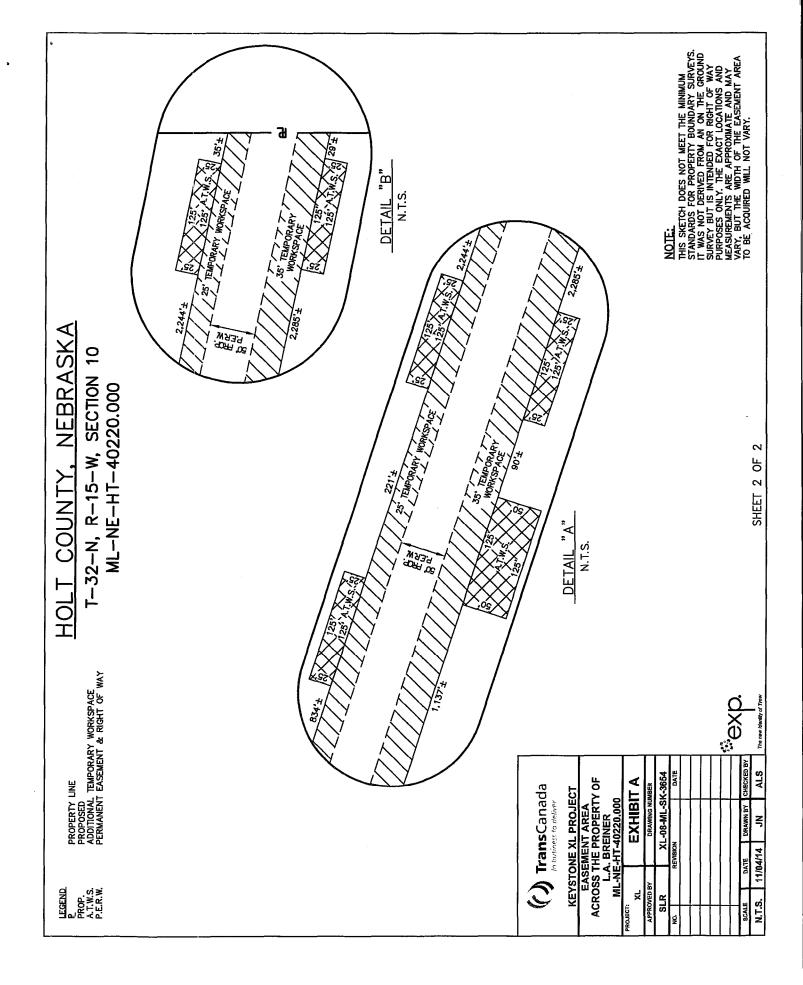
Notary Public Signature

Affix Seal Here









Attachment No. 4

### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

### PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

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law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

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26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

#### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

#### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862 Attachment No. 5

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

Tract No. : <u>ML-NE-HT-40220.000</u>

I/we L. A. Breiner and Sandra K. Breiner, of Holt County, in the State of Nebraska, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

Four thousand Five Hundred Fifteen Dollars and No Cents (\$4,515.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Holt, State of Nebraska:

#### N/2, SW/4, Part of SE/4

#### Section 10, Township 32N, Range 15W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I/we have hereunto set our hands on this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of

\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

Owner Signature

Owner Signature

Owner/Owner Representative Name

Owner/Owner Representative Name

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

Tract No. : ML-NE-HT-30110.000

I/we L.A. and Sandra K. Breiner, of Holt County, in the State of Nebraska, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

Two Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty Four Dollars and No Cents (\$2,964.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Holt, State of Nebraska:

#### Ali

#### Section 24, Township 32N, Range 15W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I/we have hereunto set our hands on this day of	y of
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, 2	0
Owner Signature	Owner Signature
Owner/Owner Representative Name	Owner/Owner Representative Name

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

#### Tract No. : ML-NE-HT-30100.000

I/we L.A. and Sandra K. Breiner, of Holt County, in the State of Nebraska, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

One Thousand Ninety Two Dollars and No Cents (\$1,092.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Holt, State of Nebraska:

#### **Irregular Tract**

#### Section 14, Township 32N, Range 15W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I/we have hereunto set our hands on this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of

\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

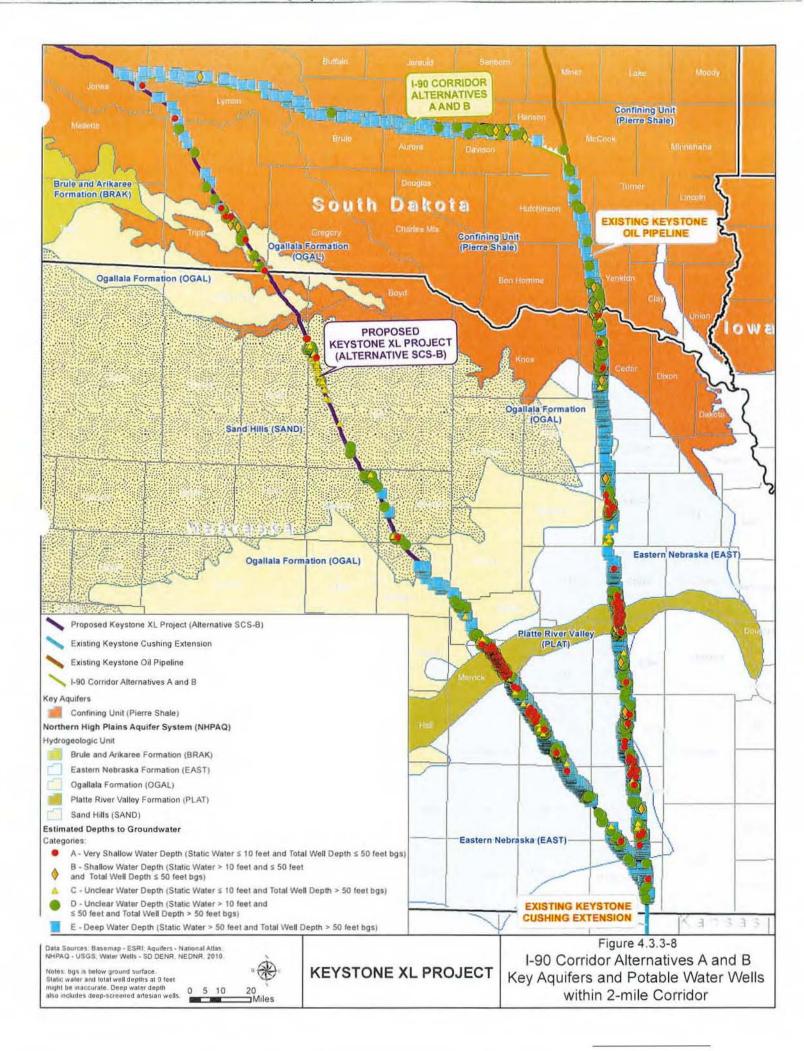
Owner Signature

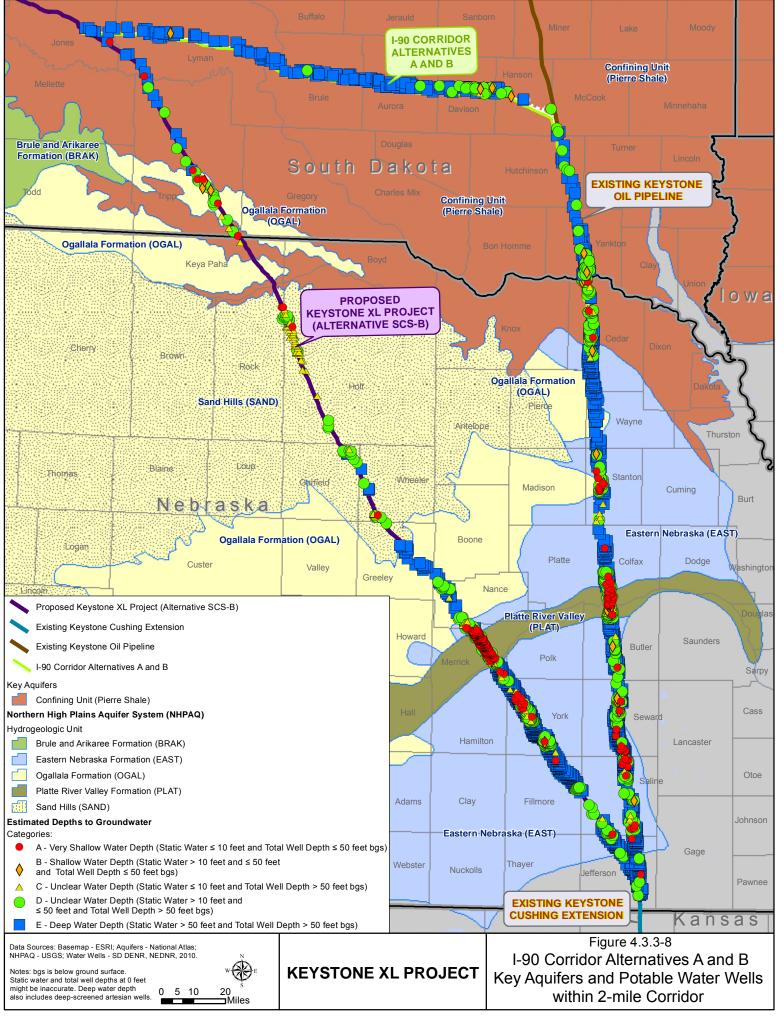
Owner Signature

Owner/Owner Representative Name

Owner/Owner Representative Name

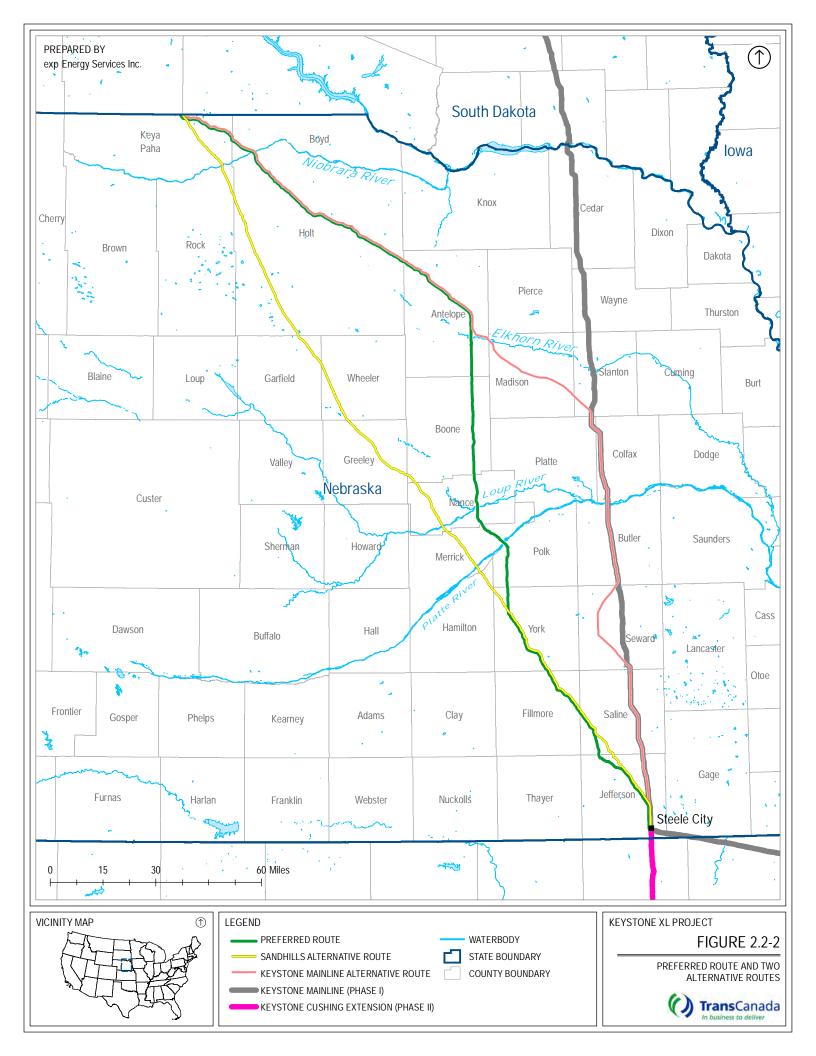
Attachment No. 6



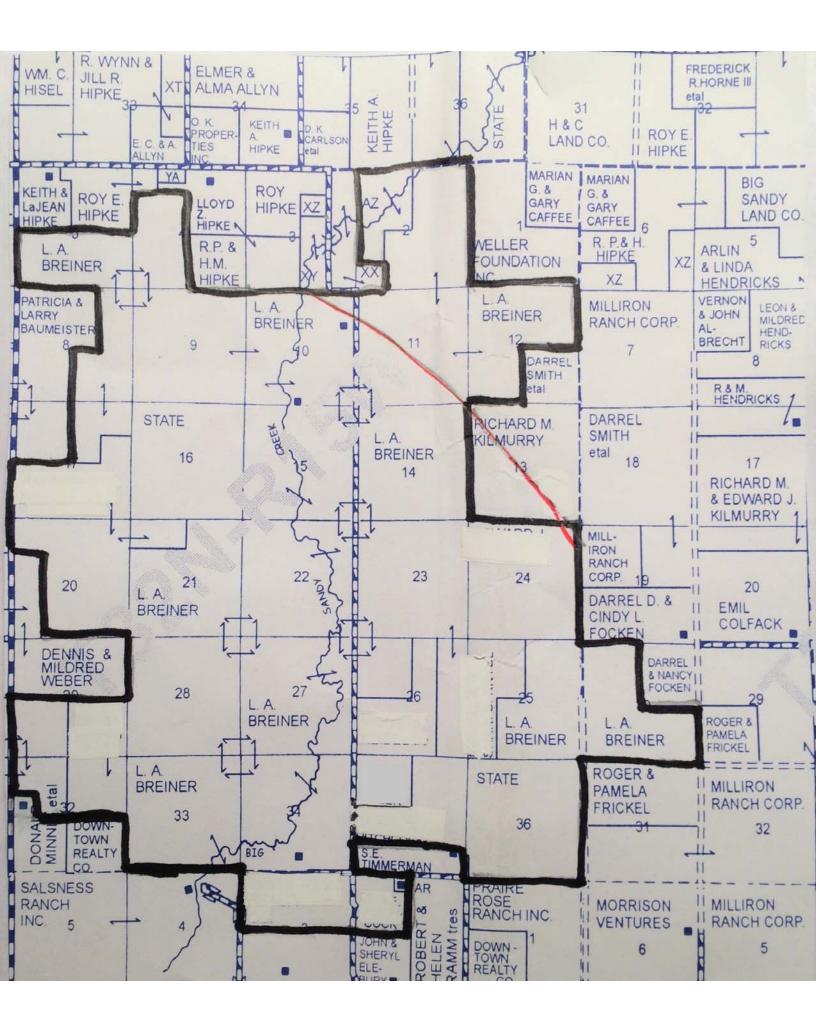


KXL002000

Attachment No. 7



Attachment No. 8



#### Before the Nebraska Public Service Commission

In the Matter of the Application

of

TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP for Route Approval of Keystone XL Pipeline Project, Pursuant to *Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act*  **Application No: OP-003** 

Direct Testimony of Sandra Breiner in Support of Landowner Intervenors

State of Nebraska	)
	) ss.
Holt County	)

- 1 Q: Please state your name.
- 2 A: My name is Sandra Breiner.
- Q: Are you an intervener in the Public Service Commission's proceedings
   regarding TransCanada's application for approval of its proposed Keystone
   XL tar sands pipeline across Nebraska?

6 A: Yes, I am.

Q: Do you own land in Nebraska, either directly or through an entity of which
you are an owner that could be affected by the proposed TransCanada
Keystone XL pipeline?

- 10 A: Yes, I do and it is located in Holt County.
- Q: Is Attachment No. 1 to this sworn statement copies of true and accurate aerial
   photo(s) of your land in question here with the area of the proposed KXL
   pipeline depicted?

14 A: Yes.

- 15 Q: If you are you married tell us your spouse's name please?
- 16 A: Lonnie "L.A." Breiner.

1 **Q**: Is Attachment No. 2 to this sworn statement a copy(ies) of picture(s) of you 2 and or your family?

3 A. Yes.

- 4 Do you earn any income from this land? **O**:
- 5 A: Yes.
- 6 7

**Q**: Have you depended on the income from your land to support your livelihood or the livelihood of your family?

8 A: Yes.

#### 9 **O**: Have you ever in the past or have you thought about in the future leasing all 10 or a portion of your land in question here?

- 11 A: Yes, I have thought of it and that concerns me. I am concerned that a prospective 12 tenant may try to negotiate a lower price for my land if it had the pipeline on it and 13 all the restrictions and risks and potential negative impacts to farming or ranching 14 operations as opposed to land that did not have those same risks. If I was looking 15 to lease or rent ground I would pay more for comparable non-pipeline land than I 16 would for comparable pipeline land and I think most folks would think the same 17 way. This is another negative economic impact that affects the landowner and the county and the state and will forever and ever should TransCanada's preferred or 18 19 mainline alternative routes be approved. If they were to twin or closely parallel to 20 Keystone I the vast majority of landowners would be those that already have a 21 pipeline so there would be considerable less new incremental negative impacts.
- 22 **O**:

#### Do you have similar concerns about selling the land?

- 23 A: Well I hope not to have to sell the land in my lifetime but times change and you 24 never know what is around the corner and yes I am concerned that if another piece 25 of ground similar to mine were for sale and it did not have the pipeline and mine 26 did that I would have a lower selling price. I think this would be true for pipeline 27 ground on both the preferred and mainline alternative routes.
- 28 **Q**: What is your intent with your land after you die?

1	A:	Like I said I hope not to have to sell and I hope that it stays in the family for years
2		to come but I have thought about getting out if this pipeline were to come through.
3	Q:	Are you aware that the preferred route of TransCanada's Keystone XL
4		Pipeline would cross the land described above and owned by you?
5	A:	Yes.
6	Q:	Were you or an entity for which you are a member, shareholder, or director
7		previously sued by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP?
8	A:	Yes, we were in 2015. TransCanada Keystone Pipeline LP sued us by filing a
9		petition for condemnation against our land so it could place its proposed pipeline
10		within an easement that it wanted to take from us on our land.
11	Q:	Did you defend yourself and your land in that condemnation action?
12	A:	Yes, we did. We hired lawyers to defend and protect us and we incurred legal fees
13		and expenses in our resistance of TransCanada's lawsuit against us.
14	Q:	Has TransCanada reimbursed you for any of your expenses or costs for fees
15		incurred?
16	A:	No, they have not.
17	Q:	In its lawsuit against you, did TransCanada identify the amount of your
18		property that it wanted to take for its proposed pipeline?
19	A:	The lawsuit against us stated they would take the amount of property that is
20		reasonably necessary to lay, relay, operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant
21		and equipment reasonably necessary to operate the pipeline.
22	Q:	Did TransCanada define what they meant by "property that is reasonably
23		necessary"?
24	A:	No, they did not.
25	Q:	Did TransCanada in its lawsuit against you, identify the eminent domain
26		property portion of your land?
27	A:	Yes, they did.
28	Q:	Did TransCanada describe what rights it proposed to take related to the
29		eminent domain property on your land?

1 A: Yes, they did.

#### 2 Q: What rights that they proposed to take did they describe?

3 A: TransCanada stated that the eminent domain property will be used to "lay, relay, 4 operate, and maintain the pipeline and the plant and equipment reasonably 5 necessary to operate the pipeline, specifically including surveying, laying, 6 constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, 7 reconstructing, removing and abandoning one pipeline, together with all fittings, 8 cathodic protection equipment, pipeline markers, and all their equipment and 9 appurtenances thereto, for the transportation of oil, natural gas, hydrocarbon, petroleum products, and all by-products thereof." 10

Q: Prior to filing an eminent domain lawsuit to take your land that
 TransCanada identified, do you believe they attempted to negotiate in good
 faith with you?

14 A: No, I do not.

15 Q: Did TransCanada at any time approach you with or deliver to you their
 16 proposed easement and right-of-way agreement?

17 A: Yes, they did.

Q: At the time you reviewed TransCanada's easement and right-of-way
agreement, did you understand that they would be purchasing a fee title
interest in your property or that they were taking something else?

A: I understood that they proposed to have the power to take both a temporary construction easement that could last for a certain period of time and then also a permanent easement which they described to be 50 feet across or in width, and that would run the entire portion of my property from where a proposed pipeline would enter my property until where it would exit the property.

Q: Is the document included with your testimony here as Attachment No. 3, a
 true and accurate copy of TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of Way agreement that they included with their condemnation lawsuit against
 you?

- 1 A: Yes, it is.
- Q: Have you had an opportunity to review TransCanada's proposed Easement
   and Right-of-Way agreement?

4 A: Yes, I have.

5 Q: What is your understanding of the significance of the Easement and Right-of6 Way agreement as proposed by TransCanada?

A: My understanding is that this is the document that will govern all of the rights and
obligations and duties as well as the limitations of what I can and cannot do and
how I and any future landowner and any person I invite to come onto my property
must behave as well as what TransCanada is and is not responsible for and how
they can use my land.

# Q: After reviewing TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way agreement do you have any concerns about any portions of it or any of the language either included in the document or missing from the proposed document?

- A: Yes, I have a number of significant concerns and worries about the document and
   how the language included and the language not included potentially negatively
   impacts my land and thereby potentially negatively impacts my community and
   my state.
- 20Q:I would like you to walk the Commissioners through each and every one of21your concerns about TransCanada's proposed Easement and Right-of-Way22agreement so they can develop an understanding of how that language and23the terms of that contract, in your opinion, potentially negatively impacts you24and your land. So, if you can start at the beginning of that document and25let's work our way through it, okay?
- A: Yes, I'll be happy to express my concerns about TransCanada's proposed
  Easement and Right-of-Way agreement and how it negatively could affect my
  property rights and my economic interests.
- 29 Q. Okay, let's start with your first concern please.

- A: The very first sentence talks about consideration or how much money they will pay to compensate me for all of the known and unknown affects and all of the rights I am giving up and for all the things they get to do to my land and for what they will prevent me from doing on my land and they only will pay me one time at the signing of the easement agreement. That is a huge problem.
- 6

6

#### **Q:** Explain to the Commissioners why that is a problem.

- 7 A: It is not fair to the landowner, the county, or the State. It is not fair to the 8 landowner because they want to have my land forever for use as they see fit so 9 they can make a daily profit from their customers. If I was to lease ground from 10 my neighbor I would typically pay twice a year every year as long as they granted 11 me the rights to use their land. That only makes sense – that is fair. If I was going 12 to rent a house in town I would typically pay monthly, every month until I gave up 13 my right to use that house. By TransCanada getting out on the cheap and paying 14 once in today's dollars that is monthly, bi-annual, or at least an annual loss in tax 15 revenue collection on the money I would be paid and then pay taxes on and 16 contribute to this state and this country. It is money I would be putting back into 17 my local community both spending and stimulating the local economy and 18 generating more economic activity right here. Instead TransCanada's shareholders 19 keep all that money and it never finds its way to Nebraska.
- 19 20

#### Q: What is your next concern?

21 A: The first paragraph goes on to say Grantor, which is me the landowner, "does 22 hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP, a 23 limited partnership..." and I have no idea who that really is. I have no idea who is 24 forcing this pipeline on us or who the owners of the entities are, or what are the 25 assets backing this limited partnership, or who the general partner is, or who all 26 the limited partners are, and who makes up the ownership of the these partners or 27 the structure or any of the basic things you would want to know and understand if 28 you would want to do business with such an outfit. According to TransCanada's 29 answer to our Interrogatory No. 28, as of the date I signed this testimony, a limited

liability company called TransCanada Keystone Pipeline GP, LLC is the general
 partner and it only owns 0.02 percent of TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP so
 basically nothing. That is really scary since the general partner has the liability but
 virtually none of the ownership and who knows if it has any other assets.

- 5 Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 6 percent clear on exactly who could become the owner of over 275 miles of 7 Nebraska land?
- 8 A: No.

# 9 Q: Do you think it is in the public interest of Nebraska to not be one-hundred 10 percent clear on exactly who will be operating and responsible for 11 approximately 275 miles of tar sands pipeline underneath and through 12 Nebraska land?

13 A: No.

## Q: Okay, let's continue please with your concerns of the impacts upon your land and the State of Nebraska of TransCanada's easement terms.

Yes, so the next sentence talks about "...its successors and assigns (hereinafter 16 A: 17 called "Grantee")..." and this concerns me because it would allow their easement to be transferred or sold to someone or some company or country or who knows 18 what that I don't know and who we may not want to do business with. This 19 20 pipeline would be a huge asset for TransCanada and if they can sell to the highest 21 bidder that could have terrible impacts upon all of Nebraska depending upon who 22 may buy it and I don't know of any safeguards in place for us or the State to veto 23 or have any say so in who may own, operate, or be responsible for this pipeline in 24 the future.

### Q: Do you think that type of uncertainty and lack of control over a major piece of infrastructure crossing our State is in the public interest?

27 A: No, certainly not, in fact, just the opposite.

28 Q: What's next?

A: Then it says "...a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way..." and this
really concerns me. Why does the easement and right-of-way have to be perpetual
and permanent? That is the question myself and my family want an answer to.
Perpetual to me is like forever and that doesn't make sense.

5 Q: Why doesn't a perpetual Easement and Right-of-Way make sense to you?

6 A: For many reasons but mostly because the tar sands are finite. I am unaware of any 7 data proving there is a perpetual supply of tar sands. I am not aware in 8 TransCanada's application where it proves there is a perpetual necessity for this 9 pipeline. My understanding of energy infrastructure like wind towers is they have 10 a decommission plan and actually take the towers down when they become 11 obsolete or no longer needed. Nothing manmade lasts forever. My land however 12 will, and I want my family or future Nebraska families to have that land as 13 undisturbed as possible and it is not in my interest or the public interest of 14 Nebraska to be forced to give up perpetual and permanent rights in the land for 15 this specific kind of pipeline project.

16

#### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

A: The easement language includes all these things TransCanada can do and it says
"...abandoning in place..." so they can just leave this pipeline under my ground
until the end of time just sitting there while they are not using it, but I am still
prevented from doing on my land and using my land what I would like. If I owned
a gas station I couldn't just leave my underground oil or fuel storage tanks sitting
there. It doesn't make sense and it scares me and it is not in my interest or the
public interest of Nebraska to allow this.

## Q: Now it looks like we are ready to go to the second page of the Easement is that right?

26 A: Yes.

#### 27 Q: So now on the second page of the Easement what are your concerns?

A: Here the Easement identifies a 24-month deadline to complete construction of the
pipeline but has caveats that are undefined and ambiguous. The 24-month period

starts to run from the moment "actual pipeline installation activities" begin on 1 2 Landowners property. It appears that TransCanada would define this phrase as 3 needed. It would be wise to explain what types of TransCanada action constitutes 4 "installation activity" For instance, would the placement and storage of an 5 excavator or other equipment on or near the Easement property be an activity or 6 would earth have to be moved before the activity requirement is triggered. This 7 vague phrase is likely to lead to future disputes and litigation that is not in the best 8 interest of the welfare of Nebraska and would not protect property interests. The 9 24-months can also be extended in the case of "force majeure." My understanding 10 is that force majeure is often used to insulate a party to a contract when events 11 occur that are completely out of their control. In TransCanada's easement this is expanded to include "without limitation...availability of labor and materials." 12 13 Extending this language to labor and materials is problematic because these are 14 two variables that TransCanada does have some or significant control over and to 15 allow extension of the 24-month period over events not truly out of the control of 16 TransCanada and without further provision for compensation for the Landowner is 17 not conducive to protection of property rights.

18

#### Q: Okay, what is your next concern?

19 A: Paragraphs 1.A. and 1.B. deal with the liabilities and responsibilities of 20 TransCanada and Landowner. In 1.A., the first sentence discusses "commercially 21 reasonable costs and expenses" will pay for damages caused but then limits 22 TransCanada's liability to certain circumstances. There is no definition of 23 "commercially reasonable" and no stated right that the Landowner would get to 24 determine the amounts of cost or expense that is "commercially reasonable." 25 TransCanada excepts out from their liability any damages that are caused by Landowner's negligence or the negligence of anyone ever acting on the behalf of 26 27 Landowner. It is understandable that if the Landowner were to willfully and 28 intentionally cause damages to the pipeline that Landowner should be liable. 29 However, anything short of willful misconduct should be the lability of 1 TransCanada who is subjecting the pipeline on the Landowner and who is making 2 a daily profit from that pipeline. When evaluating the impact on property rights of 3 this provision, you must consider the potentially extremely expensive fight a 4 Landowner would have over this question of whether or not damage was an act of 5 negligence. Putting this kind of potential liability upon the Landowner is 6 incredibly problematic and is detrimental to the protection of property rights. I 7 don't think this unilateral power which I can't do anything about as the landowner 8 is in the best economic interest of the land in question or the State of Nebraska for 9 landowners to be treated that way.

#### 10 **O**: 11

#### Is there any specific event or example you are aware of that makes this concern more real for you?

12 A: Yes, one need not look further than a November 3, 2015 lawsuit filed against 13 Nemaha County, Nebraska landowner farmers who accidently struck two 14 Magellan Midstream Partners, LP pipelines, one used to transport a mixture of 15 gasoline and jet fuel and a second used to transport diesel fuel. Magellan alleged 16 negligence and sued the Nebraska farmer for \$4,151,148.69. A true and accurate 17 copy of the Federal Court Complaint is here as Attachment No. 4.

18

#### **Q**: What is your next concern with the Easement language?

19 A: Paragraph 3 states that Landowner can farm on and otherwise use their property as they choose unless 1) any Landowner use interferes in any way with 20 21 TransCanada's exercise of any of its rights within the Easement, or 2) 22 TransCanada decides to take any action on the property it deems necessary to 23 prevent injury, endangerment or interference with anything TransCanada deems 24 necessary to do on the property. Landowner is also forbidden from excavating 25 without prior authorization by TransCanada. So my understanding is that TransCanada will unilaterally determine what Landowner can and can't do based 26 27 upon how TransCanada chooses to define the terms in paragraph 3. TransCanada 28 could also completely deny my request to excavate. Further, TransCanada retains 29 all "privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights" granted to

them in the Easement. Again, TransCanada unilaterally can decide to the 1 2 detriment of the property rights of Landowner what TransCanada believes is 3 necessary or convenient for it. And there is no option for any additional 4 compensation to landowner for any right exercised by TransCanada that leads to 5 the removal of trees or plants or vegetation or buildings or structures or facilities 6 owned by Landowner of any kind. Such undefined and unilateral restrictions and 7 rights without having to compensate Landowner for such further destruction or 8 losses are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

8 9

#### Q: What is the next concern you have?

10 A: The Easement also allows some rights for Landowner but restricts them at the 11 same time and again at the sole and unilateral decision making of TransCanada. 12 TransCanada will determine if the actions of Landowner might in anyway 13 endanger or obstruct or interfere with TransCanada's full use of the Easement or 14 any appurtenances thereon to the pipeline itself or to their access to the Easement 15 or within the Easement and TransCanada retains the right at any time, whether during growing season or not, to travel "within and along Easement Area on foot 16 or in vehicle or machinery..." Further at TransCanada's sole discretion it will 17 retain the rights to prevent any landowner activity that it thinks may "unreasonably 18 19 impair[ed] or interfe[ed] with" TransCanada's use of the Easement Area. Such 20 undefined and unilateral restrictions are not conducive to the protection of 21 property rights or economic interest.

#### 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: The Easement allows TransCanada sole discretion to burn or chip or bury under
Landowner's land any debris of any kind without any input or power of
Landowner to demand an alternative method or location of debris disposal. Such
unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive
to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

28 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

1 Again, undefined terms leave a lot of room for confusion. What does the phrase A: 2 "where rock is encountered" mean and why does TransCanada solely get to 3 determine whether or not this phrase is triggered. This phrase could be used to 4 justify installing the pipeline 24 inches beneath the surface. The ability to use this 5 provision to minimal locate the pipeline at a depth of 24 inches could negatively 6 affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights. 7 A shallow pipeline is much more likely to become a danger and liability in the 8 future given farming operations and buried irrigation lines and other factors 9 common to the current typical agricultural uses of the land in question impacted 10 by TransCanada's preferred pipeline route.

#### 11 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

12 A: There are more vague concepts solely at the determination of TransCanada such as 13 "as nearly as practicable" and "pre-construction position" and "extent reasonably possible." There is nothing here that defines this or provides a mechanism for 14 15 documenting or memorializing "pre-construction position" so as to minimize 16 costly legal battles or wasted Landowner time attempting to recreate the soil 17 condition on their fields or pasture. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect 18 Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or 19 economic interest.

#### 20 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada maintains the unilateral right to abandon the pipeline and all appurtenances thereto in place on, under, across, or through Nebraska land at any time it chooses. There is no provision for Landowner compensation for such abandonment nor any right for the Landowner to demand removal. Such unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interest.

#### 27 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

A: TransCanada has the power to unilaterally move or modify the location of any
Easement area whether permanent or temporary at their sole discretion.

1 Regardless, if Landowner has taken prior steps relative the their property in 2 preparation or planning of TransCanada's taking of the initial easement area(s), 3 the language here does not require TransCanada to compensate the Landowner if 4 they decide to move the easement anywhere on Landowners property. Such 5 unilateral powers would negatively affect Landowners property are not conducive 6 to the protection of property rights or economic interests.

7

#### Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

8 A: The Easement requires that all of the burdens and restrictions upon Landowner to 9 transfer and be applicable to any future owner of the Land in question without the 10 ability of the future Landowner to modify or negotiate any of the language in 11 question to which it will be held to comply.

#### 12 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

13 A: The Easement allows TransCanada to assign, transfer, or sell any part of the 14 Easement to any person, company, country, etc. at their sole discretion at any time 15 to anyone. This also means that any buyer of the easement could do the same to a 16 third buyer and so on forever. There is no change of control or sale provision in 17 place to protect the Landowner or Nebraska or to provide compensation for such 18 change of control or ownership. It is not conducive to the protection of property rights or economic interests to allow unilateral unrestricted sale of the Easement 19 20 thereby forcing upon the Landowner and our State a new unknown Easement 21 owner.

#### 22 Q: What is the next concern you have with the Easement language?

- A: There are many terms in the Easement that are either confusing or undefined terms
  that are without context as to whether or not the Landowner would have any say
  so in determining what these terms mean or if the evaluation is solely in
  TransCanada's control. Some of these vague undefined terms are as follows:
- 27 i. '

28

- i. "pipeline installation activities"
- ii. "availability of labor and materials"
- 29 iii. "commercially reasonable costs and expenses"

1	iv.	"reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses"
2	V.	"yield loss damages"
3	vi.	"diminution in the value of the property"
4	vii.	"substantially same condition"
5	viii.	"an actual or potential hazard"
6	ix.	"efficient"
7	Х.	"convenient"
8	xi.	"endangered"
9	xii.	"obstructed"
10	xiii.	"injured"
11	xiv.	"interfered with"
12	XV.	"impaired"
13	xvi.	"suitable crossings"
14	xvii.	"where rock is encountered"
15	xviii.	"as nearly as practicable"
16	xix.	"pre-construction position"
17	XX.	"pre-construction grade"
18	xxi.	"various engineering factors"
19	Each one of	these above terms and phrases as read in the context of the Easement
20	could be pro-	oblematic in many ways. Notably, undefined terms tend to only get
21	definition in	n further legal proceedings after a dispute arises and the way the
22	Easement is	drafted, TransCanada has sole power to determine when and if a
23	particular si	tuation conforms with or triggers rights affected by these terms. For
24	instance, "y	ield loss damages" should be specifically defined and spelled out
25	exactly how	the landowner is to be compensated and in what events on the front
26	end. I can't	afford to fight over this after the damage has occurred. Unfortunately,
27	the Landow	ner is without contractual rights to define these terms or determine
28	when rights	related to them trigger and what the affects may be.

- Q: Do you have any other concerns about the Easement language that you can
   think of at this time?
- A: I reserve the right to discuss any additional concerns that I think of at the time of
  my live testimony in August.

5 Q: Based upon what you have shared with the Commission above regarding 6 TransCanada's proposed Easement terms and agreement, do you believe 7 those to be reasonable or just, under the circumstances of the pipeline's 8 impact upon you and your land?

9 A: No, I do not believe those terms to be reasonable or just for the reasons that we10 discussed previously.

Q: Did TransCanada ever offer you financial compensation for the rights that
 they sought to obtain in your land, and for what they sought to prevent you
 and any future land owner of your property from doing in the future?

14 A: Yes, we received an offer from them.

Q: As the owner of the land in question and as the person who knows it better
 than anyone else, do you believe that TransCanada offered you just, or fair,
 compensation for all of what they proposed to take from you so that their tar
 sands pipeline could be located across your property?

- A: No, I do not. Not at any time has TransCanada, in my opinion, made a fair or just
  offer for all the potential impacts and effects and the rights that I'm giving up, and
  what we will be prevented from doing in the future and how their pipeline would
  impact my property for ever and ever.
- Q: Has TransCanada at any time offered to compensate you annually, such as
   wind farm projects do, for the existence of their potential tar sands pipeline
   across your property.
- 26 A: No, never.
- Q: At any time did TransCanada present you with or request that you, as the
   owner of the land in question, sign and execute a document called, "Advanced
   Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?"

1 A: Yes, they did and it was included in the County Court lawsuit against us.

## Q: Is Attachment No. 5, to your testimony here, a true and accurate copy of the "Advanced Release of Damage Claims and Indemnity Agreement?

4 A: Yes, it is.

#### 5 Q: What was your understanding of that document?

Did you ever sign that document?

A: When I read that document in the plain language of that document, it was my
understanding that TransCanada was attempting to pay me a very small amount at
that time in order for me to agree to give up my rights to be compensated from
them in the future related to any damage or impact they may have upon my
property "arising out of, in connection with, or alleged to resulted from
construction or surveying over, under or on" my land.

12 **Q:** 

13

A: No, I did not.

14 **Q:** Why not?

A; Because I do not believe that it is fair or just to try to get me to agree to a small
sum of money when I have no idea how bad the impacts or damages that they, or
their contractors, or subcontractors, or other agents or employees, may cause on
my land at any time in the future that resulted from the construction or surveying
or their activities upon my land.

#### 20 Q: When you reviewed this document, what did it make you feel?

A: I felt like it was simply another attempt for TransCanada to try to pay very little to
shield themselves against known and foreseeable impacts that their pipeline, and
the construction of it, would have upon my land. It made me feel that they knew it
was in their financial interest to pay me as little as possible to prevent me from
ever having the opportunity to seek fair compensation again, and that this must be
based upon their experience of unhappy landowners and situations in other places
where they have built pipelines.

1	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
2		thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
3		was in your best interest?
4	A:	No, they have not.
5	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you and specifically asked you if you
6		thought their proposed location of their proposed pipeline across your land
7		was in the public interest of the State of Nebraska?
8	A:	No, they have not.
9	Q:	Are you familiar with the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and the
10		Takings Clause?
11	A:	Yes, I am.
12	Q:	What is your understanding of the Fifth Amendment as it relates to taking of
13		an American citizens property?
14	A:	My understanding is that, according to the United States Constitution, that if the
15		government is going to take land for public use, then in that case, or by taking for
16		public use, it can only occur if the private land owner is compensated justly, or
17		fairly.
18	Q:	Has TransCanada ever contacted you specially to explain the way in which
19		the public could use its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline?
20	A:	No, they have not.
21	Q:	Can you think of any way in which the public, that is the citizens of the State
22		of Nebraska, can directly use the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL
23		Pipeline, as it dissects the State of Nebraska?
24	A:	No, I cannot. I cannot think of any way to use this pipeline. I do not see how the
25		public benefits from this pipeline in any way, how they can use it any way, or how
26		it's in the public interest in any way. By looking at the map, it is quite clear to me
27		that the only reason it's proposed to come through Nebraska, is that because we
28		are geographically in the way from between where the privately-owned Tar Sands

1	are located to where TransCanada wants to ship the Tar Sands to refineries in
2	Houston, Texas.

3 Q: Has TransCanada ever contacted you and asked you if you had any tar sands,
4 crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by-products that you would like to
5 ship in its pipeline?

6 A: No, it has not.

Q: Do you have any tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum byproducts that you, at this time or any time in the future, would desire to place
for transport within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

10 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you know anyone in the state of Nebraska who would be able to ship any
 Nebraska-based tar sands, crude petroleum, or oil and petroleum by products within the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

14 A: No, I do not. I've never heard of such a person or company like that.

Q: Do you pay property taxes for the land that would be affected and impacted
 at the proposed TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline?

17 A: Yes, I do.

18 Q: Why do you pay property taxes on that land?

- A: Because that is the law. The law requires us to pay the property taxes as the ownerof that property.
- Q: Because you follow the law and pay property taxes, do you believe you
   deserve any special consideration or treatment apart from any other person
   or company that pays property taxes?
- A: Well no, of course not. It's the law to pay property taxes if you own property. It's
  just what you do.
- Q: Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes entitles you to special
   treatment of any kind, or special rights of any kind?

28 A: No, of course not.

1	Q:	Do you believe the fact that you pay property taxes on your land would be
2		enough to qualify you to have the power of eminent domain to take land of
3		your neighbors or other people in your county, or other people across the
4		state of Nebraska?
5	A:	Well, of course not. Like I said, paying property taxes is the law, it's nothing that
6		I expect an award for or any type of special consideration.
7	Q:	Have you at any time ever employed any person other than yourself?
8	A:	Well, yes I have.
9	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you have, at some point in your life,
10		employed one or more other persons entitle you to any special treatment or
11		consideration above and beyond any other Nebraskan that has also employed
12		one or more persons?
13	A:	No, of course not.
14	Q:	Do you believe that the fact that you, as a Nebraska land owner and taxpayer
15		have at one point employed another person within this state, entitles you to
16		preferential treatment or consideration of any kind?
17	A:	No, of course not. If I choose to employ someone that decision is up to me. I
18		don't deserve any special treatment or consideration for that fact.
19	Q:	At the beginning of your statement, you briefly described your property that
20		would be impacted by the potential Keystone XL Pipeline. I would like you to
21		give the Commissioners a sense of specifically how you believe the proposed
22		Keystone XL Pipeline and its preferred route, which proposes to go across
23		your land, how it would in your opinion based on your knowledge,
24		experience, and background of your land, affect it. So please share with the
25		Commissioners the characteristics of your land that you believe is important
26		for them to understand, while they evaluate TransCanada's application for a
27		route for its proposed pipeline to cross Nebraska and across your land,
28		specifically.

A: Our farms with electric irrigation systems have schedules of on and off time to
irrigate so what will happen when the pipeline uses a lot of our electricity? Also
our roads are not good enough for the large trucks and heavy equipment needed to
put the pipeline in. all the extra people will also tax our law enforcement people.
We don't need more temporary jobs, which it won't provide anyway; we just need
someone who will work – every paper is full of help wanted ads.

## Q: Do you have any concerns TransCanada's fitness as an applicant for a major crude oil pipeline in its preferred location, or ultimate location across the state of Nebraska?

10 A: Yes, I have significant concerns. I am aware of landowners being treated unfairly 11 or even bullied around and being made to feel scared that they did not have any 12 options but to sign whatever papers TransCanada told them they had to. I am 13 aware of folks being threatened that their land would be taken if they didn't follow 14 what TransCanada was saying. I am aware of tactics to get people to sign 15 easements that I don't believe have any place in Nebraska or anywhere such as 16 TransCanada or some outfit associated with it hiring a pastor or priest to pray with 17 landowners and convince them they should sign TransCanada's easement agreements. I am aware of older folks and widows or widowers feeling they had 18 19 no choice but to sign TransCanada's Easement and they didn't know they could 20 fight or stand up for themselves. From a more practical standpoint, I am worried 21 that according to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 211, TransCanada only 22 owns and operates one (1) major oil pipeline. They simply do not have the 23 experience with this type of pipeline and that scares me. There are others but that 24 is what I can recollect at this time and if I remember more or my recollection is 25 refreshed I will share those with the Commissioners at the Hearing in August.

## 26 Q: Do you believe TransCanada's proposed method of compensation to you as a 27 landowner is reasonable or just?

A: No, I do not.

- 1Q:Do you have any concern about limitations that the construction of this2proposed pipeline across your affected land would prevent construction of3future structures upon the portion of your land affected by the proposed4easement and immediately surrounding areas?
- A: Well yes, of course I do. We would not be able to build many, if any, types of
  structures directly across or touching the easement, and it would be unwise and I
  would be uncomfortable to build anything near the easement for fear of being
  blamed in the future should any damage or difficulty result on my property in
  regards to the pipeline.

10 Q: Do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

11 A: Well yes, of course.

12 Q: How do you think such a restriction would impact you economically?

13 A: The future of this land may not be exactly how it's being used as of this moment, 14 and having the restrictions and limiting my ability to develop my land in certain 15 ways presents a huge negative economic impact on myself, my family, and any 16 potential future owner of the property. You have no idea how I or the future owner 17 may want to use this land in the future or the other land across Nebraska 18 potentially affected by the proposed Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. Fifty years 19 ago it would have been hard to imagine all the advances that we have now or how 20 things change. Because the Easement is forever and TransCanada gets the rights in 21 my land forever we have to think with a very long term view. By placing their 22 pipeline on under across and through my land that prevents future development 23 which greatly negatively impacts future taxes and tax revenue that could have 24 been generated by the County and State but now will not. When you look at the 25 short blip of economic activity that the two years of temporary construction efforts 26 may bring, that is far outweighed by the perpetual and forever loss of opportunity 27 and restrictions TransCanada is forcing upon us and Nebraska.

## 28 Q: Do you have any concerns about the environmental impact of the proposed 29 pipeline?

1 A: Yes, I do.

- 2 Q: What are some of those concerns?
- A: As an affected land owner and Nebraskan, I am concerned that any construction,
  operation, and/or maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have
  a detrimental impact upon the environment of my land specifically, as well as the
  lands near my land and surrounding the proposed pipeline route.

7

#### **Q:** Do you have any other environmental concerns?

8 A: Yes, of course I am concerned about potential breaches of the pipeline, failures in 9 construction and/or maintenance and operation. I am concerned about spills and 10 leaks that TransCanada has had in the past and will have in the future. This could 11 be catastrophic to my operations or others and to my county and the State.

## 12 Q: Do you have any thoughts regarding if there would be an impact upon the 13 natural resources on or near your property due to the proposed pipeline?

A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the
 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental impacts upon the natural
 resources of my land, and the lands near and surrounding the proposed pipeline
 route.

## 18 Q: Do you have any worries about potential impacts from the proposed pipeline 19 to the soil of your land, or land near you?

20 A: Yes, I believe that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of the 21 proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the soil of 22 land, as well as land along and surrounding the proposed pipeline route. This 23 includes, but is not limited to, the reasons that we discussed above of disturbing 24 the soil composition and makeup as it has naturally existed for thousands and 25 millions of years during the construction process, and any future maintenance or 26 removal process. I'm gravely concerned about the fertility and the loss of 27 economic ability of my property to grow the crops, or grow the grasses, or grow whatever it is at that time they exist on my property or that I may want to grow in 28 29 the future, or that a future owner may want to grow. The land will never be the

same from as it exists now undisturbed to after it is trenched up for the proposed
 pipeline.

## 3 Q: Do you have any concerns about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline 4 upon the groundwater over your land, or surrounding lands?

5 A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of 6 the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the 7 groundwater of not only under my land, but also near and surrounding the pipeline 8 route, and in fact, potentially the entire State of Nebraska. Water is life plain and 9 simple and it is simply too valuable to our State and the country to put at 10 unreasonable risk.

Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impact of the proposed pipeline
upon the surface water on, or near or around your land?

A: Yes, I have significant concerns that any construction, operation, and/or
maintenance of the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have detrimental
impact upon the surface water of not only within my property boundary, but along
and near and surrounding the pipeline route, and in fact, across the state of
Nebraska.

## Q: Do you have any concern about the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline upon the wildlife and plants, other than your growing crops on or near your land?

A: Yes, I'm very concerned that any construction, operation, and/or maintenance of
the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline would have a detrimental impact upon the
wildlife and the plants, not only that are located on or can be found upon my land,
but also near and along the proposed pipeline route.

## Q: Do you have any concerns about the effects of the proposed pipeline upon the fair market value of your land?

A: Yes, I do. I am significantly concerned about how the existence of the proposed
pipeline underneath and across and through my property will negatively affect the
fair market value at any point in the future, especially at that point in which I

1 would need to sell the property, or someone in my family would need to sell the 2 property. I do not believe, and certainly would not be willing to pay, the same 3 price for land that had the pipeline located on it, versus land that did not. I hope 4 there is never a point where I'm in a position where I have to sell and have to 5 realize as much value as I can out of my land. But because it is my single largest 6 asset, I'm gravely concerned that the existence of the proposed Keystone XL 7 Pipeline upon my land will affect a buyer's willingness to pay as much as they 8 would've paid and as much as I could've received, if the pipeline were not upon 9 my property. There are just too many risks, unknowns, impacts and uncertainties, 10 not to mention all of the rights you give up by the nature of having the pipeline 11 due to having the easement that we have previously discussed, for any reasonable 12 person to think that the existence of the pipeline would not negatively affect my 13 property's value.

### 14 Q: Have you ever seen the document that's marked as Attachment No. 6, to your 15 testimony?

16 A: Yes, I have.

17 Q: Where have you seen that before?

A: That is a map I think I first saw a couple years ago that shows the Keystone XL
 I-90 corridor alternate route of its proposed pipeline through Nebraska and I
 believe the portion of the alternative route in Nebraska essentially twins or
 parallels Keystone I.

Q: Do you believe that TransCanada's preferred route as found on page 5 of its
 Application, and as found on Attachment No. 7, here to your testimony, is in
 the public interest of Nebraska?

25 A: No, I do not.

Q: Do you believe that the Keystone mainline alternative route as shown on
Attachment No. 7 included with your testimony here is a major oil pipeline
route that is in the public interest of Nebraska?

A: No, I do not.

- Q: Do you believe the portion of the proposed pipeline within Nebraska as found
   in Attachment No. 6 to your testimony, is in the public interest of Nebraska?
   A: No, I do not.
- 4 Q: Do you believe there is any potential route for the proposed Keystone XL
  5 Pipeline across, within, under, or through the State of Nebraska that is in the
  6 public interest of the citizens of Nebraska?

7 A: No, I do not.

8 Q: Why do you hold that belief?

9 A: Because there simply is no public interest based on all of the factors that I am 10 aware and that I have read and that I have studied that this Commission is to 11 consider that would establish that a for-profit foreign-owned pipeline that simply 12 crosses Nebraska because we are geographically in the way between where tar 13 sands are in Canada to where it wants to ship it to in Texas could ever be in the 14 public interest of Nebraskans. We derive no benefit from this project. It is not for 15 public use. Nebraska is simply in the way and when all considerations are taken in 16 there is no net benefit of any kind for Nebraska should this project be placed in our 17 state. Even if there was some arguable "benefit" it is not enough to outweigh all 18 the negative impacts and concerns.

# Q: What do you think about the applicant, TransCanada's argument that it's preferred route for its proposed Keystone XL Pipeline is in the public interest of Nebraska because it may bring temporary jobs during the construction phase to Nebraska?

A: First of all, not all jobs are created equally. Most jobs that are created, whether
temporary or on a permanent basis, don't come with a project that has all the
potential and foreseeable negative impacts, many of which we have discussed here
and other witnesses throughout the course of this hearing have and will discuss. If
I decide to hire and employ someone to help me out in my farming or ranching
business, I've created a job but I haven't done so at the risk or detrimental impact
to my land or my town or my county or my state. And I've hired someone who is

1 working directly for me, a Nebraska landowner, citizen, taxpayer, to help produce 2 and grow a Nebraska product to be sold so that I can pay Nebraska taxes. So, all 3 jobs are not created equal. Additionally, I understand from what I'm familiar with 4 from TransCanada's own statements that the jobs numbers they originally touted were determined to be a minute fraction of the permanent jobs that had been 5 6 projected. According to their answer to our Interrogatory No. 191, TransCanada 7 has created only thirty-four (34) jobs within Nebraska working specifically on 8 behalf of TransCanada and according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 196, as 9 of May 5, 2017 they only employ one (1) temporary working within Nebraska. 10 Further, according to their answer to Interrogatory No. 199, TransCanada would 11 only employ six to ten (6 to 10) new individuals if the proposed Keystone XL was 12 constructed on its Preferred Route or its Mainline Alternative Route.

- 13 Q: Are you opposed to the preferred route of the proposed KXL Pipeline simply
  14 because it would cross your land?
- A: No, absolutely not. I am opposed to this project because it is not in the public
  interest, neither within my community nor within our state.

17 Q: Would you be happier if instead of crossing your land, this proposed pipeline
18 was to cross someone else's land?

A: No, absolutely not. I would get no joy in having a fellow citizen of my state have
the fear and anxiety and potential foreseeable risks and negative impacts that this
type of a project carrying this type of product brings foisted upon anyone in this
state or any other state.

Q: Do you think there is any intelligent route for the proposed Keystone XL
Pipeline to cross the state of Nebraska?

A: I don't believe there is an intelligent route because as I have stated I don't believe
this project anywhere within Nebraska is within the public interest. However, if
you are presenting a hypothetical that if this proposed KXL Pipeline absolutely
had to go somewhere in the state of Nebraska, the only intelligent route I believe
would be to twin or closely parallel the existing Keystone I Pipeline. Both the

preferred route and the mainline alternative routes are economic liabilities our
 state cannot risk.

3 Q: What do you rely upon to make that statement?

4 A: Well, the fact that a pipeline owned and operated by TransCanada, Keystone I, 5 already exists in that area is reason enough as it is not in our best interest or the 6 public interests to have more major oil pipelines crisscrossing our state. Second, 7 they have all the infrastructure already there in terms of relationships with the 8 counties and local officials and first responders along that route. Third, they have 9 already obtained easements from all the landowners along that route and have 10 relationships with them. Fourth, that route avoids our most sensitive soils, the 11 sandier lighter soils. Fifth, that route for all practical purposes avoids the Ogallala 12 Aquifer. Sixth, they have already studied that route and previously offered it as an 13 alternative. Seventh, it just makes the most sense that as a state we would have some intelligent policy of energy corridors and co-locating this type of 14 15 infrastructure near each other.

### Q: Do you have any other concerns you would like to reiterate or can think of at this time you would like the Commissioners to understand?

A: Yes. The pipeline still crosses the sand hills and the aquifer, which is Nebraska's greatest resource. Millions of people rely on this good water and it would be a great disaster if pollution occurred. The soil here is very sandy and once the top soil and ground cover is disturbed you never get it back to natural. It will blow and wash; we have fought blow-outs for years.

## Q: Have you fully expressed each and every opinion, concern, or fact you would like the Public Service Commissioners to consider in their review of TransCanada's Application?

A: No, I have not. I have shared that which I can think of as of the date I signed this document below but other things may come to me or my memory may be refreshed and I will add and address those things at the time of the Hearing in August and address any additional items at that time as is necessary. Additionally, I have not had an adequate amount of time to receive and review all of TransCanada's answers to our discovery and the discovery of others so it was impossible to competently and completely react to that in my testimony here and I reserve the right to also address anything related to discovery that has not yet concluded as of the date I signed this document below. Lastly, certain documents requested have not yet been produced by TransCanada and therefore I may have additional thoughts on those I will also share at the hearing as needed.

## 8 Q: Does Attachment No. 8 here contain other documents you are competent to 9 speak about that you wish to be part of your testimony and to discuss in more 10 detail as needed at the August 2017 Hearing?

11 A: Yes.

## Q: What is it that you are requesting the Public Service Commissioners do in regards to TransCanada's application for the proposed Keystone XL Pipeline across Nebraska?

15 A: I am respectfully and humbly requesting that the Commissioners think far beyond 16 a temporary job spike that this project may bring to a few counties and beyond the 17 relatively small amount of taxes this proposed foreign pipeline would possibly 18 generate. And, instead think about the perpetual and forever impacts of this pipeline as it would have on the landowners specifically, first and foremost, but 19 20 also thereby upon the entire state of Nebraska, and to determine that neither the 21 preferred route nor the Keystone mainline alternative route are in the public 22 interest of the citizens of the state of Nebraska. And if the Commissioners were 23 inclined to modify TransCanada's proposed routes and were to be inclined to grant 24 an application for a route in Nebraska, that the only potential route that would 25 make any intelligent sense whatsoever would be twinning or near paralleling of 26 the proposed KXL with the existing Keystone I pipeline. It simply does not make 27 sense to add yet another major oil pipeline crisscrossing our state creating new 28 pumping stations, creating new impacts on additional counties and communities 29 and going through all of the court processes with myself and other landowners like

1 me when this applicant already has relationships with the landowners, the towns 2 and the communities along Keystone I, and that Keystone I is firmly outside of the 3 sand hills and a significantly further portion away from the heart of the Ogallala 4 Aquifer than the preferred route or the Keystone mainline alternative route.

5 Q: Are all of your statements in your testimony provided above true and 6 accurate as of the date you signed this document to the best of your 7 knowledge?

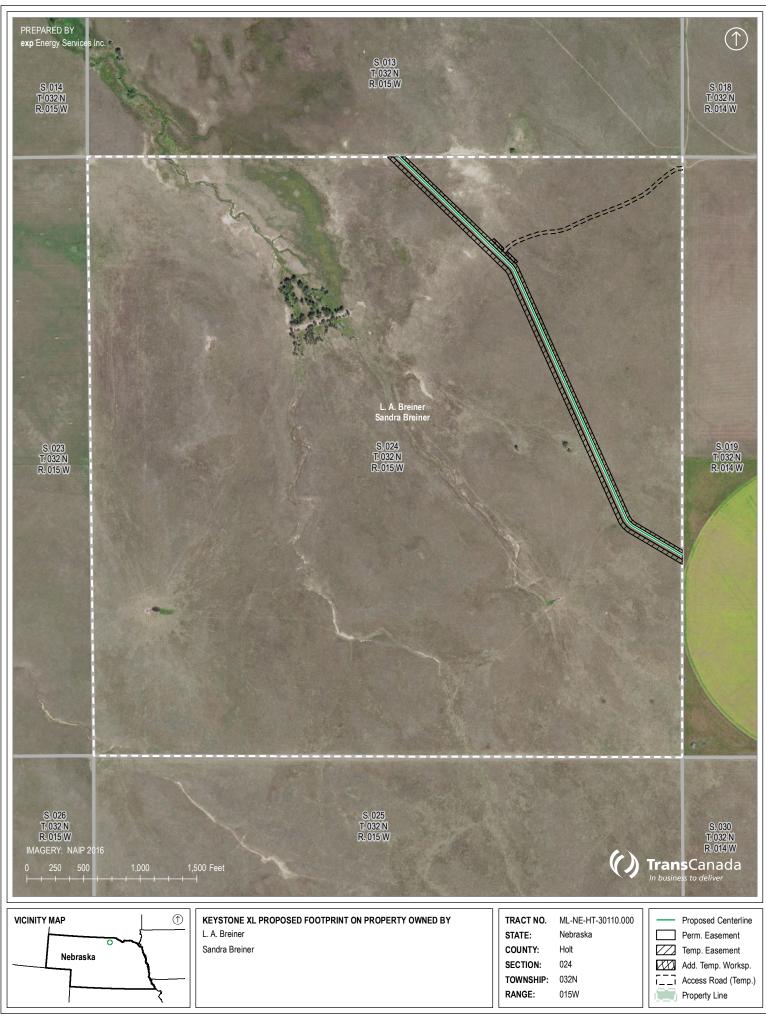
8 A: Yes, they are.

9 Q: Thank you, I have no further questions at this time and reserve the right to
10 ask you additional questions at the August 2017 Hearing.

Sandra Breiner

Subscribed and Sworn to me before this <u>30</u> day of <u>May</u>, 2017. Allar Notary Public GENERAL NOTARY - State of Nebraska BARBARA J. OHDE My Comm. Exp. March 17, 2019





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May 2017 -

PREPARED BY exp Energy Services Inc. S.004 T.032N R.015 W	S.003 T.032IN R.015W	
S.009 T. 032N R. 015 W	L. A. Breiner B. OTO B. DOS2N R. OTSWO	S.011 T.O.22N R.O15W
SE018 TE082IN IMREQUENTIALP 2016 0 250 500 1,000 1 1 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	S.015 T.032N R.015W 500 Feet	S.014 T.032N R.015W R.015W <b>TransCanada</b> In business to deliver
VICINITY MAP (1) Nebraska	KEYSTONE XL PROPOSED FOOTPRINT ON PROPERTY OWNED BY L. A. Breiner	TRACT NO.       ML-NE-HT-40220.000         STATE:       Nebraska         COUNTY:       Holt         SECTION:       010         TOWNSHIP:       032N         RANGE:       015W

# May 2017 - X:/Drawings/5038 8X KEYSTONE XL/9000\_9999/9358



Prepared by and after recording please return to: TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP 1106 Benjamin Avenue, Suite 600 Norfolk, NE 68701

(Above Space for Recorder's Use Only)

Tract No.: ML-NE-HT-30100.000 ML-NE-HT-30110.000 ML-NE-HT-40220.000

#### EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGREEMENT

For and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) paid in accordance with this Easement and Right-of-Way Agreement (this "**Agreement**"), the mutual promises of the parties herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged (collectively, the "**Consideration**") **L. A. Breiner and Sandra K. Breiner, husband and wife**, whose mailing address is 47224 889<sup>th</sup> Road, Stuart, NE 68780 (hereinafter called "**Grantor**") does hereby grant, sell, convey and warrant unto **TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP**, a limited partnership having its principal place of business at 13710 FNB Parkway, Suite 300, Omaha, Nebraska 68154, its successors and assigns (hereinafter called "**Grantee**"), a perpetual permanent easement and right-of-way (the "**Easement**") for the purposes of surveying, laying, constructing, inspecting, maintaining, operating, repairing, replacing, altering, reconstructing, removing and abandoning in place one (1) pipeline, not to exceed thirty-six inches (36") in nominal pipe diameter, together with all fittings, cathodic protection equipment, pipeline

Grantor's Initials\_\_\_\_\_

markers, and all other equipment and appurtenances thereto (it being expressly understood, however, that this Easement shall not give Grantee the right to construct or operate above-ground high voltage electrical transmission lines), for the transportation of crude petroleum, oil and petroleum by-products, on, under, across and/or through a strip of land 50 feet in width, as more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u>, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "**Easement Area**") located on real property situated in the County of Holt, State of Nebraska owned by Grantor and described as follows:

A tract of land containing 327.61 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Holt, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as All of Section 14, Township 32 North, Range 15 West of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 179, Page 195 in the Deed Records of Holt County, Nebraska.

Less and Except: An irregular tract of land located in Section 14, Township 32 North, Range 15 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> P.M., and Holt county, Nebraska, and more particularly described as follows : Beginning at the Southwest corner of said Section 14; thence N 88 59' 37" E (assumed bearing) on the South line of Section 14, a distance of 2363.46 feet; thence N 44 55' 46" W, a distance of 412.49 feet ; thence N 01 38' 36" E, a distance of 26.70 feet: thence N 44 17' 52" E, a distance of 395.70 feet to a non-tangential curve concave Westerly having a radius of 1449.62 feet; thence Northerly on said curve an arc distance of 2279.25 feet through an angle of 90 05' 14"; thence N 88 47' 12" E, a distance of 749.32 feet to a non-tangential curve concave Westerly having a radius of 1434.63 feet; thence Northerly on said curve an arc distance of 3371.96 feet through an angle of 134 40' 07" to the north line of said Section 14; thence S 88 54' 45" W, on said North line of Section14, a distance of 2166.37 feet; thence S 01 00' 39" E, a distance of1253.14 feet to a non-tangential curve concave Easterly having a radius of 1482.14 feet; thence Southerly on said curve an arc distance of 967.34 feet through an angle of 37 23' 42"; thence S 42 04' 17"E, a distance of 170.26 feet; thence N 89 49' 42" W, a distance of 511.66 feet; thence S 78 09' 16" W, a distance of 235,96 feet; thence S 63 51' 41" W, a distance of 365.24 feet; thence S 55 58' 59" W, a distance of 717.07 feet to the West line of said Section 14; thence S 00 57' 23" Eon said West line of Section 14, a distance of 2421.51 feet to the point of beginning, of which the West 33 feet is occupied by a public road, referred to as (Survey Tract B), as recorded in Book 199, Page 9.

A tract of land containing 507.52 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Holt, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as all of Section 10, Township 32 North, Range 15 West of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 179, Page 195 in the Deed Records of Holt County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

Less and Except: An irregular tract of land located in Section 10, T32N, R15W of the 6<sup>th</sup> P.M., Holt County, Nebraska, described as follows: Beginning at the Southeast corner of said Section 10, thence S89° 26' 00" W (assumed bearing) on the south line of said Section 10, a distance of 2377.73 feet; thence N 45° 23' 53" W, a distance of 161.16 feet; thence N 35° 58' 23" W, a distance of 256.12 feet; thence N 16° 37' 13" W, a distance of 182.11 feet; thence N 01° 47' 23" W, a distance of 1117.67 feet; thence N 33° 18' 07" E, a distance of 120.12 feet; thence N 54° 19' 00" E, a distance of 1018.88 feet; thence N 70° 22" 41" E, a distance of 239.64 feet; thence N 80° 02' 11" E, a distance of 104.08 feet; thence N 89° 18' 05" E, a distance of 185.48 feet to a non-tangential curve concave southerly having a radius of 2224.95 feet; thence on said curve an arc distance of 561.99 feet through an angle of 14° 28' 20"; thence S 68° 25' 19" E, a distance of 371.44 feet; thence S 57° 26' 08" E, a distance of 167.84 feet; thence S 54° 15' 09" E, a distance of 319.07 feet to the east line of said Section 10; thence S 00° 51' 47" E on said east line of Section 10, a distance of 1856.88 feet to the point of beginning, of which the east 33 feet is occupied by a public, as recorded in Book 199, Page 9.

A tract of land containing 640 acres, more or less, situated in the County of Holt, in the State of Nebraska, being further described as all of Section 24, Township 32 North, Range 15 West of the 6th P.M., as recorded in Book 202, Page 501 in the Deed Records of Holt County, Nebraska; less and except any conveyances heretofore made.

(the "**Property**"). In addition, during the original construction of the pipeline (including, without limitation, Grantee's reclamation, mitigation and/or restoration activities), but in no event longer than twenty-four (24) months from the date Grantee commences actual pipeline installation activities on the Property (the "**Initial Construction Period**"), the easement and right-of-way granted hereunder shall also include the area described under the headings "Temporary Work Space," "Temporary Access Easement" and "Additional Temporary Work Space" and are more particularly described in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto (the "**Temporary Work Space**"), provided, however, such time shall be extended for such period of time that Grantee is unable to exercise its rights hereunder due to force majeure. For purposes of this Agreement, "force majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of Grantee, including, without limitation, weather, soil conditions, government approvals, and availability of labor and materials.

The aforesaid Easement is granted subject to the following terms, stipulations and conditions which are hereby covenanted and agreed to by Grantor. By acceptance of any of the benefits hereunder, Grantee shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the covenants applicable to Grantee hereunder.

1. The liabilities and responsibilities of the Grantor and Grantee for claims for damages and losses relating to the Easement, the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space are described in the paragraphs below:

A. Grantee will pay all commercially reasonable costs and expenses that result from the Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, including but not limited to damages caused by petroleum leaks and spills and damages to Grantor's crops, pastures, drainage systems, produce, water wells, livestock, bridges, lanes, improvements, equipment, fences, structures or timber, except to the extent the damages are caused by the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantor acknowledges and agrees that Grantee has compensated Grantor, in advance, for the reasonably anticipated and foreseeable costs and expenses which may arise out of, are connected with, or relate in any way to Grantor's conveyance of the Easement and the proper installation, presence or operation of the pipeline upon the Property, including but not limited to, any and all tree, crop, plant, timber, harvest or yield loss damages, diminution in value of the Property, or any other reasonably foreseeable damages attributable to or arising from Grantee's proper execution of the initial construction, mitigation, and restoration activities within the Easement.

B. If claims or legal actions for damages arise from Grantee's, or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf, use of this Easement, Grantee will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantor harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

C. If claims or legal actions arise from the Grantor's, or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf, entry into, or use of the Easement Area or Temporary Work Space, Grantor will be responsible for those claims or legal actions, and will defend, indemnify and hold the Grantee harmless in this regard, except to the extent that those claims or legal actions result from the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Grantee or anyone acting on the Grantee's behalf.

Grantor's Initials

2. Grantee shall have the right to remove all fences from the Easement Area and the Temporary Work Space, as required for purposes of construction or repairs of Grantee's pipeline, and Grantee shall repair all such fences promptly upon completion of construction or repairs on Grantor's Property to substantially the same condition as such fences were in prior to removal by Grantee. Grantee further shall have the right to install access gates in any fences which cross the Easement Area. Grantee and its designated contractors, employees and invitees hereby agree to keep all access gates closed at all times when not in use to prevent the cattle, horses and/or other livestock located on the Property from straying.

Provided its use of the Property does not in any manner interfere with or prevent the exercise by 3. Grantee of its rights hereunder, or create an actual or potential hazard to the pipeline or its appurtenances, the undersigned Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, reserve all oil, gas and minerals on and under the Property and the right to farm, graze and otherwise fully use and enjoy the Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall have the right hereafter to cut, keep clear and remove all trees, brush, shrubbery, undergrowth, buildings, engineering works, structures and other obstructions or facilities, without additional compensation, in the Easement Area being conveyed that are deemed by Grantee to injure, endanger or interfere in any manner with the proper and efficient construction, operation, use, inspection, maintenance or repair of said pipeline, or fittings, cathodic protection equipment and other appurtenances thereto; and, provided, further, that Grantor shall not excavate or otherwise alter the ground elevation from such ground elevation that existed at the time construction is completed, construct any dam or otherwise create a water impoundment within or over the Easement Area without prior authorization of Grantee. Grantee shall have all privileges necessary or convenient for the full use of the rights herein granted, together with reasonable ingress and egress over and across that part of the Property located adjacent to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, provided, however, except in case of emergency, Grantee agrees that to the extent existing public roads, public rights-of-way, the Temporary Access Easements (if any) or other easements in favor of Grantee provide reasonable access to the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space, Grantee shall use such existing roads, rights-of-way, and easements for ingress and egress.

4. Grantor shall, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to Grantee, further have the right to construct, maintain, repair, and operate above ground fences, roads, streets, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage pipes across the Easement Area at an angle of not less than forty-five (45) degrees to the Grantee's pipeline; provided, however, Grantor shall exercise said rights in such a manner so that (i) the Grantee's pipeline or its appurtenances located within the Easement Area shall not be endangered, obstructed, injured or interfered with; (ii) Grantee's access to the Easement Area, the Grantee's pipeline and its other appurtenances located thereon are not interfered with; (iii) Grantee shall not be prevented from traveling within and along Easement Area on foot or in vehicle or machinery; (iv) Grantee's pipeline is left with the amount of cover originally installed to allow safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline; (v) the Grantee's pipeline is left with proper and sufficient and permanent lateral support; and (vi) Grantee's use of the Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein is not unreasonably impaired or interfered with.

5. During the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall also provide suitable crossings on, over and across the Easement Area so as to afford Grantor reasonable access over and across and the Easement Area in accordance with Grantor's customary use of the Property.

6. Grantee shall dispose of all brush and debris, if any, cleared from the Easement Area by burning, chipping, and/or burying, which method of disposal shall be selected by Grantee in Grantee's sole discretion.

7. Grantee shall install the Grantee's pipeline to a minimum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below current grade level and any then existing drainage ditches, creeks and roads, except at those locations where rock is encountered, the pipeline may be installed with a minimum depth of twenty-four inches (24"). Such depth shall be measured from the top of the pipe to the surface of the ground.

8. In areas of cropland, Grantee agrees to cause the topsoil to be removed from the trench to a depth of twelve inches (12") or the topsoil depth, whichever is less, and return, as nearly as practicable, said topsoil to its original, pre-construction position relative to the subsoil.

Grantor's Initials

9. Prior to the conclusion of the Initial Construction Period, Grantee shall grade and slope the Easement Area and Temporary Work Space in order to restore the same to its pre-construction grade to the extent reasonably possible and to the extent such grade does not interfere with the maintenance and/or safe operation of the Grantee's pipeline.

10. Grantee shall maintain the Easement Area (and the Temporary Work Space during the Initial Construction Period) by keeping it clear of all litter and trash during periods when Grantee and its employees, agents, or contractors are on the Property.

11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, except as otherwise required by applicable laws, regulations or industry standards, Grantee shall not install or maintain any permanent above-ground structures of any kind on or within the Easement Area other than pipeline markers (which markers may be required to be placed along the Easement Area by applicable Department of Transportation Code regulations and other applicable statutes and regulations of governmental authorities) and cathodic protection equipment. After the Initial Construction Period expires, no pipelines, above-ground structures, installations, equipment or apparatus of any kind will be on or within the Temporary Work Space.

12. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the Easement Area in whole or in part, Grantee may, at its sole election, either leave the improvements in place or remove them. In the event Grantee elects to remove the improvements, Grantee shall restore the Easement Area, as nearly as is practicable, to its condition prior to removal. In the event Grantee elects to abandon the improvements in place, Grantee shall comply with all then applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations relating to such abandonment.

Grantor acknowledges and agrees that the information set forth at Exhibit A hereto, including, 13. without limitation, the location and area of the proposed Easement Area depicted, is approximate and preliminary and is based upon publicly available information, calculations, measurements and estimates without the benefit of site-specific on the ground investigation, inspection or survey; Grantor further acknowledges and agrees that Grantee shall have the right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space within the Property as a result of, among other things, site investigation, inspections or surveys, various engineering factors or to correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. In the event such a modification is required by Grantee, Grantee may modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" referring to this instrument and setting forth the modified legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space, which description may be set forth by map attached to said Notice. A copy of the Notice shall be delivered to the Grantor. Without limiting Grantee's right to modify the location of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space by recording a "Notice of Location" as aforesaid, Grantor agrees to execute and deliver to Grantee any additional documents Grantee may request to modify or correct the legal description of the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space to conform with the actual location of the required Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space. If such documents are required, they will be prepared by Grantee at its expense. Grantor shall receive additional reasonable compensation only if the acreage within the Easement Area and/or Temporary Work Space increases as a result of the changed location.

14. Grantee shall comply in all material respects, at Grantee's sole cost, with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations which are applicable to Grantee's activities hereunder, including, without limitation, the construction, use, operation, maintenance, repair and service of the Grantee's pipeline. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs that are necessitated, caused by, or are the result of any act or omission of negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct by the Grantor or anyone acting on the Grantor's behalf.

15. All notices under this Agreement shall be in writing, addressed to the addresses first set forth above and be delivered by certified mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested, next business day delivery via a reputable national courier service, regular United States mail, facsimile, e-mail or hand delivery. A party may change its address for notice by giving notice of such change to the other party.

Grantor's Initials

16. The undersigned hereby bind themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, to this Agreement unto Grantee, its successors and assigns. The Easement granted hereby shall create a covenant and burden upon the Property and running therewith.

17. It is agreed that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties and that no other agreements have been made modifying, adding to or changing the terms of the same. This Agreement shall not be abrogated, modified, rescinded or amended in whole or in part without the consent of Grantor and Grantee, in writing and executed by each of them, and duly recorded in the appropriate real property records.

18. The rights granted hereby to Grantee may be assigned by Grantee in whole or in part, in Grantee's sole discretion.

19. The terms, stipulations, and conditions of this Easement are subject to all applicable laws, regulations, and permit conditions.

20. This Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State in which the Easement Area is situated.

21. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes; provided, however, that all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has executed this Agreement as of the \_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_\_.

GRANTOR(S):

L. A. Breiner

Sandra K. Breiner

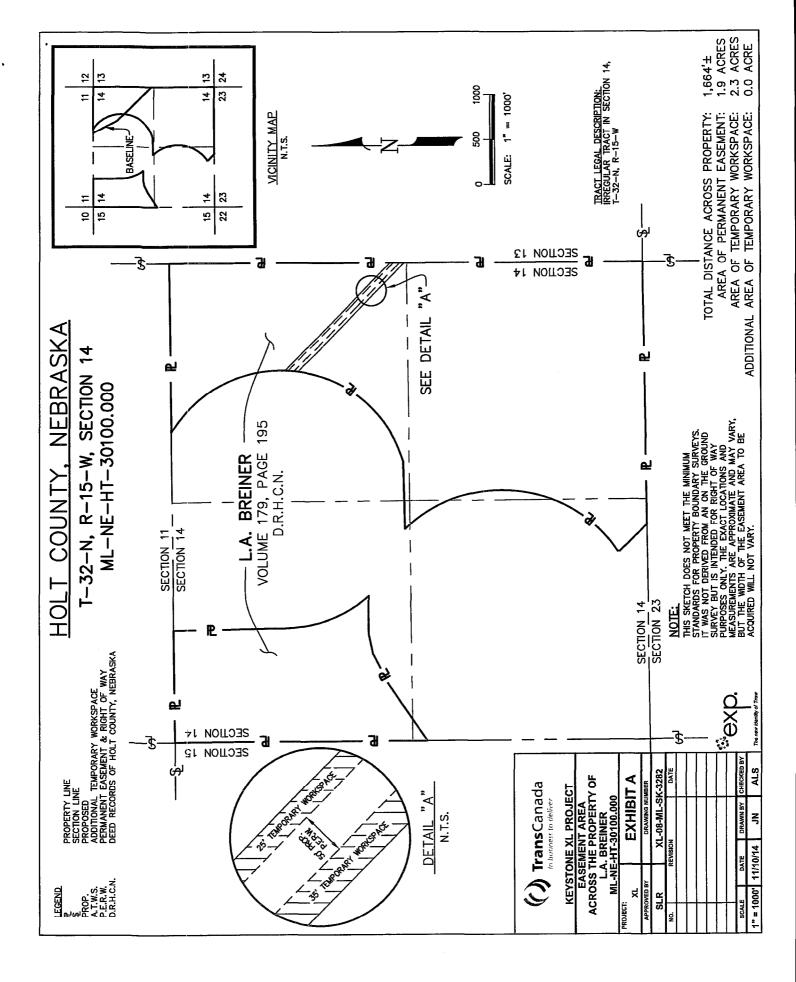
#### [ACKNOWLEDGMENTS APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

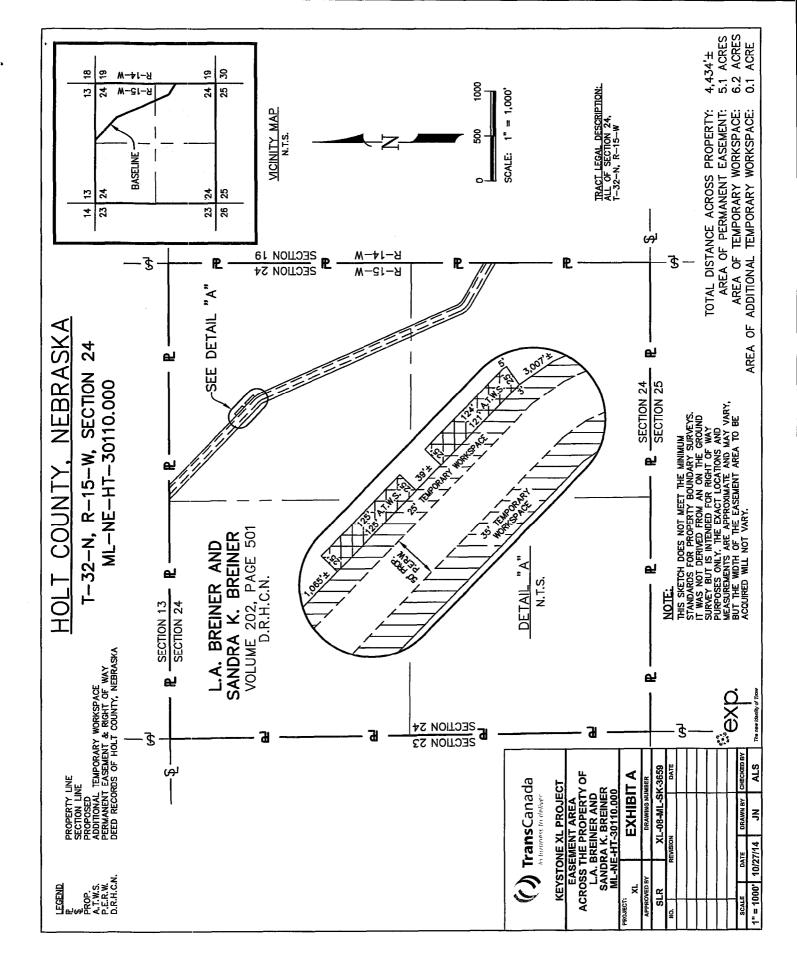
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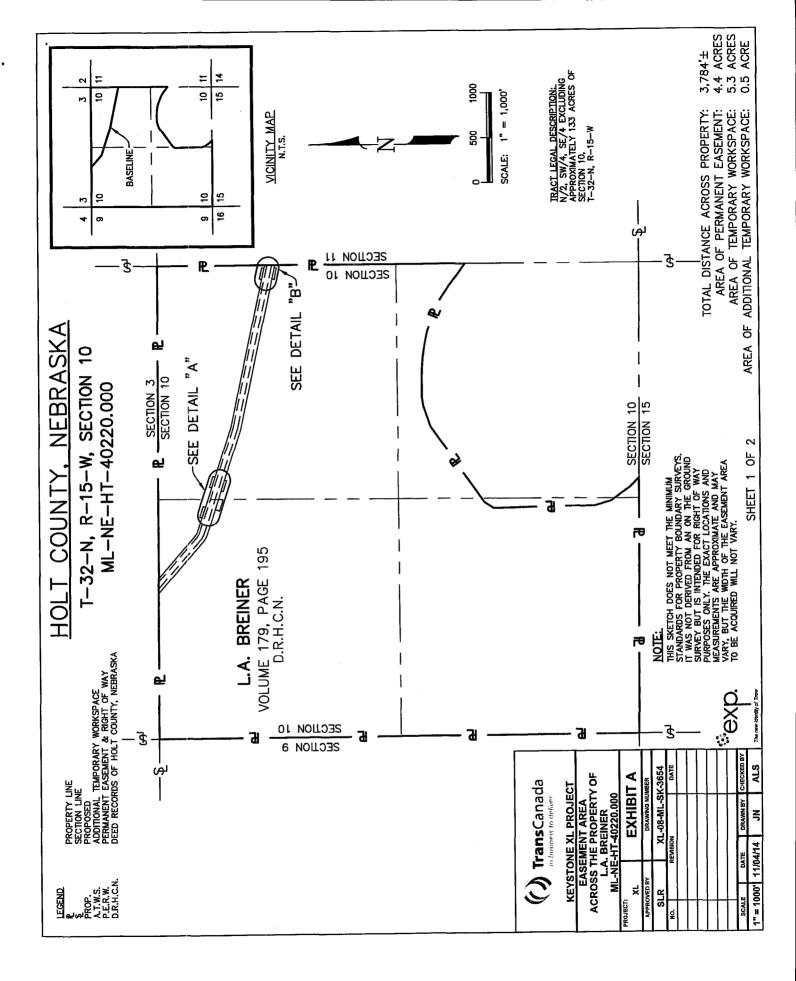
STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_ The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_ By L. A. Breiner Notary Public Signature Affix Seal Here STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_ The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_ By Sandra K. Breiner

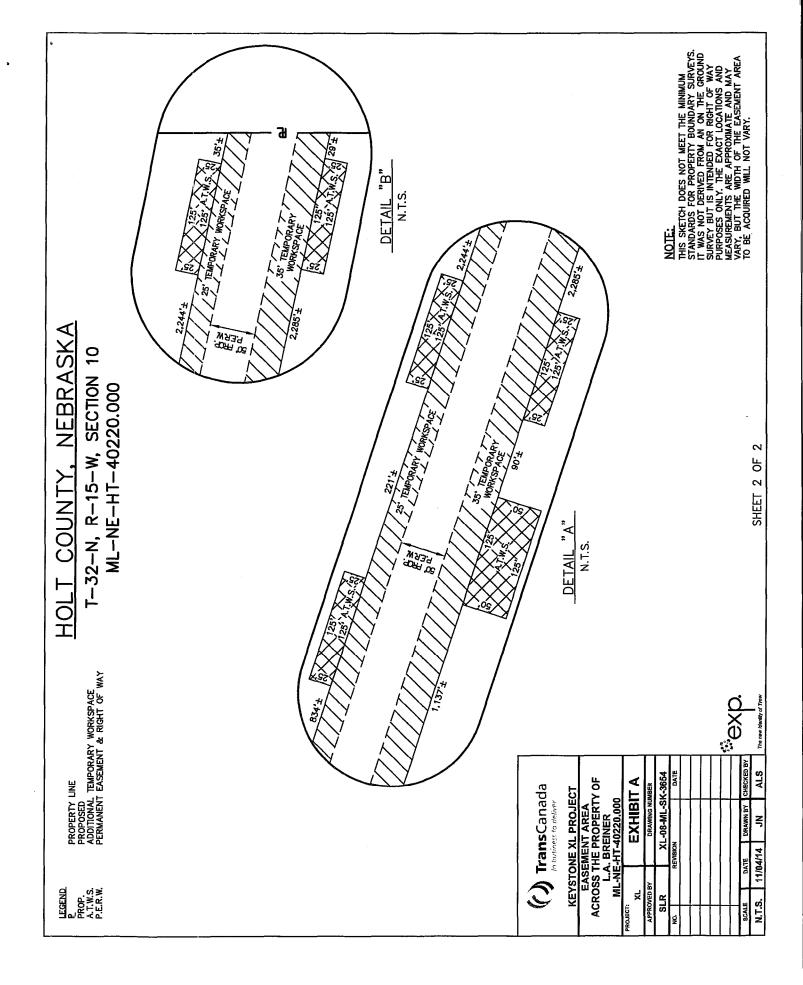
Notary Public Signature

Affix Seal Here









#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 1 of 5 - Page ID # 1

#### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE	)	CASE NO
COMPANY, a New York Corporation,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	COMPLAINT
V.	)	
	)	
RICHARD ANDREW, JANE ANDREW,	)	
LUKE ANDREW, and BRYCE ANDREW,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Plaintiff"), a New York Corporation, and for its causes of action against Defendants, states and alleges as follows:

#### PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with its principle place of business located at 1400 American Lane, Schaumburg, Illinois.

- 2. Defendant, Richard Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 3. Defendant, Jane Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 4. Defendant, Luke Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.
- 5. Defendant, Bryce Andrew, is a citizen of the State of Nebraska.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because Defendants reside in this district, and a substantial portion of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this district.

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and because diversity of citizenship exists with respect to Plaintiff and all Defendants.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. At all times material to this action, Defendants were agents of each other and were acting within the course and scope of their agency relationships, and the negligence of any Defendant is imputed to all Defendants.

9. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a joint venture and were acting within the course and scope of the joint venture at the time of the event described below.

10. At all times material to this action, Defendants were engaged in a partnership, were carrying on a business for profit, shared profits of the business, and were acting within the course and scope of the partnership at the time of the event described below.

11. At all relevant times, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were the lessees of property located in the East ½ of the Southwest ¼, Section 15, Township 4, Range 15 (the "Property"), Nemaha County, Nebraska, and were engaged in commercial farming operations for the benefit of all named Defendants in this action.

12. On or about December 10, 2011, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew were engaged in excavation activities on the Property, including the clearing of various vegetation near the northernmost property line of the Property.

13. The excavation was in the area of two pipelines owned and operated by Magellan Midstream Partners, LP ("Magellan"), including a 12" pipeline used to transport a mixture of gasoline and jet fuel as well as an 8" pipeline ("the Pipelines") used to transport diesel fuel.

14. At all times relevant to this action, Magellan owned a right-of-way and easement on the Property in the areas where the pipelines ran and Defendants had actual and constructive knowledge of the right-of-way and easement.

15. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the pipelines on the Property and had notice that Magellan owned and operated such pipelines.

16. On or about December 10, 2011, while engaged in excavation activities, Defendants Luke Andrew and Bryce Andrew struck the pipeline, causing the release of approximately 2,167 barrels of mixed gasoline and jet fuel from the 12" pipeline and approximately 643 barrels of diesel fuel from the 8" pipeline onto the Property (The line strikes will hereinafter be referred to as "the Release").

17. As a result of the line strikes and release, Magellan was required by state and federal

#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 3 of 5 - Page ID # 3

law to engage in cleanup and remediation activities related to the Release.

18. At the time of the Release, Magellan was the named insured on a policy of insurance, Policy No. EPC 669256201 ("the Policy"), issued by Plaintiff.

19. Plaintiff has made payment on behalf of Magellan under the Policy and has a contractual and equitable right of subrogation and is subrogated to Magellan's rights of recovery against Defendants for amounts paid on its behalf.

#### FIRST CLAIM: NEGLIGENCE

20. Paragraphs 1-20 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

21. Defendants owed a duty to perform their work on the Property and within the rightof-way and easement owned and operated by Magellan in a reasonable manner, to use reasonable care in constructing improvements on the Property, to comply with the statutory requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. § 76-2301 et seq., the One Call Notification System ("OCNS"), and to protect the Pipelines on the Property from damage during Defendants' work on the Property.

22. Defendants negligently struck the Pipelines while performing excavation work on the Property.

- 23. Defendants were negligent in the following particulars:
  - a. Defendants failed to perform their work on the Property within the right-of-way and easement in a reasonable manner;
  - b. Defendants failed to use reasonable care in their work on the Property and the Pipelines' right-of-way and easement;
  - c. Defendants failed to comply with the statutory requirements of the OCNS;
  - d. Defendants failed to notify Magellan of Defendants' intent to excavate on December 10, 2011 in and over the right-of-way and easement on the Property;
  - e. Defendants failed to give Magellan the opportunity to exercise its rights under the OCNS.

24. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

25. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

#### 8:15-cv-00403 Doc # 1 Filed: 11/03/15 Page 4 of 5 - Page ID # 4

26. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its first claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69 for Defendants' negligent strike of the Pipelines.

#### SECOND CLAIM: TRESPASS

27. Paragraphs 1-29 of this Complaint are incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

28. Magellan owned and occupied a valid right-of-way and easement in and to the area of the Property where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

29. Defendants physically invaded Magellan's rights within and to the right-of-way and easement where the Pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

30. Defendants had no right, lawful authority, or express or implied invitation, permission, or license to enter upon and disturb Magellan's rights and interests in and to the right-of-way and easement where Magellan's pipelines were located at the time of the Release.

31. Magellan's interest in and to the right-of-way and easement of the Pipelines were injured during the course of Defendants' trespass.

32. As a result of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiff has paid \$3,044,255.19 on behalf of Magellan related to clean up, remediation, and other damages caused by the Release.

33. Clean up, remediation, and other damages are ongoing and Plaintiff continues to incur costs related to the same, with estimated future damages totaling \$1,106,893.50.

34. Plaintiff prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants and award Plaintiff's damages on its second claim in an amount in excess of \$4,151,148.69.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff hereby prays for a judgment of this Court in its favor and against Defendants for its damages in an amount to be proven at trial, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, its costs incurred in prosecuting this action, and such other reasonable sums as this Court deems just and equitable.

#### JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38 and Local Rule 40.1(b) demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in Omaha, Nebraska.

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff,

By: /s/ Albert M. Engles ENGLES, KETCHAM, OLSON, & KEITH, P.C. 1350 Woodmen Tower 1700 Farnam Street Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (402) 348-0900 (402) 348-0904 (Facsimile) Albert M. Engles, #11194 Dan H. Ketcham, #18930 Michael L. Moran, #24042 James C. Boesen, #24862

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

Tract No. : <u>ML-NE-HT-40220.000</u>

I/we L. A. Breiner and Sandra K. Breiner, of Holt County, in the State of Nebraska, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

Four thousand Five Hundred Fifteen Dollars and No Cents (\$4,515.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Holt, State of Nebraska:

#### N/2, SW/4, Part of SE/4

#### Section 10, Township 32N, Range 15W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I/we have hereunto set our hands on this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of

\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

Owner Signature

Owner Signature

Owner/Owner Representative Name

Owner/Owner Representative Name

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

Tract No. : ML-NE-HT-30110.000

I/we L.A. and Sandra K. Breiner, of Holt County, in the State of Nebraska, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

Two Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty Four Dollars and No Cents (\$2,964.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Holt, State of Nebraska:

#### Ali

#### Section 24, Township 32N, Range 15W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I/we have hereunto set our hands on this day of	y of
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Owner Signature	Owner Signature
Owner/Owner Representative Name	Owner/Owner Representative Name

#### TRANSCANADA KEYSTONE PIPELINE, LP

#### ADVANCE RELEASE OF DAMAGE CLAIMS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

#### Tract No. : ML-NE-HT-30100.000

I/we L.A. and Sandra K. Breiner, of Holt County, in the State of Nebraska, (hereinafter "Grantor") acknowledge receipt of:

One Thousand Ninety Two Dollars and No Cents (\$1,092.00), now paid to Grantor by TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, LP (hereinafter "Company"), in full payment and settlement, in advance, for all damages listed on the Advance Damages Computation Form attached hereto as Appendix A. In consideration of said advance payment, Grantor and Grantor's heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, do hereby release and forever discharge Company from any and all causes of action, suits, debts, claims, expenses, general damages, interest, costs and demands whatsoever, at law and in equity, against Company, which Grantor ever had, has now, or which Grantor's insurers, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns hereafter can, shall or may have in the future, relating to all damage items listed on Appendix A, arising out of, in connection with, or resulting or alleged to have resulted from construction or surveying over, under or on the following lands (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lands"):

Situated in the County of Holt, State of Nebraska:

#### **Irregular Tract**

#### Section 14, Township 32N, Range 15W

Grantor understands and agrees that payment of such consideration is not deemed to be an admission of liability on the part of Company. Grantor agrees to accept said advance payment on behalf of Grantor and Grantor's tenants, if any, and to take full responsibility for compensating any and all of Grantor's tenants for any damage or loss that is owed to said tenants as a result of Company's use of any pipeline easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands. Grantor will indemnify, defend, and hold Company and the Company's officers, agents, and employees harmless from any claim asserted by Grantor's tenants, tenants' successors-in-interest, or tenants' heirs for compensation, restitution, crop loss, consideration, or damage of any kind that Grantor's tenants may be lawfully entitled to as a result of Company's construction or surveying activity within any easement acquired by Company from Grantor on the Lands.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I/we have hereunto set our hands on this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of

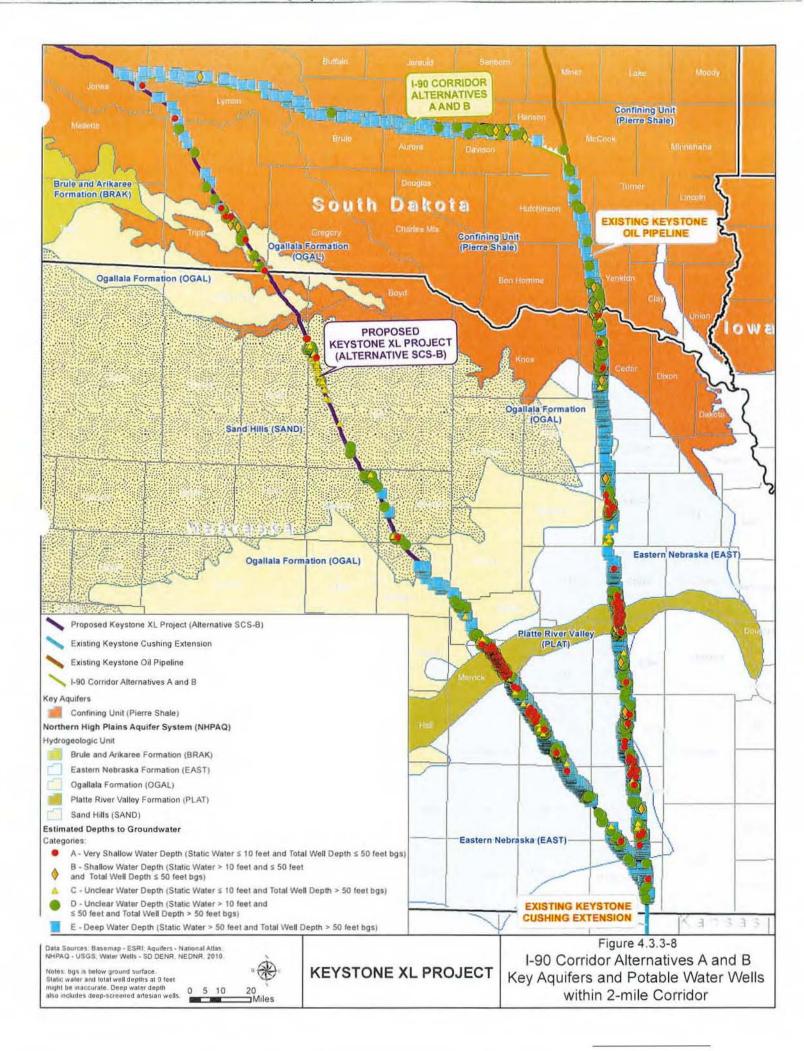
\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

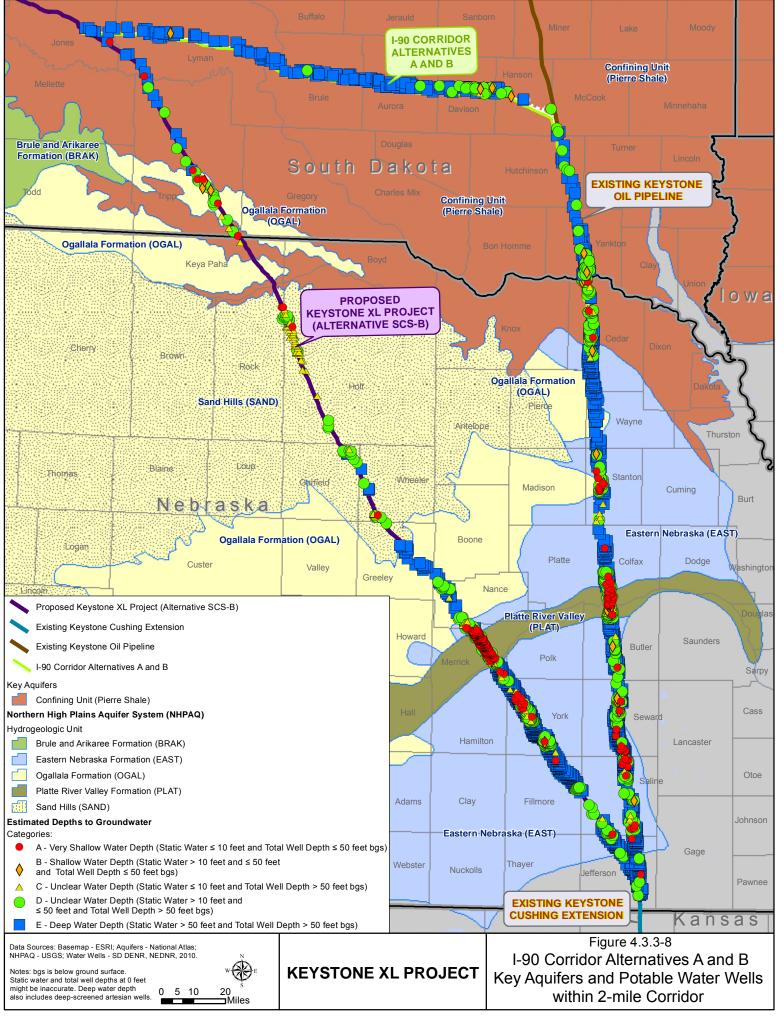
Owner Signature

Owner Signature

Owner/Owner Representative Name

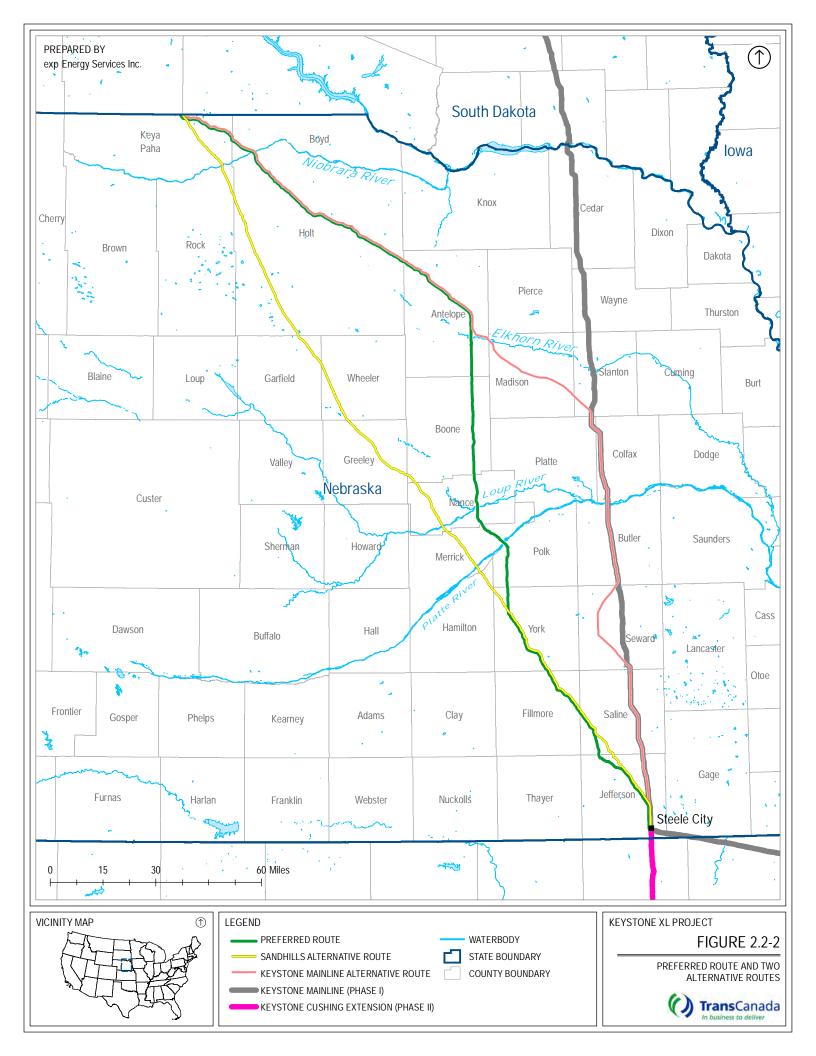
Owner/Owner Representative Name



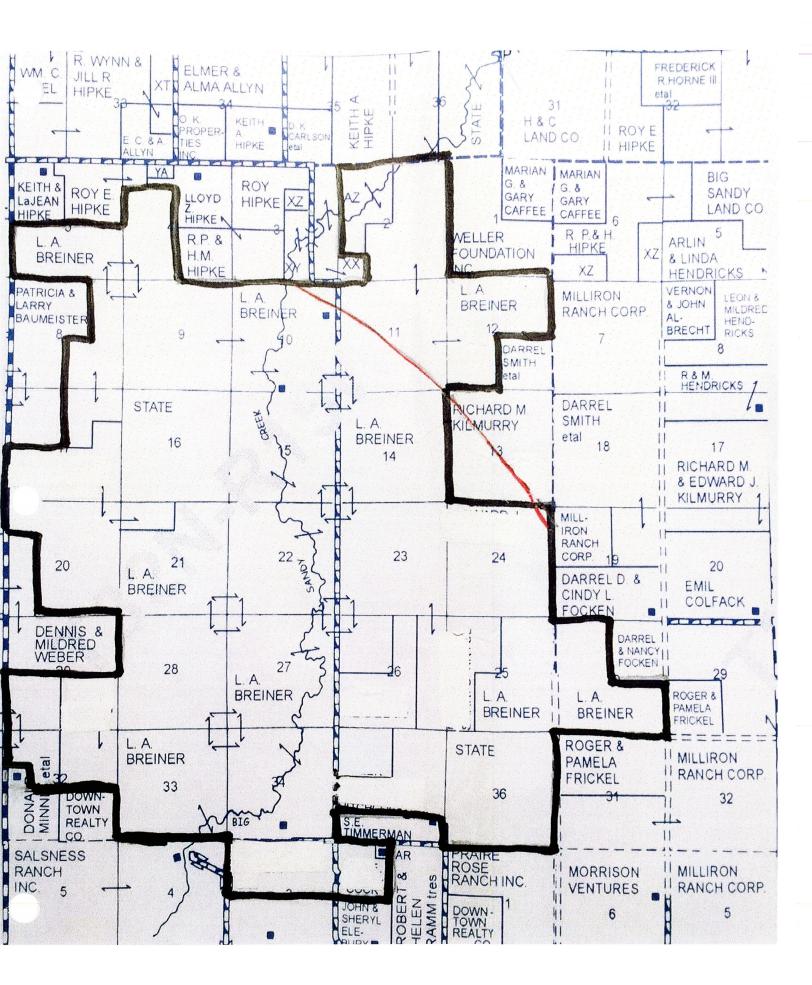


KXL002000

Attachment No. 7



Attachment No. 8



## Attachment 8.1

Sandra Breiner 47224 889<sup>th</sup> RD Stuart NE 68780

To Whom It May Concern,

I, Sandra Breiner met with Diana Steskal on Sunday, March 19<sup>th</sup>, 2017 at our resident of 47224 899<sup>th</sup> RD, Stuart NE 68780. I took her on a tour of our property, which lies in the proposed preferred route of the Keystone XL pipeline route. Diana took photos of the blow outs and the sandy soil on the property, we visited about the concerns of land reclamation.

Dated this the 20 day March\_ 2017

and Bremes Signature of Affiant

Sworn to subscribed before me, this 20th day March 2017



## Attachment 8.2

Wakek 19, 2017







Walch 19,2017

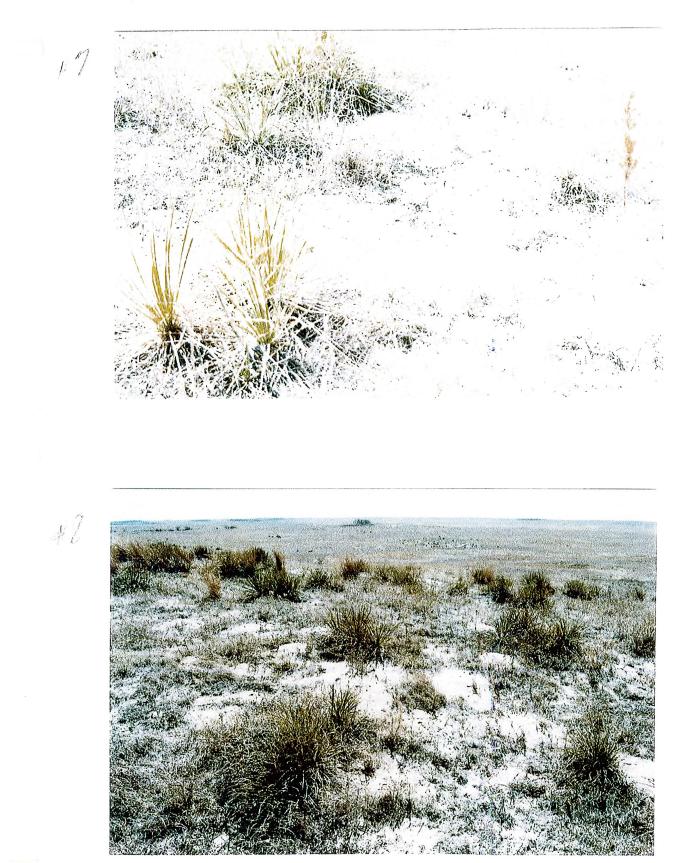




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March 19,2017





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Attachment 8.3

Blow outs are a big problem when ranching in the sandhills. When the ground cover is disturbed, wind keeps making the blowout worse and it takes a lifetime of work to get it healed up again, if you ever do.

Sander & cemer

Breiner Ranch